

Math 265 Quiz#2 : 1.5, 1.6

For **Division 7, Section 3**:

For the following linear system

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 & = 3 \\ x_2 + x_3 & = 5 \\ 3x_2 + ax_3 & = 5 \end{cases}$$

1. **4 points.** Give a value for  $a$  such that the linear system has exactly one solution.
2. **4 points.** Give a value for  $a$  such that the linear system has no solution.
2. **2 points.** Does it exist a value for  $a$  such that the system has infinitely many solution?

SOLUTION.

1. **4 points.** The augmented matrix is

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 3 & a & 5 \end{array} \right].$$

It is row equivalent to the following matrix in row echelon form

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & a-3 & -10 \end{array} \right].$$

If  $a \neq 3$ , we can solve  $x_3$ , then  $x_2, x_1$  by Gaussian elimination. In that case, we have a unique solution. Therefore, the answer is value of  $a$  except 3.

2. **4 points.** If  $a = 3$ , then the third equation become

$$0 = -10.$$

Therefore no solution.

2. **2 points.** We have discussed all possibility of  $a$ . No case has infinitely many solution. Therefore, no such a value.

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For **Division 8, Section 2**:  
For the following linear system

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + x_2 - 2x_3 & = 3 \\ x_2 + x_3 & = 5 \\ 3x_2 + ax_3 & = 15 \end{cases}$$

1. **4 points.** Give a value for  $a$  such that the linear system has exactly one solution.
2. **4 points.** Give a value for  $a$  such that the linear system has infinitely many solutions.
3. **2 points.** Does it exist a value for  $a$  such that the system has no solution?

SOLUTION.

1. **4 points.** The augmented matrix is

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 3 & a & 15 \end{array} \right].$$

It is row equivalent to the following matrix in row echelon form

$$\left[ \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & a-3 & 0 \end{array} \right].$$

If  $a \neq 3$ , we can solve  $x_3 = 0$ , then  $x_2, x_1$  by Gaussian elimination. In that case, we have a unique solution. Therefore, the answer is value of  $a$  except 3.

2. **4 points.** If  $a = 3$ , then the third equation becomes

$$0 = 0.$$

So this equation is useless. Then we still can solve this system by Gaussian elimination.

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = 3r - 2 \\ x_2 = 5 - r \\ x_3 = r \\ r \quad \text{arb.} \end{cases}$$

Therefore there is infinitely many solutions.

3. **2 points.** We have discussed all possibility of  $a$ . No case of  $a$  has no solution. Therefore, no such a value.

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