

Name _____

1. a) Give the definition of the triple integral of a function $f(x, y, z)$ over a bounded region of space.

OR

b) Evaluate $\int_1^3 \int_1^3 \int_1^3 \frac{1}{xyz} dx dy dz$.

2. a) Find the average height of the hemisphere $z = \sqrt{a^2 - x^2 - y^2}$ over the disk $x^2 + y^2 \leq a$.

OR

- b) The average value of function $f(x, y)$ equals $3\pi r$ over a disk D of radius r in the plane. What is the value of $\iint_D f(x, y) dA$?

3. The area of a region $R = \int_0^1 \int_{1-x}^{1-x^2} dy dx$. Sketch R and set up the integral of the area of R with the order of integration reversed.

4. Set up the triple integrals for the volume of the sphere of radius 5 and center at the origin using
- a) rectangular coordinates
 - b) cylindrical coordinates
 - c) spherical coordinates
 - d) By the way, what is the volume of that sphere? (You do not have to integrate if you already know the answer).

5. a) Solve the system of equations

$u = 3x + 2y$, $v = x + 4y$ for x and y in terms of u and v . Then find the Jacobian $\partial(x, y)/\partial(u, v)$.

b) Let ABC be a triangle in the xy plane where $A = (0, 0)$, $B = (1, 0)$, $C = (0, 1)$. Let $T: (xy\text{-plane}) \rightarrow (uv\text{-plane})$ be the transformation T given by $(x, y) = (3x + 2y, x + 4y)$. What is the image of the triangle under T in the uv plane?

6. Consider the L shaped region of width 1 in.

a) Find its centroid $(\bar{x}, \bar{y})$.

OR

b) Find its center of mass $\vec{c}$ when the L has constant density by using Pappus's formula $\vec{c} = \frac{1}{m_1 + m_2} (\vec{c}_1 + \vec{c}_2)$ where $\vec{c}_1$ is the center of mass of a body of mass m_1 and $\vec{c}_2$ is the center of mass of a body of mass m_2 which does not overlap with body 1. (You are not forced to integrate in this problem.)