## QUIZ 22 SOLUTIONS: LESSON 32 APRIL 13, 2018

Write legibly, clearly indicate the question you are answering, and put a box or circle around your final answer. If you do not clearly indicate the question numbers, I will take off points. Write as much work as you need to demonstrate to me that you understand the concepts involved. If you have any questions, raise your hand and I will come over to you.

## 1. [5 pts] Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find

(a) 
$$2A - 3B$$

 $= \left[ -1(-1) + 0(1) - 1(0) + 0(1) \right] = \left[ -1(-1) + 1(1) + 1(1) \right]$ 

(b) 
$$A^2$$

(c) 
$$BA$$

$$(a) 2A - 3B = 2\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} - 3\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 0 - 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2(-1) & 2(0) \\ 2(1) & 2(1) \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 3(-2) & 3(1) \\ 3(0) & 3(-1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} -6 & 3 \\ 0 & -3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 - (-6) & 0 - 3 \\ 2 - 0 & 2 - (-3) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -3 \\ 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \qquad (C) BA = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 0 - 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{2} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A^{2} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\$$

2. [5 pts] Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find

(a) *AB* 

(b) BA

$$(9) AB = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 6 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0(-1) + 1(1) & 0(0) + 1(-1) & 0(2) + 1(1) \\ -1(-1) + 1(1) & -1(0) + 1(-1) & -1(2) + 1(1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b) 
$$BA = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1(0) + 0(-1) + 2(-1) & -1(1) + 0(1) + 2(2) \\ 1(0) + (-1)(-1) + 1(-1) & 1(1) + (-1)(1) + 1(2) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$