Formula Sheet for the Final Exam

1. Circle:
$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$$

2. Parabola (Quadratic function):
$$y = f(x) = a(x-h)^2 + k$$
 $h = \frac{-b}{2a}$ and $k = f(h)$ or $c - \frac{b^2}{4a}$

3. Distance formula:
$$d = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$$

4. Quadratic formula:
$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

For the following formulas: S is future value, P is present value, r is the annual interest rate, k is the number of compounding periods in a year, t is time in years, A is the amount of money, and R is the amount of payment; with the formula for the periodic interest rate $i = \frac{r}{k}$.

5. Future Value of an Investment with **continuously compounded** interest:
$$S = Pe^{rt}$$
 (The amount at the end of an investment when an amount P is allowed to grow with interest compounded continuously.)

6. Future Value of an Investment:
$$S = P(1+i)^{kt}$$
 (The amount at the end of an investment when an amount *P* is allowed to grow.)

7. Present Value of an Investment:
$$P = S(1+i)^{-kt}$$
 (The amount that must be invested now to provide for a future value.)

8. Effective Rate of Interest:
$$E = (1+i)^k - 1$$
 (The effective rate for an account.)

9. Future Value of an Annuity:
$$S = R \left[\frac{(1+i)^{kt} - 1}{i} \right]$$

(The amount at the end for an ordinary annuity with regular payments.)

10. Present Value of an Annuity:
$$P = R \left[\frac{1 - (1+i)^{-kt}}{i} \right]$$

(The present value of an ordinary annuity with regular payments.)

11. 'Sinking Fund' Payment for an Annuity:
$$R = \frac{Si}{(1+i)^{kt}-1}$$

(The amount of a payment that will provide a future value of an ordinary annuity.)

12. Amortization Formula (Installment Payments):
$$R = A \left[\frac{i}{1 - (1 + i)^{-kt}} \right]$$

(The amount of an installment payment when the amount borrowed is A.)