

§12.6, P567, #10

$$u(0, t) = 100^\circ\text{C}, \quad u(L, t) = 0^\circ\text{C}$$

$$u(x, 0) = 100^\circ\text{C}$$

$$u_t = c^2 u_{xx}$$

$$\text{Let } u = \left(0 - 100\right) \frac{x}{L} + 100 + W(x, t) = 100 - \frac{100x}{L} + W(x, t)$$

$$\Rightarrow u(0, t) = 100^\circ\text{C} = 100 + W(0, t) \Rightarrow W(0, t) = 0^\circ\text{C}$$

$$u(L, t) = 0 = W(L, t) \Rightarrow W(L, t) = 0^\circ\text{C}$$

$$100 = u(x, 0) = 100 - \frac{100}{L}x + W(x, 0) \Rightarrow W(x, 0) = \frac{100}{L}x$$

$$W(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} e^{-\left(\frac{cn\pi}{L}\right)^2 t}$$

$$W_t = c^2 W_{xx}$$

$$B_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L \frac{100}{L} x \sin \frac{n\pi x}{L} dx$$

$$u(x, t) = \frac{100}{L}(L-x) + W(x, t)$$