

NAME _____

STUDENT ID _____

RECITATION INSTRUCTOR _____

RECITATION TIME _____

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DIRECTIONS

- Write your name, student ID number, recitation instructor's name and recitation time in the space provided above. Also write your name at the top of pages 2, 3, and 4 .
- The test has four (4) pages, including this one.
- Write your answers in the boxes provided.
- You must show sufficient work to justify all answers. Correct answers with inconsistent work may not be given credit.
- Credit for each problem is given in parentheses in the left hand margin.
- No books, notes or calculators may be used on this test.

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- (10) 1. Let \vec{a} , \vec{b} , \vec{c} be three-dimensional vectors. For each statement below, circle T if the statement is always true, or F if it is not always true.

(i) $\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \vec{b} \times \vec{a}$ T F

(ii) $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = \vec{b} \cdot \vec{a}$ T F

(iii) $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \times \vec{c}$ is a real number T F

(iv) $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{c}$ is a vector T F

(v) If $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} = \vec{c} \cdot \vec{b}$, then $\vec{a} = \vec{c}$ T F

- (7) 2. Find a unit vector that is perpendicular to both $\vec{i} + \vec{j}$ and $\vec{j} - \vec{k}$.

(10) 3. Find the area of the triangle PQR with vertices at $P(1, 0, -1)$, $Q(1, 2, 1)$, and $R(0, 1, 1)$.

(8) 4. If $\vec{a} = 2\vec{i} - 3\vec{j} + \vec{k}$ and $\vec{b} = \vec{i} - \vec{j}$, find the vector projection of \vec{b} onto \vec{a} , $\text{proj}_{\vec{a}}\vec{b}$.

(5) 5. Find the value of $x \neq 0$ such that the vectors $\langle -3x, 2x \rangle$ and $\langle 4, x \rangle$ are orthogonal.

(8) 6. Find an equation of the sphere that passes through the origin and whose center is $(1, 2, 3)$

- (10) 7. Find the value of the positive number c such that the area of the region enclosed by the curves $y = x^4 - c^4$ and $y = c^4 - x^4$ is equal to $\frac{16}{5}$.

- (8) 8. Set up an integral for the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by the curves $y = x^2$ and $y = 4$ about the line $y = 4$. Do not evaluate the integral.

$V =$

- (8) 9. The base of the solid S is the region bounded by the curves $y = x^2$ and $y = 1$, and cross-sections perpendicular to the y -axis are squares. Find the volume of S .

- (10) 10. The region bounded by the curves $y = \frac{e^x - 1}{x}$, $x = 1$, $x = 2$, and $y = 0$ is rotated about the y -axis. Find the volume of the solid thus obtained.

- (8) 11. If the work required to stretch a spring 1 ft beyond its natural length is 12 ft-lb, how much work is needed to stretch it 9 in beyond its natural length?

- (8) 12. Evaluate the integral $\int x^2 \ln x \, dx$.