

# Problems of potential theory arising in the value distribution theory of meromorphic functions

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**1.** Let  $\mu$  be a positive measure in the plane, satisfying

$$\mu(\{z : |z| \leq r\}) \leq cr^\alpha, r \geq 0,$$

where  $0 < \alpha < 1/2$  and  $c > 0$  are some constants. Is it possible that the subharmonic function

$$u(z) = \int \log \left| 1 - \frac{z}{\zeta} \right| d\mu_\zeta$$

is locally constant on an open set  $D$  which intersects every circle  $|z| = r$ ?

Positive or negative solution of this problem will imply a solution of the old question of W. H. J. Fuchs: is it true that  $\delta(0, f'/f) = 0$  for every entire function  $f$  of order less than  $1/2$ ?

**2.** Let  $u_k$  be a sequence of subharmonic functions in the unit square  $\{x + iy : |x| < 1, |y| < 1\}$ , and suppose that  $u_k(x, y) \rightarrow x$  uniformly. Consider the level set  $D_k = \{z : u_k(z) < 0\}$ . This set has a “large connected component”,  $D_k^*$ , the one that contains  $-1/2$ . Is it possible that  $D_k \setminus D_k^*$  intersects every horizontal segment  $[-1 + it, 1 + it]$  for  $-1 < t < 1$ ?

Positive or negative solution will imply a solution of an old problem of Edrei and Fuchs: can an entire function with large sum of deficiencies have infinite number of deficient values?

**3.** Let  $u$  be a subharmonic function in the ring  $1 < |z| < 2$ . Let  $D_k, 1 \leq k < \infty$ , be disjoint open sets, each of them is a union of components of the level set  $\{z : u(z) < 0\}$ . Suppose that for every  $r \in (1, 2)$  and every  $k$  we have

$$\int_{\theta: re^{i\theta} \in D_k} u(re^{i\theta}) d\theta \leq -\delta_k.$$

What can be said about the rate of decrease of the sequence  $\delta_k$ ?

Some known results. Eremenko constructed an example with  $\delta_k > c^k$  with some  $c \in (0, 1)$  thus disproving a conjecture of Arakelyan. In the opposite direction, Lewis and Wu proved that

$$\sum_k \delta_k^\alpha < \infty$$

with some universal constant  $\alpha < 1/3$ . It is desirable to close the gap between these results.

## References

- [1] A. Eremenko, A counterexample to the Arakelyan conjecture. Bull. Amer. Math. Soc. 1992, vol. 27, N 1, p. 159-164.
- [2] J. Lewis and J-M. Wu, On conjectures of Arakelyan and Littlewood, J. d'Analyse, 50 (1988).