

Ma 26b

Recitation 2:30

3:30

TA Xi

1. Find  $z_x$  if  $yz = \log(x+z)$

Solution:  $y \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{x+z} \left( 1 + \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} \right)$

$$\left( y - \frac{1}{x+z} \right) \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{x+z}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{x+z} \cdot \frac{x+z}{(x+z)y-1}$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{(x+z)y-1}$$

2. Use implicit differentiation to find

a)  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$

b)  $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$

about  $xyz = x+2y+3z$

Solution a)  $\frac{\partial}{\partial x}(xyz) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(x+2y+3z)$

$$yz + xy \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 1 + 3 \frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$$

$$(xy-3) \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = 1-yz$$

$$\frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{1-yz}{xy-3}$$

b)  $\frac{\partial}{\partial y}(xyz) = \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(x+2y+3z)$

$$xz + xy \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 2 + 3 \frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$$

$$(xy-3) \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = 2-xz \Rightarrow \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = \frac{2-xz}{xy-3}$$