MA162 — EXAM II — FALL 2016 — OCTOBER 20, 2016 TEST NUMBER 01

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. Do not open the exam booklet until you are instructed to do so.
- 2. Before you open the booklet fill in the information below and use a # 2 pencil to fill in the required information on the scantron.
- 3. MARK YOUR TEST NUMBER ON YOUR SCANTRON
- 4. Once you are allowed to open the exam, make sure you have a complete test. There are 7 different test pages (including this cover page).
- 5. Do any necessary work for each problem on the space provided or on the back of the pages of this test booklet. Circle your answers on this test booklet.
- 6. Each problem is worth 8 points. Everyone gets 4 points. The maximum possible score is 100 points. No partial credit.
- 7. Do not leave the exam room during the first 20 minutes of the exam.
- 8. If you do not finish your exam in the first 50 minutes, you must wait until the end of the exam period to leave the room.
- 9. After you have finished the exam, hand in your scantron and your test booklet to your recitation instructor.

DON'T BE A CHEATER:

- 1. Do not give, seek or obtain any kind of help from anyone to answer questions on this exam. If you have questions, consult only your instructor.
- 2. Do not look at the exam or scantron of another student.
- 3. Do not allow other students to look at your exam or your scantron.
- 4. You may not compare answers with anyone else or consult another student until after you have finished your exam, handed it in to your instructor and left the room.
- 5. Do not consult notes or books.
- 6. **Do not handle** phones or cameras, calculators or any electronic device until after you have finished your exam, handed it in to your instructor and left the room.
- 7. After time is called, the students have to put down all writing instruments and remain in their seats, while the TAs collect the scantrons and the exams.
- 8. Anyone who violates these instructions will have committed an act of academic dishonesty. Penalties for academic dishonesty include an F in the course. All cases of academic dishonesty will be reported to the Office of the Dean of Students.

I have read and understand the above statements regarding academic dishonesty:

STUDENT NAME:
STUDENT SIGNATURE:
STUDENT ID NUMBER:
SECTION NUMBER AND RECITATION INSTRUCTOR:

1. Compute
$$\int_0^3 \frac{dx}{(x^2+9)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$$
.

- A. $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{6}$
- B. $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{9}$
- C. $\sqrt{2}$
- D. $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{27}$
- E. $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{18}$

2. Compute
$$\int_{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}^{1} \frac{dx}{\sqrt{4x^2 - 1}}$$
.

- A. $\frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{2}}{1 + \sqrt{3}} \right)$ B. $\frac{1}{3} \ln \left(\frac{1 + \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{2}} \right)$
- $C. \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{2}} \right)$
- D. $\frac{1}{3}\ln\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{2}}\right)$
- E. $\frac{1}{4} \ln \left(\frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{2}} \right)$

- 3. Compute $\int_1^2 \frac{dx}{x(x^2+1)}$
 - $A. \ \frac{1}{3}\ln(\frac{1}{3})$
 - B. $\frac{1}{2}\ln(\frac{8}{5})$
 - $C. \frac{3}{4} \ln(\frac{2}{3})$
 - D. $\frac{1}{4}\ln(\frac{5}{8})$
 - E. $\frac{2}{3}\ln(\frac{6}{5})$

- 4. Compute $\int_2^3 \frac{dx}{x^2 + x 2}$
 - A. $\ln 2 + \ln 3$
 - B. $\frac{2}{3} \ln 2 \frac{1}{3} \ln 5$
 - C. $2 \ln 2 \frac{1}{3} \ln 5$
 - D. $\frac{1}{3} \ln 2 \frac{1}{3} \ln 5$
 - E. $\ln 2 \frac{1}{3} \ln 5$

- 5. Compute the indefinite integral $\int_{e}^{\infty} \frac{1}{x(\ln x)^3} dx$
 - A. $\frac{1}{2}$
 - B. 2
 - C. $\frac{3}{4}$ D. $\frac{2}{3}$ E. $\frac{1}{5}$

6. Which of the following indefinite integrals converge?

$$I. \int_0^1 \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}}, \quad II. \int_0^2 \frac{dx}{x-1} \quad III. \int_{10}^\infty \frac{dx}{x^2+1}$$

- A. I, II and III
- B. only I
- C. only II
- D. only II and III
- E. only I and III

- 7. Find the length of curve y = f(x) from x = 0 to $x = \pi/3$ if $f'(x) = \sqrt{\sec^4 x 1}$.
 - A. 2
 - B. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
 - C. 4
 - D. $\sqrt{3}$
 - E. $\sqrt{2}$

- 8. The area of the surface obtained by revolving the curve $y = 4\sqrt{x}$ from (0,0) to (1,4) about the x-axis is equal to:
 - A. $\frac{16\pi}{3}(5\sqrt{5}-4)$
 - B. $\frac{16\pi}{3}(5\sqrt{5}-8)$
 - C. $8\pi(5\sqrt{5}-2)$
 - D. $\frac{8\pi}{3}(5\sqrt{5}-4)$
 - E. $\frac{4\pi}{3}(5\sqrt{5}-1)$

- **9.** Find the centroid of region bounded by y = x and $y = x^2$.
 - A. (1/2, 2/5)
 - B. (2/3, 2)
 - C. (1/2, 5/3)
 - D. (2, 3/2)
 - E. (3/2, 5/3)

- **10.** Evaluate $\lim_{n \to \infty} (\frac{2n^3 + 3n^2 2}{n^2} 2n)$:
 - A. 2
 - B. 0
 - C. ∞
 - D. the limit does not exist
 - E. 3

11.
$$\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{2+3^k}{4^k} =$$

- A. ∞
- B. $\frac{20}{3}$
- C. 4
- D. $\frac{8}{3}$
- E. $\frac{14}{3}$

12.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n(n+2)} =$$
A. $\frac{4}{3}$

- B. ∞
- C. $\frac{3}{2}$
- D. 1
- E. 3