

$$21) \quad y' = \frac{1 - \ln(2x+6)}{(x+3)^2}$$

$$22) \quad y' = 3(x^3 + e^{2x})^2(3x^2 + 2e^{2x})$$

$$23) \quad f'(x) = \frac{e^x[x(x^2 + 2x + 2)(\ln x) - (x^2 + 2)]}{x(\ln x)^2}$$

$$24) \quad \text{slope of tangent line} = 2e \quad \text{equation of tangent line: } y = (2e)x + (e^x - 2e)$$

$$25) \text{ (a) increasing: } (-\infty, -2) \cup \left(\frac{2}{3}, \infty\right) \quad \text{(b) increasing: } (-\infty, -\frac{7}{2}) \cup (-\frac{7}{2}, \infty)$$

$$26) \quad \text{relative maximum: } f(-2) = 25, \quad \text{relative minimum: } f(1) = -2$$

$$27) \quad \text{relative maximum: } g(e^{1/2}) = 1$$

$$28) \quad f''(x) = \frac{2(27x^4 + 2)}{x^3}$$

$$29) \quad g''(x) = \frac{80}{(4x+3)^3}$$

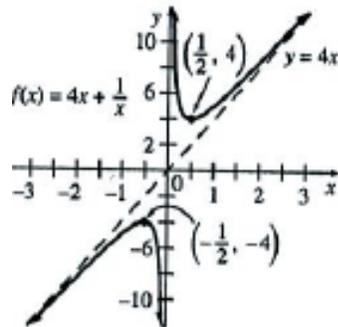
$$30) \quad f''(2) = \frac{-397}{8}, \quad f''(5) = \frac{-87494}{625}$$

$$31) \quad D = (-\infty, \infty), \quad \text{no intercepts,} \quad \text{no horizontal asymptote, vertical asymptote: } x = 0$$

$$\text{Increasing: } (-\infty, -\frac{1}{2}) \cup (\frac{1}{2}, \infty), \quad \text{decreasing: } (-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$$

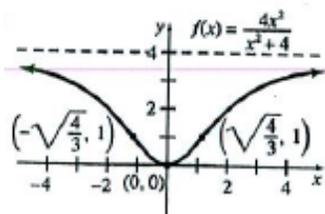
$$\text{Relative maximum at point } (-\frac{1}{2}, -4), \quad \text{Relative minimum at point } (\frac{1}{2}, 4)$$

$$\text{Concave downward: } (-\infty, 0), \quad \text{Concave upward: } (0, \infty), \quad \text{no inflection points}$$



Graph:

- 32) $D = (-\infty, \infty)$, intercept: $(0, 0)$ no vertical asymptote(s), horizontal asymptote: $y = 4$
 Increasing: $(0, \infty)$ Decreasing: $(-\infty, 0)$ relative minimum $(0, 0)$
 Concave upward: $(-\infty, -\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}}) \cup (\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}}, \infty)$ Concave downward: $(-\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}}, \sqrt{\frac{4}{3}})$
 Points of inflection: $(-\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}}, 1)$ and $(\sqrt{\frac{4}{3}}, 1)$



Graph: