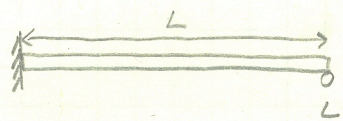


19)



BC's

$$\begin{cases} u(0,t) = 0 \\ u_x(L,t) = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$u_{tt} = c^2 u_{xx} \quad c^2 = \frac{E}{\rho}$$

$$\text{Initial Conditions: } \begin{cases} u(x,0) = f(x) \\ u_t(x,0) = 0 \end{cases}$$

Show that...

$$u = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_n \sin p_n x \cos p_n c t$$

$$\text{where } A_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \sin(p_n x) dx$$

$$p_n = \frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2L}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = c^2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

$$\text{Let } u(x,t) = F(x)G(t)$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial t^2} = F \ddot{G} \quad \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = F'' G$$

$$F \ddot{G} = c^2 F'' G \quad \text{so } \frac{F''}{F} = \frac{\ddot{G}}{c^2 G} = k$$

$$F'' - kF = 0$$

$$\ddot{G} - c^2 k G = 0$$

Now for BC's

$$u(0,t) = 0 = F(0)G(t) \quad F(0) = 0$$

$$u_x(L,t) = 0 = F'(L)G(t) \quad F'(L) = 0$$

$$F(x) = A \cos(px) + B \sin(px)$$

$$F(0) = A = 0$$

$$F'(L) = pB \cos(pL) = 0 \quad pB \neq 0 \text{ so } pL = \cos^{-1}(0) \quad pL = \frac{n\pi}{2} \quad p = \frac{n\pi}{2L}$$

$$F(x) = \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{2L}\right)$$

10/10

Now for $G(t)$ $k = -p^2 = -\left(\frac{n\pi}{2L}\right)^2$ $cp = \lambda_n = \frac{cn\pi}{2L}$

$$\ddot{G} + \lambda_n^2 G = 0$$

$$s^2 + \lambda_n^2 = 0 \quad s = \pm i\lambda_n$$

$$G_n(t) = A_n \cos(\lambda_n t) + B_n \sin(\lambda_n t)$$

$$u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (A_n \cos(\lambda_n t) + B_n \sin(\lambda_n t)) \left(\sin \frac{n\pi x}{2L} \right)$$

For initial conditions

$$u(x,0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2L} = f(x)$$

$$\text{so } A_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \sin \left(\frac{n\pi x}{2L} \right) dx \quad \text{but } p_n = \frac{n\pi}{2L}$$

$$\therefore A_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L f(x) \sin(p_n x) dx \quad \checkmark$$

$$u_t(x,0) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\lambda_n A_n \sin(\lambda_n t) - B_n \cos(\lambda_n t)) \sin \left(\frac{n\pi x}{2L} \right) \Big|_{t=0} = 0$$

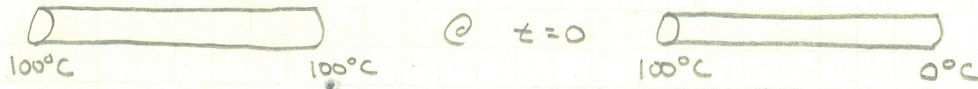
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} -\lambda_n B_n \sin \left(\frac{n\pi x}{2L} \right) = 0 \quad \therefore B_n = 0$$

$$\text{so } u(x,t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos(\lambda_n t) \sin(p_n x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n \cos(cp_n t) \sin(p_n x)$$

Which is zero for $n=2,4,6,\dots$ so $p_n = \frac{(2n+1)\pi}{2L}$ for $n=0,1,2,3$

$$\text{so... } u(x,t) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} A_n \cos(cp_n t) \sin(p_n x)$$

10.)



$$u(x, 0) = 100^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\lambda_n = 0.01752(n\pi)^2 = \frac{c^2 \pi^2 n^2}{L^2}$$

$$u(0, t) = 100^\circ\text{C}$$

$$u(L, t) = 0^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\text{Let } u = (0-100)\frac{x}{L} + 100 + W(x, t) = 100 - \frac{100x}{L} + W(x, t)$$

$$u(0, t) = 100 + W(x, t) = 100^\circ \quad W(0, t) = 0^\circ\text{C}$$

$$u(L, t) = 0 = W(x, t) \quad W(L, t) = 0^\circ\text{C}$$

$$u(x, 0) = 100 = 100 - \frac{100x}{L} + W(x, 0) \quad W(x, 0) = \frac{100}{L}x$$

$$W_t = c^2 W_{xx}$$

$$W(x, t) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} B_n \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) e^{-\left(\frac{cn\pi}{L}\right)^2 t}$$

$$B_n = \frac{2}{L} \int_0^L \frac{100}{L} x \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{L}\right) dx$$

$$B_n = \frac{2}{10} \int_0^{10} 10x \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{10}\right) dx$$

$$u = x \quad v' = \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{10}\right)$$

$$du = dx$$

$$v = -\frac{10}{n\pi} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{10}\right)$$

$$= 2 \left(-\frac{10x}{n\pi} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{10}\right) \Big|_0^{10} + \frac{10}{n\pi} \int_0^{10} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{10}\right) dx \right)$$

$$= 2 \left(-\frac{100}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi) + \frac{100}{n^2 \pi^2} \left(\sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{10}\right) \Big|_0^{10} \right) \right)$$

10/10

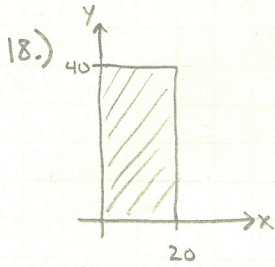
$$B_n = -\frac{200}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi)$$

$$\therefore u(x, t) = 10(10-x) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{200}{n\pi} \cos(n\pi) \right) e^{-0.01752(n\pi)^2 t} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{10}\right)$$

at $x=5$

$$u(5, t) = 50 + \left(\frac{200}{\pi} e^{-0.01752\pi^2 t} - \frac{200}{3\pi} e^{-0.01752 \cdot 9\pi^2 t} + \frac{200}{5\pi} e^{-0.01752 \cdot 25\pi^2 t} + \dots \right)$$

$t =$	1	2	3	10	50
$u(5, t) =$	99%	94%	88%	61%	50%



$$u(x, 40) = 110 \text{ V} \quad u(0, y) = 0$$

$$u(x, 0) = 0 \quad u(20, y) = 0$$

$$u(x, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n^* \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi y}{20}\right)$$

$$A_n^* = \frac{2 \cdot 110}{20 \sinh(2n\pi)} \int_0^{20} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) dx$$

$$= \frac{11}{\sinh(2n\pi)} \frac{20}{n\pi} \left(-\cos\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \right) \Big|_0^{20}$$

$$= \frac{220}{n\pi \sinh(2n\pi)} \left(-\cos(n\pi) + 1 \right)$$

$$u(x, y) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{220}{n\pi \sinh(2n\pi)} (1 - \cos(n\pi)) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{20}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{n\pi y}{20}\right)$$

or

$$u(x, y) = \frac{440}{\pi} \left(\frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{20}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{\pi y}{20}\right)}{\sinh(2\pi)} + \frac{\sin\left(\frac{3\pi x}{20}\right) \sinh\left(\frac{3\pi y}{20}\right)}{3 \sinh(6\pi)} + \dots \right)$$

19/10

7) $f(x,y) = xy$ a and b arbitrary

$$B_{mn} = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^a \int_0^b x \sin\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right) y \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right) dx dy$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{let } u=x \quad v' &= \sin\frac{n\pi y}{b} \\ du &= dx \quad v = -\frac{b}{n\pi} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$B_{mn} = \frac{4}{ab} \left(-\frac{ax}{m\pi} \cos\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right) \Big|_0^a + \frac{a}{m\pi} \int_0^a \cos\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right) dx \right) \int_0^b y \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right) dy$$

$$= \frac{4}{ab} \left(-\frac{a^2}{m\pi} \cos(m\pi) + \left(\frac{a}{m\pi}\right)^2 \sin\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right) \Big|_0^a \right) \int_0^b y \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right) dy$$

$$= -\frac{4a}{bm\pi} \cos(m\pi) \left(-\frac{by}{n\pi} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right) \Big|_0^b + \frac{b}{n\pi} \int_0^b \cos\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right) dy \right)$$

$\text{let } u=y \quad v' = \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right)$
 $du = dy \quad v = -\frac{b}{n\pi} \cos\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right)$

$$= \frac{4ab}{mn\pi^2} \underbrace{\cos(m\pi) \cos(n\pi)}_{\downarrow}$$

$m=1$	$n=1$	1
$m=1$	$n=2$	-1
$m=1$	$n=3$	1

$$\cos(m\pi) \cos(n\pi) = (-1)^{m+n}$$

$$B_{mn} = (-1)^{m+n} \frac{4ab}{mn\pi^2}$$

so

$$u(x,y,0) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{m+n} \left(\frac{4ab}{mn\pi^2} \right) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right)$$

10/10