## Critical points of logarithmic derivatives

Let $f$ be a real poynomial. It is conjecturesd that the number of real zeros of $\left(f^{\prime} / f\right)^{\prime}$, does not exceed the number of non-real zeros of $f$.

Craven, Csordas and Smith [1] attribute this question to Gauss. It is easy to show that the statement is true when the number of non-real zeros of $f$ is 0 or 2 . But nothing seems to be known beyond this.
T. Craven, G. Csordas and W. Smith, The zeros of derivatives of entire functions and the Pőlya-Wiman conjecture. Ann. of Math. 125 (1987) 405-431.

