

Formulas

Let $F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f\}$ and $G(s) = \mathcal{L}\{g\}$, then

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}\{t^n\} &= \frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}, & \mathcal{L}\{e^{at}\} &= \frac{1}{s-a}, \\
 \mathcal{L}\{\sin(bt)\} &= \frac{b}{s^2+b^2}, & \mathcal{L}\{\cos(bt)\} &= \frac{s}{s^2+b^2}, \\
 \mathcal{L}\{e^{at} \sin(bt)\} &= \frac{b}{(s-a)^2+b^2}, & \mathcal{L}\{e^{at} \cos(bt)\} &= \frac{s-a}{(s-a)^2+b^2}, \\
 \mathcal{L}\{f * g\} &= \mathcal{L}\{f\} \mathcal{L}\{g\} = F(s) G(s), & \mathcal{L}\{e^{at} \cos(bt)\} &= \frac{s-a}{(s-a)^2+b^2}, \\
 \mathcal{L}\{u(t-c)f(t-c)\} &= e^{-cs} F(s), & \mathcal{L}\{u(t-c)\} &= \frac{e^{-cs}}{s}, \\
 \mathcal{L}\{\delta(t-c)\} &= e^{-cs}, & \mathcal{L}\{e^{ct} f(t)\} &= F(s-c), \\
 \mathcal{L}\{tf(t)\} &= -F'(s), & \mathcal{L}\{f^{(n)}(t)\} &= s^n F(s) - s^{n-1} f(0) - \cdots - f^{(n-1)}(0),
 \end{aligned}$$

Let $u(r, \theta)$ be the Laplace equation in the polar coordinates

$$u_{rr} + \frac{1}{r} u_r + \frac{1}{r^2} u_{\theta\theta} = 0 \quad \text{in the disk } \Omega = \{(r, \theta) \mid 0 < r < R, -\pi \leq \theta < \pi\},$$

then

$$u(r, \theta) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^n \cos n\theta + b_n \left(\frac{r}{R} \right)^n \sin n\theta \right)$$

with

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(\theta) d\theta, \quad a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(\theta) \cos n\theta d\theta, \quad \text{and} \quad b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(\theta) \sin n\theta d\theta,$$