1) Which choice is a graph of the line with equation, 2x - 3y = 12?



2) Find this limit, if possible. $\sqrt{r} = 4$

$$\lim_{x \to 16} \frac{\sqrt{x-4}}{x-16}$$

А.	∞

- $B. \quad \frac{1}{8}$
- *C*. 0
- D. 8

E. The limit does not exist.

3) Find this limit: $\lim_{x \to 2} \left(\frac{3x^2 - 8x + 4}{x^2 - 4} \right)$

- *A*. 0
- *B*. ∞ *C*. 3
- D. 1
- *E*. -1

4) Find this limit, if possible.
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(\frac{2x^2 - 7x^4}{9x^4 + 5x^2 - 6} \right)$$

A. $\frac{7}{9}$
B. $-\frac{7}{9}$
C. $\frac{2}{9}$
D. ∞
E. Limit does not exist.

5) Find the <u>average rate of change</u> of the function $f(x) = 3x^2 - 2x - 1$ on the interval [-2,1].

А.	-15
В.	15
С.	5
D.	-5
Ε.	-14

6) Find the equation in slope-intercept form of the line tangent to the graph of $f(x) = 2x^2 - \sqrt{x} + 2$ at the point (1, 3)

A.
$$y = \frac{11}{2}x - \frac{5}{2}$$

B. $y = \frac{7}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}$
C. $y = \frac{11}{2}x - \frac{31}{2}$
D. $y = \frac{7}{2}x$
E. $y = \frac{7}{2}x + 3$

7) Find the derivative of this function. $f(x) = 5x^2 + 12\sqrt[3]{x} - \frac{3}{x^4}$

A.
$$f'(x) = 10x - \frac{4}{x^{5/3}} + \frac{12}{x^5}$$

B. $f'(x) = 10x - \frac{4}{x^{5/3}} - \frac{3}{4x^3}$
C. $f'(x) = 10x + \frac{4}{x^{2/3}} + \frac{12}{x^5}$
D. $f'(x) = 10x + \frac{4}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{3}{4x^3}$
E. $f'(x) = 10x + \frac{4}{x^{2/3}} - \frac{12}{x^5}$

8) The profit from the sale of x hamburgers is given by the profit function below.

$$P(x) = 2.44x - \frac{1}{20000}x^2 - 5000 \text{ for } 0 \le x \le 50000$$

Approximate the profit (or loss) from the sale of the 20001^{st} hamburger by finding the marginal profit when *x* is 20000.

- *A.* Profit: \$1.44 / hamburger
- B. Profit: \$2.38/hamburger
- C. Profit: \$0.94/hamburger
- D. Profit: \$0.44/hamburger
- *E.* Loss: -\$0.94/hamburger
- 9) Find a point on the graph of $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2$ where the tangent line to the point is horizontal. (Think: What is the slope of a horizontal line?)

Α.	(1,4)
В.	(-2,4)
С.	(0,1)
D.	(2,20)
Ε.	(-2,0)

10) At time 0, a diver jumps from a diving board that is 32 feet high. Because the diver's initial velocity is 16 feet per second, his height above the water is given by the function, $h(t) = -16t^2 + 16t + 32$. In 2 seconds, the diver hits the water. What is his velocity at the time he hits the water?

А.	-32 ft./sec.
В.	-36 ft./sec.
С.	-42 ft./sec.
D.	-48 ft./sec.
Ε.	-54 ft./sec.

11) Find the derivative of the function, $y = f(x) = (2x^3 - x + 1)(3x - 5)$.

A.
$$y' = 24x^3 - 30x^2 - 6x + 8$$

B. $y' = 24x^3 - 30x^2 - 3x + 3$
C. $y' = -12x^3 - 30x^2 - 6x + 8$
D. $y' = 6x^3 - 12x^2 - 6x + 8$
E. $y' = -12x^3 + 30x^2 - 2$

12) If
$$g(x) = \frac{1-4x}{2x+3}$$
, find the value of the derivative at the point $(1, -\frac{3}{5})$.

Α.	$-\frac{26}{25}$
В.	$\frac{14}{25}$
С.	$\frac{26}{25}$
D.	$-\frac{14}{25}$
Ε.	$-\frac{18}{25}$

13) Find the slope of the tangent line to $f(x) = (x^3 - 4)(x^2 - x + 2)$ at the point (2, 16).

 $\begin{array}{ll} A. & m = -60 \\ B. & m = 60 \\ C. & m = 36 \\ D. & m = -36 \\ E. & m = 48 \end{array}$

14) Find the value of the derivative of
$$y = 2x^2 \left(2x + \sqrt{x} - \frac{3}{x}\right)$$
 at the point (1,0).

- A. 22B. 0
 - . 0
- *C*. 11
- *D*. 2
- *E*. 6
- 15) A company that manufactures bicycles has determined that a new employee can assemble N(d) bicycles per day after *d* days of on-the-job training, where $N(d) = \frac{100d^2}{3d^2 + 10}$. Find and interpret N'(5).
 - A. The new employee is assembling 11.7 additional bicycles per day after 5 days of training.
 - B. The new employee is assembling 2.8 additional bicycles per day after 5 days of training.
 - C. The new employee is assembling 23.5 additional bicycles per day after 5 days of training.
 - D. The new employee is assembling 10.7 additional bicycles per day after 5 days of training.
 - *E.* The new employee is assembling 1.4 additional bicycles per day after 5 days of training.