

Nesterov 1983:
$$\begin{cases} X_{k+1} = y_k - \eta_k \nabla f(y_k) \\ y_{k+1} = X_{k+1} + \frac{t_k - 1}{t_{k+1}} (X_{k+1} - X_k) \end{cases} \quad O\left(\frac{1}{k^2}\right)$$

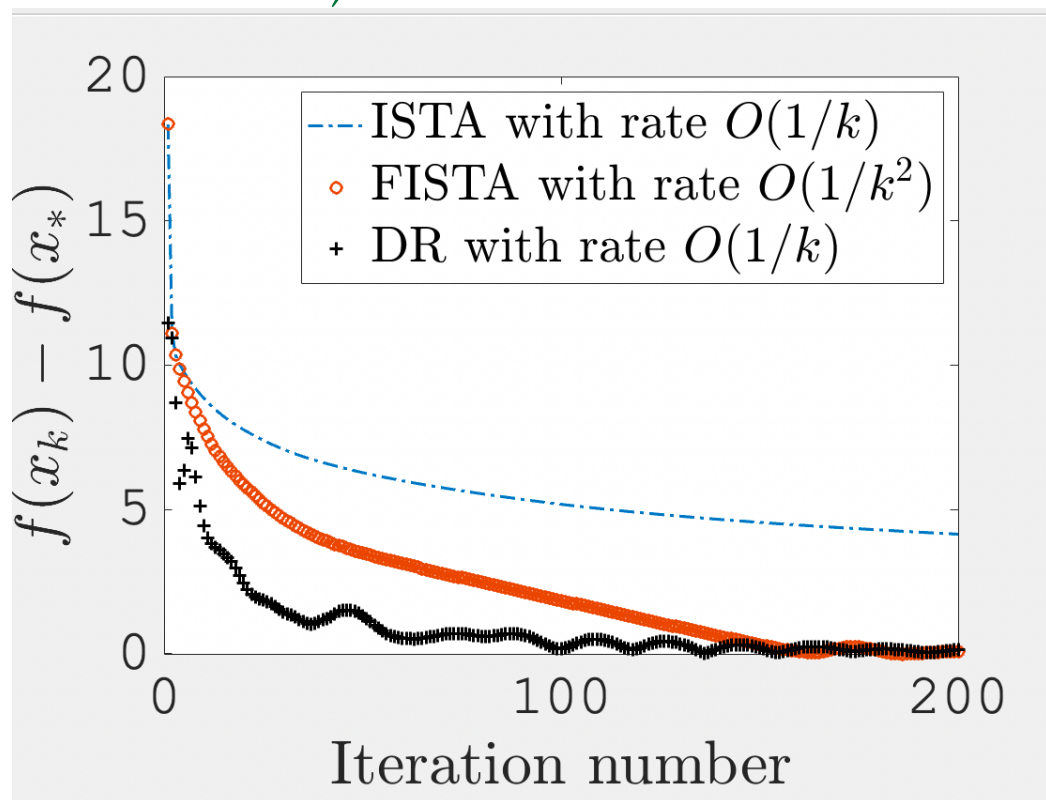
Beck & Teboulle 2009:
$$\min_{x \in \mathbb{R}^n} f(x) + \|x\|_1 \quad \|Ax - b\|_2 + \lambda \|x\|_1$$

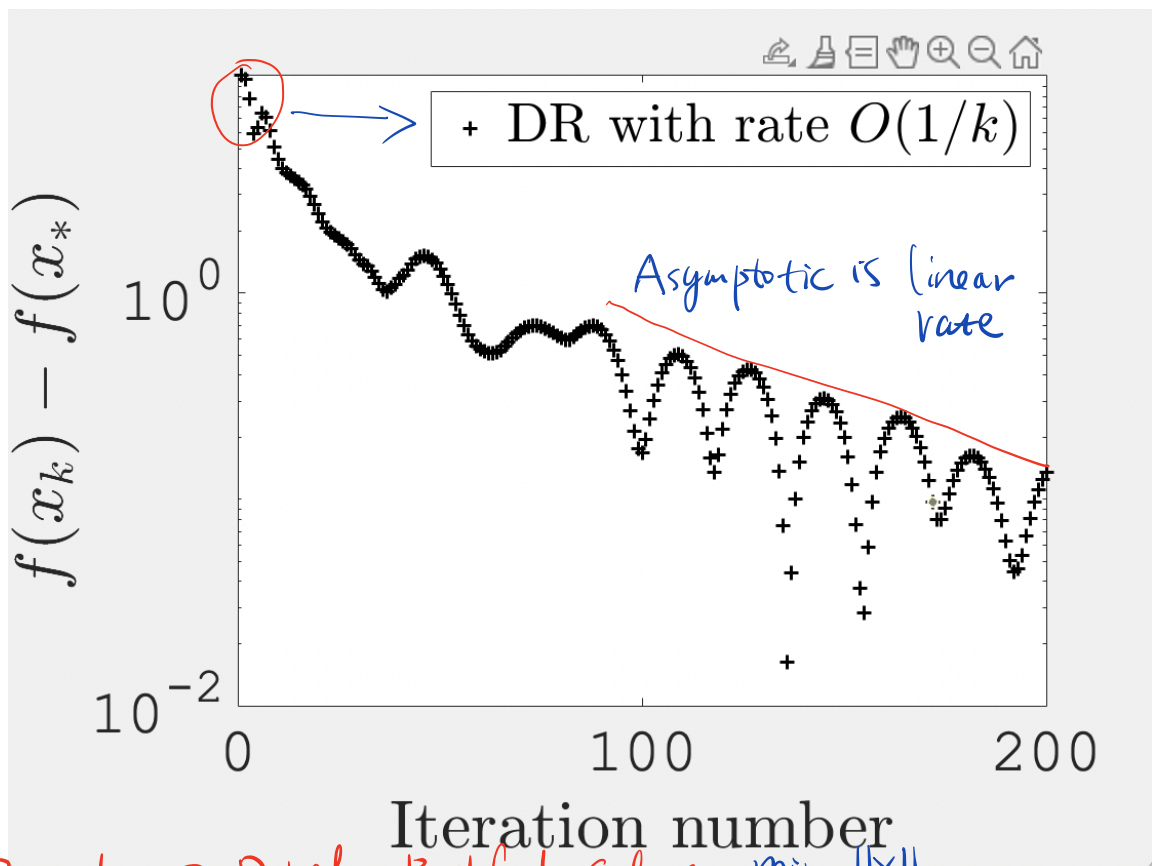
FISTA
$$\begin{cases} X_{k+1} = T_{\frac{1}{L}} \left[y_k - \frac{1}{L} \nabla f(y_k) \right] \\ y_{k+1} = X_{k+1} + \frac{t_k - 1}{t_{k+1}} (X_{k+1} - X_k) \end{cases} \quad O\left(\frac{1}{k^2}\right)$$

$$T_{\frac{1}{L}}(x)_i = \begin{cases} x_i, & \text{if } -\frac{1}{L} \leq x_i \leq \frac{1}{L} \\ x_i - \frac{1}{L}, & \text{if } x_i > \frac{1}{L} \\ x_i + \frac{1}{L}, & \text{if } x_i < -\frac{1}{L} \end{cases}$$

ISTA:
$$X_{k+1} = T_{\frac{1}{L}} \left[X_k - \frac{1}{L} \nabla f(X_k) \right] \quad O\left(\frac{1}{k}\right)$$

$$\min_x \|Ax - b\|^2 + \lambda \|x\|_1$$





Remark: ① Douglas-Rachford solves $\min \|x\|$
 s.t. $Ax = b$

② In each iteration of Douglas-Rachford, one needs to compute $(A^T A)^{-1}$.

$$\min_x f(x)$$

$$\begin{cases} x_{k+1} = y_k - \eta \nabla f(y_k) \\ y_{k+1} = x_{k+1} + \frac{t_{k-1}}{t_{k+1}} (x_{k+1} - x_k) \end{cases}$$

$$f(x_{k+1}) \leq f(y_k) + \langle \nabla f(y_k), x_{k+1} - y_k \rangle + \frac{L}{2} \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2$$

$$f(x_k) \geq f(y_k) + \langle \nabla f(y_k), x_k - y_k \rangle$$

$$f(x_k) - f(x_{k+1}) \geq -\frac{L}{2} \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2 + \langle \nabla f(y_k), x_k - x_{k+1} \rangle$$

$$= -\frac{L}{2} \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2 + \langle \frac{1}{\eta} (y_k - x_{k+1}), x_k - x_{k+1} \rangle$$

$$= -\frac{L}{2} \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2 + \langle \frac{1}{\eta} (y_k - x_{k+1}), x_k - y_k + y_k - x_{k+1} \rangle$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\eta} - \frac{L}{2}\right) \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2 + \frac{1}{\eta} \langle y_k - x_{k+1}, x_k - y_k \rangle$$

$$\eta = \frac{1}{L} \Leftrightarrow \frac{1}{\eta} - \frac{L}{2} = \frac{L}{2}, \quad \frac{1}{\eta} = L$$

$$\textcircled{1} f(x_k) - f(x_{k+1}) \geq \frac{L}{2} \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2 + L \langle y_k - x_{k+1}, x_k - y_k \rangle$$

$$\begin{cases} f(x_{k+1}) \leq f(y_k) + \langle \nabla f(y_k), x_{k+1} - y_k \rangle + \frac{L}{2} \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2 \\ f(x_*) \geq f(y_k) + \langle \nabla f(y_k), x_* - y_k \rangle \end{cases}$$

$$f(x_*) - f(x_{k+1}) \geq -\frac{L}{2} \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2 + \langle \nabla f(y_k), x_* - x_{k+1} \rangle$$

$$= -\frac{L}{2} \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2 + \langle \frac{y_k - x_{k+1}}{\eta}, x_* - y_k + y_k - x_{k+1} \rangle$$

$$\eta = \frac{1}{L}$$

\Rightarrow

$$\textcircled{2} f(x_*) - f(x_{k+1}) \geq \frac{L}{2} \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2 + L \langle y_k - x_{k+1}, x_* - y_k \rangle$$

$$\textcircled{1} f(x_k) - f(x_{k+1}) \geq \frac{L}{2} \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2 + L \langle y_k - x_{k+1}, x_k - y_k \rangle$$

$$R_k = f(x_k) - f(x_*)$$

$$R_k - R_{k+1} = f(x_k) - f(x_{k+1})$$

$$(t_k - 1) \cdot \textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$(t_k - 1) [R_k - R_{k+1}] - R_{k+1} \geq \frac{L}{2} t_k \|y_k - x_{k+1}\|^2 + L \langle y_k - x_{k+1}, (t_k - 1)x_k - t_k y_k - x_* \rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{t_k(t_k - 1)R_k} - t_k^2 R_{k+1} &\geq \frac{L}{2} \|t_k(y_k - x_{k+1})\|^2 \\ &\leq t_{k-1}^2 \quad + L \langle t_k(y_k - x_{k+1}), (t_k - 1)x_k - t_k y_k - x_* \rangle \\ t_k^2 - t_k &\leq t_{k-1}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow t_{k-1}^2 R_k - t_k^2 R_{k+1} &\geq \frac{L}{2} \|t_k(y_k - x_{k+1})\|^2 \\ &\quad + L \langle t_k(y_k - x_{k+1}), \underbrace{(t_k - 1)x_k - x_*}_{c} - \underbrace{t_k y_k}_{a} \rangle \\ b &= t_k x_{k+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{RHS} &= \frac{L}{2} \|a - b\|^2 + L \langle a - b, c - a \rangle \\ &= \frac{L}{2} (\|a\|^2 + \|b\|^2 - 2a \cdot b - 2\|a\|^2 + 2a \cdot b + 2a \cdot c - 2b \cdot c) \\ &= \frac{L}{2} (\|b\|^2 - 2b \cdot c + \|c\|^2 - \|c\|^2 + 2a \cdot c - \|a\|^2) \\ &= \frac{L}{2} (\|b - c\|^2 - \|a - c\|^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow t_{k-1}^2 R_k - t_k^2 R_{k+1} \geq \frac{L}{2} (\|u_{k+1}\|^2 - \|u_k\|^2)$$

$$u_{k+1} = b - c = t_k x_{k+1} - [(t_k - 1)x_k + x_*]$$

$$\Rightarrow t_{k-1}^2 R_k + \frac{L}{2} \|u_k\|^2 \geq t_k^2 R_{k+1} + \frac{L}{2} \|u_{k+1}\|^2$$

$$\Rightarrow t_k^2 R_{k+1} + \frac{L}{2} \|u_{k+1}\|^2 \leq t_0^2 R_1 + \frac{L}{2} \|u_1\|^2$$

$$\Rightarrow t_k^2 R_{k+1} \leq t_0^2 R_1 + \frac{L}{2} \|u_1\|^2$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{k+1} \leq \frac{1}{t_k^2} \left[t_0^2 R_1 + \frac{L}{2} \|u_1\|^2 \right]$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} t_k^2 - t_k \leq t_{k-1} \\ t_0 = 1 \end{array} \right) \Rightarrow t_k \geq \frac{k+1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{k+1} \leq \frac{4}{(k+1)^2} \left[t_0^2 R_1 + \frac{L}{2} \|u_1\|^2 \right]$$