

## TABLE OF FORMULAS

### 1. CIRCLE

$$(x - h)^2 + (y - k)^2 = r^2$$

### 2. PARABOLA

$$y - k = a(x - h)^2$$

The graph of the function

$$y = f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c \quad (a \neq 0)$$

is a parabola with vertex at  $\left(-\frac{b}{2a}, c - \frac{b^2}{4a}\right)$ .

3. **COMPOUND INTEREST FORMULA.** A principal  $P$ , earning interest compounded  $k$  times a year for  $n$  years at an annual rate  $r$ , will grow to the future value  $FV$  according to the formula

$$FV = P(1 + i)^{kn}$$

where  $i = \frac{r}{k}$  is the periodic interest rate.

4. **EFFECTIVE RATE OF INTEREST.** The effective rate of interest  $R$  for an account paying a nominal rate  $r$ , compounded  $k$  times per year, is

$$R = (1 + i)^k - 1$$

where  $i$  is the periodic rate,  $i = \frac{r}{k}$ .

5. **PRESENT VALUE.** The present value  $PV$  that must be deposited now to provide a future value,  $FV$ ,  $n$  years from now is given by the formula

$$PV = FV(1 + i)^{-kn}$$

where interest is compounded  $k$  times per year at an annual rate  $r$  ( $i$  is the periodic rate,  $\frac{r}{k}$ ).

6. **FUTURE VALUE OF AN ANNUITY.** The future value  $FV$  of an ordinary annuity with deposits of  $P$  dollars made regularly  $k$  times each year for  $n$  years, with interest compounded  $k$  times per year at an annual rate  $r$ , is

$$FV = \frac{P[(1+i)^{kn} - 1]}{i}$$

where  $i$  is the periodic rate,  $i = \frac{r}{k}$ .

7. **SINKING FUND PAYMENT.** For an annuity to provide a future value  $FV$ , regular deposits  $P$  are made  $k$  times per year for  $n$  years, with interest compounded  $k$  times per year at an annual rate  $r$ . The payment  $P$  is given by

$$P = \frac{FVi}{(1+i)^{kn} - 1}$$

where  $i$  is the periodic rate,  $i = \frac{r}{k}$ .

8. **PRESENT VALUE OF AN ANNUITY.** The present value  $PV$  of an annuity with payments of  $P$  dollars made  $k$  times per year for  $n$  years, with interest compounded  $k$  times per year at an annual rate  $r$ , is

$$PV = \frac{P[1 - (1+i)^{-kn}]}{i}$$

where  $i$  is the periodic rate,  $i = \frac{r}{k}$ .

9. **INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS.** The periodic payment  $P$  required to repay an amount  $A$  is given by

$$P = \frac{Ai}{1 - (1+i)^{-kn}}$$

where

$r$  is the annual rate,

$k$  is the frequency of compounding (usually monthly),

$i$  is the periodic rate,  $i = \frac{r}{k}$ , and

$n$  is the term of the loan in years.