

MA 35100

HW # 3 - due Monday, September 16

1. Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & -4 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

(a) Does the vector $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 8 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$ belong to the span of the columns of A ?

If so, write out the vector \mathbf{b} as an explicit linear combination of columns of A .

(b) Does the vector $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 8 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$ belong to the span of the columns of A ?

If so, write out the vector \mathbf{b} as an explicit linear combination of columns of A .

(c) What condition on the constants a, b, c guarantees that the vector $\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix}$ will belong to the span of the columns of A ?

Remark: Test your answer here with what you obtained in parts (a) and (b) above.

Your answer in part (c) tells you precisely which vectors $\begin{bmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{bmatrix}$ belong to the span of the columns of A and those that do not.

(d) Does the vector $\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ belong to the span of the *rows* of A ?

2. Which sets are **linearly independent** and which are **linearly dependent** ?

(a) $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ (b) $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

(c) $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$ (d) $S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$

(e) $S = \left\{ (1+x)^2, (1+x^2), (1-2x+x^2) \right\}$ (f) $S = \left\{ \sin^2 x, 2, 3 \cos^2 x \right\}$.

3. Page 108: **T/F Question**: # 2.2(a)(b)(c).

4. If $\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{w} \in \text{Span} \left\{ \mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \dots, \mathbf{v}_k \right\}$, show that $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{w} \in \text{Span} \left\{ \mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \dots, \mathbf{v}_k \right\}$.