

Section 11.6 - Module 11 Formula Sheet

Probability that (x) survives t years under multiple decrements = ${}_t p_x^{(\tau)}$.

n decrements with force of decrement $\mu_x^{(i)}(t)$, $i=1, \dots, n$.

Total force of decrement $\mu_x^{(\tau)}(t) = \mu_x^{(1)}(t) + \dots + \mu_x^{(n)}(t)$

Probability of surviving all decrements through time t:

$${}_t p_x^{(\tau)} = e^{-\int_0^t \mu_x^{(\tau)}(u) du} = e^{-\int_0^t [\mu_x^{(1)}(u) + \dots + \mu_x^{(n)}(u)] du}$$

Probability of surviving decrement *i* if it is the only decrement acting

$${}_t p_x^{(i)} = e^{-\int_0^t \mu_x^{(i)}(u) du}$$

$${}_t p_x^{(\tau)} = {}_t p_x^{(1)} \cdot {}_t p_x^{(2)} \dots {}_t p_x^{(n)}$$

Density function for decrement *i*: $f(t, i) = {}_t p_x^{(\tau)} \mu_x^{(i)}(t)$

Probability of termination due to decrement *i* by time t: ${}_t q_x^{(i)} = \int_0^t f(u, i) du$

Total probability of termination due to any decrement:

$${}_t q_x^{(\tau)} = {}_t q_x^{(1)} + \dots + {}_t q_x^{(n)} = 1 - {}_t p_x^{(\tau)}$$

Note ${}_t q_x^{(i)} \geq q_x^{(i)}$

$${}_{\infty} q_x^{(i)} = \int_0^{\infty} f(u, i) du = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} {}_t q_x^{(i)}$$

Relating ${}_t q_x^{(1)}$ and ${}_t q_x^{(2)}$ assuming UDD in each associated single decrement:

$$q_x^{(1)} = q_x^{(1)} \left(1 - \frac{q_x^{(2)}}{2} \right) \quad \text{and} \quad q_x^{(2)} = q_x^{(2)} \left(1 - \frac{q_x^{(1)}}{2} \right)$$

$$q_x^{(1)} = q_x^{(1)} \left[1 - \frac{1}{2} (q_x^{(2)} + q_x^{(3)}) + \frac{1}{3} q_x^{(2)} q_x^{(3)} \right], \quad \text{similar for } q_x^{(2)} \text{ and } q_x^{(3)}$$

Relating ${}_t q_x^{(1)}$ and ${}_t q_x^{(j)}$ assuming each decrement *j* and the total decrement are UDD

$${}_t p_x^{(j)} = ({}_t p_x^{(\tau)})^{q_x^{(j)} / q_x^{(\tau)}}$$

Multiple decrement life table notation:

$$l_x^{(\tau)} = l_{x-1}^{(\tau)} p_{x-1}^{(\tau)} \quad d_x^{(j)} = q_x^{(j)} l_x^{(\tau)}$$

Section 12.11 – Module 12 Formula Sheet

Equivalence Principle:

APV of gross premiums = APV of insurance benefits + APV of expenses

Total Reserve

= (APV of future benefits) + (APV of future expenses) – (APV of future premiums)

Expense reserve

= APV of future expenses - APV of future level expense premium

Level expense premium = e = Gross premium – Net Premium

Asset Share Calculation

$${}_{h+1}AS \ p_{x+h}^{(\tau)} = [{}_hAS + G(1 - c_h) - e_h](1 + i) - q_{x+h}^{(1)} b_{h+1} - q_{x+h}^{(2)} ({}_{h+1}CV)$$