

MATHEMATICS 182 FINAL EXAM

- 1) Given the points $P_1 = (1, 1, 1)$, $P_2 = (2, 3, 1)$, and $P_3 = (2, -1, 2)$ find
 - a) The equation of the line through P_1 and P_2 ,
 - b) The equation of the plane through P_1, P_2 , and P_3 .
 - c) The intersection point of the line of part a) with the $y - z$ plane.

- 2) a) If z is defined as a function of x and y by the equation $xz + yz^3 - 2xy = 0$ find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ at $(1, 1, 1)$.
 b) If $z = \ln(w)$ and $w = (\sqrt{v+3})(\tan^{-1} u)$ find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial v}$ and the $\frac{\partial z}{\partial r}$ when $u = 1$ and $v = -2$.

- 3) a) Show that the vector field $\vec{F} = (z^2 + \cos y)i + (-x \sin y)j + \left(2xz + \cos \frac{\pi z}{2}\right)k$ is conservative.
 b) Find f such that $\vec{F} = \nabla f$.
 c) What is $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{R}$ if C is the curve $x = \cos t$ $y = \frac{t}{\pi}$ $z = \sin t$, $0 \leq t \leq 4\pi$?

- 4) If a curve is parametrized by $x = \cos t$ $y = \sin t$ $z = 4t$, $-\infty < t < \infty$, find
 - a) The unit tangent vector, \vec{T} , as a function of t ,
 - b) $\frac{ds}{dt}$ as a function of t ,
 - c) $K = \left| \frac{d\vec{T}}{ds} \right|$ as a function of t .
 - d) \vec{N} as a function of t .
 - e) \vec{B} as a function of t .

- 5) If $f(x, y, z) = x^2y + xye^z$ find
 - a) ∇f at $(1, 2, 0)$,
 - b) the direction in which f changes most rapidly at $(1, 2, 0)$,
 - c) the tangent plane and normal line to $x^2y + xye^z = 4$ at $(1, 2, 0)$.

- 6) a) Find all critical points of $9x^3 + \frac{y^3}{3} - 4xy$.
 b) Which of the critical points are maxima, minima, saddle points.
- 7) If $f(x, y) = y \sin x$ find
 a) the values of f_{xx}, f_{xy}, f_{yy} at $(0, 0)$
 b) the quadratic approximation of f .
- 8) a) Parametrize the part of the spherical surface $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$ over the cone $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$.
 b) What is the surface area of the surface of a)
- 9) Set up but do not evaluate integrals for the following:
 a) The area inside the cardioid $r = 2(1 + \sin \theta)$ and outside the circle $r = 1$,
 b) The mass of the tetrahedron with corners $(0, 0, 0)$, $(1, 0, 0)$, $(0, 2, 0)$, $(0, 0, 2)$ if the density $\delta = xy$.
 c) The volume between the cylinders $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ inside the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$.
- 10) a) Use Stoke's theorem to evaluate $\int_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{N} d\sigma$ if $\vec{F} = 2zi + 3xj + 5yk$ and S is the part of the paraboloid $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$ above the $x - y$ plane.
 b) Use Green's Theorem to find the area inside the ellipse

$$\frac{x^2}{9} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1.$$