MA 223 - EXAM 2 INFORMATION

Exam 2 is an evening exam on Wednesday, March 8, at 6:30 p.m. in the Elliott Hall of Music. Your instructor will announce your seating assignment, and the seating assignments can also be found via a link on the course web page. The exam consists of 13 multiple-choice questions, and "None of the above" is <u>not</u> used as a choice. The only formulas provided on the exam are volume and surface area formulas (see separate formula page link). You will have one hour to complete your work. Only the scantron answer sheet will be graded, so be very careful in coding your answer choices.

Late the following Friday (or Monday), your actual score will be loaded into WebCT. Note – this is <u>not</u> your percentage, it is your actual score. Letter grade estimates will be announced in class and will also be available via a link on the course web page.

To request an alternate exam, you must contact the course coordinator (Devi Nichols; MATH 902; <u>dln@math.purdue.edu</u>) as soon as you know you will miss the exam (or have missed the exam). Do <u>not</u> wait to contact the coordinator. If you miss the exam due to serious personal illness or family emergency, you will need to provide documentation. If you miss the exam for another reason, you <u>may</u> be allowed to take an alternate, but it will be with a 30 point penalty.

Your instructor will provide a set of review problems for the exams and other information about the exam. Class on Wednesday, March 8, is an optional review day to compensate for the evening exam.

Last semester was the first time we had a common second exam in this course. The exam was written conservatively and, as a result, was too short and too easy. Further, the topics covered were slightly different, due to exam dates. So, although a copy is available using a link on the course page, be sure to use it for extra practice rather than as a study guide for the exam.

Topics List

I. Finding derivatives

- Using the product rule
- Using the quotient rule
- Using the chain rule both directly and using related functions
- Using implicit differentiation
- When a function is defined in terms of another differentiable function(s)
- Higher order derivatives
- II. Applications of the derivative
 - Finding the slope/equation of a tangent line; finding point(s) where slope of a tangent line has a given value
 - Finding the rate of change of a function
 - Finding a marginal function; its use in estimating actual change
 - Finding velocity and acceleration

- Finding a related rate
- Using differentials to approximate the change in a function
- Finding intervals where a function is increasing/decreasing
- III. Applications not using the derivative
 - Finding the *y*-value of a point
 - Finding the actual change
 - Finding the average cost function