1. Simplify
$$\frac{\frac{15}{5}}{1-\frac{1}{2}}$$

- A. $\frac{2}{3}$
- B. 2
- C. $\frac{3}{2}$
- D. 6
- E. None of the above

2. Factor
$$16x^2 - 4y^8$$

A.
$$(4x - y^2)(4x + y^2)$$

B.
$$(4x - 2y^4)^2$$

C.
$$4(2x - y^4)(2x + y^4)$$

D.
$$4(2x - y^2)$$

E. None of the above

3. Simplify
$$\left(\frac{4a^4b^8}{c^{-2}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

A.
$$\frac{1}{2a^2b^4c}$$

B.
$$\frac{2a^2b^4}{c}$$

$$C. \frac{a^4b^3}{16c^2}$$

D.
$$\frac{c}{2a^2b^4}$$

4. Subtract and simplify.

$$\frac{3x}{3x+1} - \frac{x}{x-2}$$

- A. $\frac{2x^2-1}{(3x+1)(x-2)}$
- B. $\frac{-3x^2}{(3x+1)(x-2)}$
- C. $\frac{-7x}{(3x+1)(x-2)}$
- D. $\frac{2x}{(3x+1)(x-2)}$
- E. None of the above

5. Divide and simplify.

$$\frac{x-2}{x^2-2x-3} \div \frac{x^2-x-2}{x^2-9}$$

- A. $\frac{(x-2)^2}{(x-3)^2(x+3)}$
- B. $\frac{x+3}{(x+1)^2}$
- C. $\frac{x+3}{x+1}$
- D. $\frac{1}{x+3}$
- E. None of the above
- 6. A job takes 4 hours for two people working together. If one person works alone he can do the job in 6 hours. How long will it take the other person working alone to complete the job?
 - A. 4 hrs.
 - B. 6 hrs.
 - C. 8 hrs.
 - D. 10 hrs.
 - E. None of the above

7. Simplify; do not include negative exponents in your final answer.

$$\frac{xy^{-1}}{(x+y)^{-1}}$$

- A. $\frac{x(x+y)}{y}$
- B. $\frac{x^2}{x+y}$
- C. $\frac{x+y}{xy}$
- D. $\frac{xy}{x+y}$
- E. None of the above

8. Simplify by rationalizing the denominator.

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}}$$

- A. $\frac{1}{2}$
- B. 2
- C. $2\sqrt{3} 3$
- D. $\sqrt{3} + 2$
- E. $\frac{2\sqrt{3}-3}{7}$
- 9. Let x and y be two consecutive positive integers such that x is less than y and the difference of their squares is 145. Find x.
 - A. 73
 - B. 72
 - C. 12
 - D. 8
 - E. None of the above

10. If A = P(1 + rt), then t =

- A. $\frac{A-P}{r}$
- B. A P
- C. $\frac{A-P}{P}$
- D. $\frac{A}{P}$
- E. None of the above
- 11. A truck enters a freeway traveling 40 mph. One hour later a car enters the same freeway traveling 55 mph. After how many miles will the car overtake the truck?
 - A. $146\frac{2}{3}$ miles
 - B. $201\frac{2}{3}$ miles
 - C. 120 miles
 - D. $106\frac{2}{3}$ miles
 - E. None of the above
- 12. A square of side x is inscribed in a circle. Express the area A of the circle as a function of x.

A.
$$A = \frac{\pi}{2} x^2$$

B.
$$A = x^2$$

C.
$$A = \pi x^2$$

D.
$$A = \frac{\pi}{4} x^2$$

13. Solve for *p*:

$$\frac{4}{2p-3} + \frac{10}{4p^2 - 9} = \frac{1}{2p+3}$$

- A. $p = -\frac{3}{2}$
- B. $p = \frac{5}{6}$
- C. There is no solution
- D. $p = -\frac{25}{6}$
- E. None of the above
- 14. How many ml of a 50% acid solution should be added to 40 ml of a 20% acid solution to obtain a solution that is 25% acid?
 - A. 10 ml
 - B. 8 ml
 - C. 6 ml
 - D. 4 ml
 - E. None of the above

15. Solve for x and list all the real solutions:

$$x = \sqrt{14 + 5x}$$

- A. x = 3, x = 14
- B. x = -2, x = 7
- C. x = -2
- D. $x = \frac{14}{3}$
- E. None of the above

16. Solve for *m* and list all solutions (real and/or imaginary):

$$m^4 - m^2 - 6 = 0$$

- A. m = 2,3
- B. $m = -2, \pm \sqrt{3}$
- C. $m = \pm \sqrt{3}, \pm 2i$
- D. $m = \pm \sqrt{3}, \pm \sqrt{2}i$
- E. None of the above
- 17. Solve the inequality and express the solution in terms of intervals

$$3x - 2 > 6x + 1$$

- A. $(-\infty, -1)$
- B. (-1,1)
- C. $(\infty, -1]$
- D. $(-1, \infty)$
- E. None of the above

18. Solve the inequality:

$$|6 - 2x| \le 3$$

- A. $x \ge \frac{3}{2}$
- B. $x \leq \frac{3}{2}$
- C. $\frac{3}{2} \le x \le \frac{9}{2}$
- D. $-\frac{9}{2} \le x \le -\frac{3}{2}$
- E. None of the above

19. Find all values of k so that the solutions of the following equation are real numbers:

$$2x^2 - 4x + k = 0$$

- A. k = 2
- B. k > 2
- C. $k \ge 2$
- D. $k \leq 2$
- E. None of the above
- 20. The base of a triangle is three inches more than its height. If each is increased by 3 inches the area is 14 square inches. Find the original base (b) and the original height (h) in inches.

A.
$$b = 4, h = 1$$

B.
$$b = 9, h = 6$$

C.
$$b = 8, h = 5$$

D.
$$b = \frac{7}{2}$$
, $h = \frac{1}{2}$

E. None of the above

21. Solve for x:

$$2x^2 + y^2 = 1$$
$$x - y = 1$$

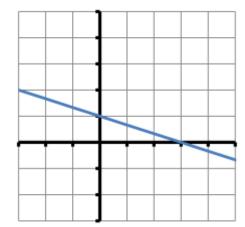
A.
$$x = \frac{2}{3}$$

B.
$$x = 0, \frac{2}{3}$$

C.
$$x = -\frac{2}{3}$$

D.
$$x = 0, \frac{3}{2}$$

- 22. If the point (2,3) is midway between A and B and the point A has coordinates (1,-2), find the coordinates of the point B.
 - A. (1,5)
 - B. (3, 1)
 - C. (3,8)
 - D. $\left(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$
 - E. None of the above
- 23. The slope of a line perpendicular to the line drawn is:



- A. $\frac{1}{3}$
- B. $-\frac{1}{3}$
- C. -3
- D. 3
- E. None of the above

24. If m varies directly as the product of x and y and inversely as z, find the constant of proportionality k if m = 3 when x = 4, y = 2, and z = 6.

A.
$$k = \frac{1}{6}$$

B.
$$k = \frac{9}{4}$$

C.
$$k = 3$$

D.
$$k = \frac{1}{4}$$

25. Give the equation of the line in slope-intercept form which is parallel to the line 2x - 3y = 7 and contains the point (4, -1).

A.
$$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 7$$

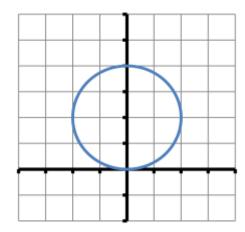
B.
$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{5}{2}$$

C.
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{11}{3}$$

D.
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{14}{3}$$

E. None of the above

26. The equation for the circle show is:



A.
$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

B.
$$x^2 + y^2 - 4y = 0$$

C.
$$x^2(y-2) = 4$$

D.
$$x^2 + y^2 + 4y = 0$$

E.
$$x^2 + y^2 + 4x + 4y - 8 = 0$$

27. Determine $(g \circ f)(x)$ for the following functions: $f(x) = 1 - \sqrt{x}$ and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x}$.

A.
$$-\sqrt{x}$$

B.
$$1 - \sqrt{\frac{1}{x}}$$

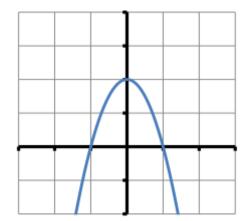
C.
$$1 - \sqrt{x}$$

D.
$$\frac{1}{1-\sqrt{x}}$$

E.
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

28. If
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 + 1}$$
, find $\frac{1}{f(3)}$.

- A. $\frac{3}{10}$
- B. $\frac{3}{16}$
- C. $\frac{16}{3}$
- D. $\frac{10}{3}$
- E. None of the above
- 29. The graph below could best be described by which equation?



A.
$$y = 2x^2 + 2$$

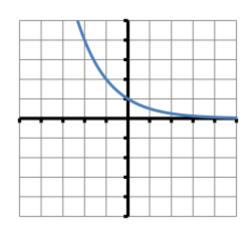
B.
$$y = -2x^2 + 2$$

C.
$$y = -2x^2 - 2$$

D.
$$y = 2x^2 - 2$$

E.
$$y = -(x - 2)^2$$

30. The figure below most closely resembles the graph of which function?



A.
$$y = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$$

B.
$$y = 2^x$$

C.
$$y = -2^x$$

$$D. y = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$$

E.
$$y = 1 - 2^x$$

31.Express as one logarithm: $\log_b y^3 + \log_b y^2 - \log_b y^4$

- A. $\log_b y^2$
- B. $\log_b y$
- C. $\log_b(y^3 + y^2 y^4)$
- D. $\log_b \left(\frac{y^3 + y^2}{v^4} \right)$
- E. None of the above
- 32. Which are true of the function $f(x) = \log_a x$ if a > 1? List all which are correct.
 - f is an increasing function
 - II. f has a as an x-interceptIII. f has 1 as a y-intercept

 - The domain of f is $(0, \infty)$

- A. I, II, and III
- B. I and II
- C. II and IV
- D. I and IV
- E. I and III
- 33. Which of the following is equivalent to $\log \left(\frac{432}{\sqrt{0.095}\sqrt[3]{72.1}} \right)$?

A.
$$\log 432 - \frac{1}{2} \log 0.095 - 3 \log 72.1$$

B.
$$\log 432 - \frac{1}{2} \log 0.095 - \frac{1}{3} \log 72.1$$

C.
$$\log 432 - 2 \log 0.095 + 3 \log 72.1$$

D.
$$\log 432 - \frac{1}{2} \log 0.095 + \frac{1}{3} \log 72.1$$

E.
$$\log 432 - 2 \log 0.095 - 3 \log 72.1$$

34. Solve for x: $3^{x-5} = 4$.

$$A. x = \log 4 + 5 \log 3$$

$$B. x = 5 + \log\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

C.
$$x = 5 + \frac{\log 4}{\log 3}$$

D.
$$x = 5 + \log 4$$

$$E. x = \frac{5 + \log 4}{\log 3}$$

35. Solve for *x*: $\log_3 \sqrt{2x + 3} = 2$

A.
$$x = \frac{5}{2}$$

B.
$$x = \frac{3}{2}$$

C.
$$x = 39$$

D.
$$x = 17$$

E.
$$x = 3$$

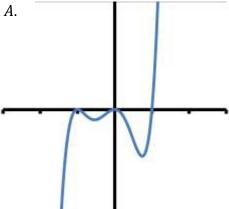
36. Given that $\log_3 m = 8$, $\log_3 n = 10$, and $\log_3 p = 6$, calculate $\log_3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{mn}}{p^3}\right)$

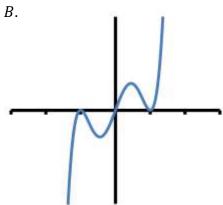
B.
$$\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{27}$$

37. The graph of $y = 2 + 2^x$ crosses the y-axis at

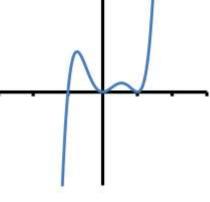
- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3
- E. 4

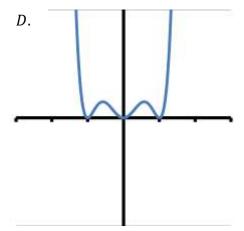
38. Which of the following looks most like the graph of $y = x^2(x-1)(x+1)^2$



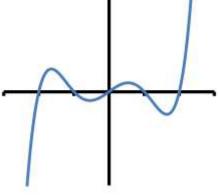


С.





Ε.



39. Which set of equations below has no solution?

A.
$$\begin{cases} 2x + 3y = 8 \\ 3x - 2y = 4 \end{cases}$$

B.
$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 5 \\ 6x + 4y = 10 \end{cases}$$

C.
$$\begin{cases} 2x - 3y = 4 \\ -4x + 6y = 3 \end{cases}$$

$$D. \begin{cases} x - 4y = 6 \\ 2x - 4y = 6 \end{cases}$$

E.
$$\begin{cases} 3x - 2y = 4 \\ 6x + 4y = 8 \end{cases}$$

40. Determine where the two lines x + 4y = 3 and 2x - 6y = 8 intersect.

A.
$$\left(-\frac{12}{5}, \frac{6}{5}\right)$$

B.
$$\left(\frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{9}\right)$$

C.
$$\left(\frac{2}{7}, \frac{5}{7}\right)$$

D.
$$\left(\frac{1}{8}, \frac{2}{5}\right)$$

E. None of the above

41. The value of a rare book is increasing linearly. It was worth \$54 in 1981 and \$62 in 1983. What is the formula for the value (v) of the book t years after 1980?

A.
$$v = 50 + 4t$$

B.
$$v = 48 + 3t$$

C.
$$v = 50 + 3t$$

D.
$$v = 51 + 4t$$

42. If
$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 4$$
 then $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} =$

- A. 2x + h 2
- B. x + 2h 2
- C. x + 2h + 2
- D. 2x h 2
- E. 2x h + 2
- 43. An aquarium in the shape of a rectangular box is to have a height of 1.5 feet and a volume of 6 cubic feet. Let *x* denote the length of the base and *y* the width of the base. Express *y* as a function of *x*.
 - A. y = 1.5x
 - B. $y = \frac{4}{x}$
 - C. $y = x^2$
 - D. $y = \frac{6}{x}$
 - E. y = 9x
- 44. If $\log_x 2 = 5$, solve for x. Write your answer correct to four decimal places.
 - A. 2.2361
 - B. 1.4142
 - C. 0.6990
 - D. 1.1487
 - E. 0.3010

ANSWERS

1. D; 2. C; 3. A; 4. C; 5. B; 6. E; 7. A; 8. C; 9. B; 10. E; 11. A; 12. A; 13. D; 14. B; 15. E; 16. D; 17. A; 18. C; 19. D; 20. A; 21. B; 22. C; 23. D; 24. B; 25. C; 26. B; 27. D; 28. D; 29. B; 30. A; 31. B; 32. D; 33. B; 34. C; 35. C; 36. A; 37. D; 38. A; 39. C; 40. E; 41. A; 42. A; 43. B; 44. D