1. Simplify
$$\frac{\frac{15}{5}}{1-\frac{1}{2}}$$

- A. $\frac{2}{3}$
- B. 2
- C. $\frac{3}{2}$
- D. 6
- E. None of the above

2. Factor
$$16x^2 - 4y^8$$
 completely.

A.
$$(4x - y^2)(4x + y^2)$$

B.
$$(4x - 2y^4)^2$$

C.
$$4(2x - y^4)(2x + y^4)$$

D.
$$4(2x - y^2)$$

E. None of the above

3. Simplify
$$\left(\frac{4a^4b^8}{c^{-2}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

A.
$$\frac{1}{2a^2b^4c}$$

B.
$$\frac{2a^2b^4}{c}$$

$$C. \frac{a^4b^3}{16c^2}$$

D.
$$\frac{c}{2a^2b^4}$$

4. Subtract and simplify.

$$\frac{3x}{3x+1} - \frac{x}{x-2}$$

- A. $\frac{2x^2-1}{(3x+1)(x-2)}$
- B. $\frac{-3x^2}{(3x+1)(x-2)}$
- C. $\frac{-7x}{(3x+1)(x-2)}$
- D. $\frac{2x}{(3x+1)(x-2)}$
- E. None of the above
- 5. Simplify; do not include negative exponents in your final answer.

$$\frac{1 - \frac{a}{b}}{1 - \frac{a^2}{b^2}}$$

- A. $\frac{1}{1+a}$
- B. $\frac{b}{b-a}$
- C. $\frac{1}{a}$
- D. $\frac{b}{a+b}$
- Е. а

6. If $f(x) = \frac{3x}{5-x}$, find the inverse function of f.

- A. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{5-x}{3x}$
- B. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{3x}{x+5}$
- C. $f^{-1}(x) = 5 + \frac{x}{3}$
- D. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{5x}{x+3}$
- E. None of the above

7. Express
$$f(x) = -2x^2 + 12x - 14$$
 in the form $y = a(x - h)^2 + k$.

A.
$$y = -2(x+3)^2 + 4$$

B.
$$y = -2(x+3)^2 + 32$$

C.
$$y = -2(x-3)^2 + 32$$

D.
$$y = -2(x-3)^2 + 4$$

E.
$$y = -2(x-6)^2 - 14$$

8. Which of the following statements is/are true about the function $f(x) = 2^{-x}$?

- I. The domain of f(x) is $(-\infty, \infty)$
- II. The range of f(x) is $(-\infty, \infty)$
- III. $f(x) \neq 0$

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. I and III only
- D. II and III only
- E. I, II, and III

$$\frac{x^2 - 2x}{2x^2 + 5x - 3} \div \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{x^2 - 9}$$

A.
$$\frac{x(x+2)(x-6)}{2x-3(x-3)^2}$$

B.
$$\frac{x}{2x-1}$$

C.
$$\frac{x(x+2)(x-6)}{2x-3}$$

D.
$$\frac{x(x-2)^2}{(2x-1)(x+3)^2}$$

- 10. A job takes 4 hours for two people working together. If one person works alone he can do the job in 6 hours. How long will it take the other person working alone to complete the job?
 - A. 4 hrs.
 - B. 6 *hrs*.
 - C. 8 hrs.
 - D. 10 hrs.
 - E. None of the above
- 11. Simplify; do not include negative exponents in your final answer.

$$\frac{xy^{-1}}{(x+y)^{-1}}$$

- A. $\frac{x(x+y)}{y}$
- B. $\frac{x^2}{x+y}$
- C. $\frac{x+y}{xy}$
- D. $\frac{xy}{x+y}$
- E. None of the above

12. Simplify by rationalizing the denominator.

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}}$$

- A. $\frac{1}{2}$
- B. 2
- C. $2\sqrt{3} 3$
- D. $\sqrt{3} + 2$
- E. $\frac{2\sqrt{3}-3}{7}$

- 13. Let x and y be two consecutive positive integers such that x is less than y and the difference of their squares is 145. Find x.
 - A. 73
 - B. 72
 - C. 12
 - D. 8
 - E. None of the above

14. If A = P(1 + rt), then t =

- A. $\frac{A-P}{r}$
- B. A P
- C. $\frac{A-P}{P}$
- D. $\frac{A}{P}$
- E. None of the above
- 15. A truck enters a freeway traveling 40 mph. One hour later a car enters the same freeway traveling 55 mph. After how many miles will the car overtake the truck?
 - A. $146\frac{2}{3}$ miles
 - B. $201\frac{2}{3}$ miles
 - C. 120 miles
 - D. $106\frac{2}{3}$ miles
 - E. None of the above

16. A square of side x is inscribed in a circle. Express the area A of the circle as a function of x.

A.
$$A = \frac{\pi}{2} x^2$$

B.
$$A = x^2$$

C.
$$A = \pi x^2$$

D.
$$A = \frac{\pi}{4} x^2$$

E. None of the above

17. Solve for *p*:

$$\frac{4}{2p-3} + \frac{10}{4p^2 - 9} = \frac{1}{2p+3}$$

A.
$$p = -\frac{3}{2}$$

B.
$$p = \frac{5}{6}$$

C. There is no solution

D.
$$p = -\frac{25}{6}$$

E. None of the above

18. How many ml of a 50% acid solution should be added to 40 ml of a 20% acid solution to obtain a solution that is 25% acid?

19. Solve for x and list all the real solutions:

$$x = \sqrt{14 + 5x}$$

- A. x = 3, x = 14
- B. x = -2, x = 7
- C. x = -2
- D. $x = \frac{14}{3}$
- E. None of the above
- 20. Solve for *m* and list all solutions (real and/or imaginary):

$$m^4 - m^2 - 6 = 0$$

- A. m = 2,3
- B. $m = -2, \pm \sqrt{3}$
- C. $m = \pm \sqrt{3}, \pm 2i$
- D. $m = \pm \sqrt{3}, \pm \sqrt{2}i$
- E. None of the above
- 21. Suppose y is directly proportional to the cube root of x and inversely proportional to the square of z. Find the constant of proportionality if y = 6 when x = 8 and z = 4.
 - A. 24
 - B. $\frac{3}{16}$
 - C. 6
 - D. $\frac{3}{128}$
 - E. 48

22. Solve $x^2 + 5x + 6 \le 0$ and express the solutions in interval notation.

- A. [-3, -2]
- B. [-3, 2]
- C. [2,3]
- D. [-6, 1]
- E. [-1, 6]

23. If $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5x + 3$ and g(x) = -x + 6, find $(g \circ f)(x) = 0$.

A.
$$x = -\frac{1}{2}$$
; $x = 3$

B.
$$x = -\frac{3}{2}$$
; $x = 1$

C.
$$x = \frac{1}{2}$$
; $x = 1$

D.
$$x = -\frac{5}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{97}}{4}$$
; $x = -\frac{5}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{97}}{4}$

E.
$$x = -1$$
; $x = \frac{3}{2}$

24. Solve the system.

$$\begin{cases} x - 3y = 4 \\ -2x + 6y = 2 \end{cases}$$

A.
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

B.
$$\left(\frac{13}{2}, \frac{5}{6}\right)$$

C.
$$\left(\frac{11}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

D. Infinitely many solutions

E. No solution

25. Solve the inequality and express the solution in terms of intervals

$$3x - 2 > 6x + 1$$

- A. $(-\infty, -1)$
- B. (-1,1)
- C. $(\infty, -1]$
- D. $(-1, \infty)$
- E. None of the above

26. Solve the inequality:

$$|6 - 2x| \le 3$$

- A. $\left[\frac{3}{2},\infty\right)$
- B. $\left(-\infty, \frac{3}{2}\right]$
- C. $\left[\frac{3}{2}, \frac{9}{2}\right]$
- D. $\left[-\frac{9}{2}, -\frac{3}{2} \right]$
- E. None of the above
- 27. Find all values of k so that the solutions of the following equation are real numbers:

$$2x^2 - 4x + k = 0$$

- A. k = 2
- B. k > 2
- C. $k \ge 2$
- D. $k \le 2$
- E. None of the above

28. The base of a triangle is three inches more than its height. If each is increased by 3 inches the area is 14 square inches. Find the original base (b) and the original height (h) in inches.

A.
$$b = 4, h = 1$$

B.
$$b = 9, h = 6$$

C.
$$b = 8, h = 5$$

D.
$$b = \frac{7}{2}$$
, $h = \frac{1}{2}$

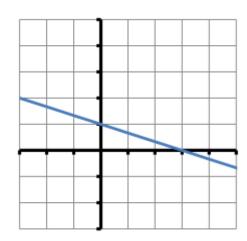
- E. None of the above
- 29. Solve the given system of equations, then determine which of the following is **NOT** true regarding the solutions?

$$2x^2 + y^2 = 1$$
$$x - y = 1$$

- A. There are no solutions in QI
- B. There are no solutions in QII
- C. There are no solutions in QIII
- D. There are no solutions in QIV
- E. There are no solutions that lie on the *x*-axis
- 30. If (2,3) is the midpoint of segment AB, and point A has coordinates (1,-2), find the coordinates of the point B.

D.
$$(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$$

31. The slope of a line perpendicular to the line drawn is:



- A. $\frac{1}{3}$
- B. $-\frac{1}{3}$
- C. -3
- D. 3
- E. None of the above

32. M varies jointly with x cubed and y, and inversely with the square root of z. Find the constant of proportionality k if M = 64 when x = 8, y = 5, and z = 4.

A.
$$k = \frac{64}{5}$$

B.
$$k = \frac{1}{20}$$

C.
$$k = \frac{5}{4}$$

D.
$$k = \frac{2}{5}$$

E. None of the above

33. Give the equation of the line in slope-intercept form which is parallel to the line 2x - 3y = 7 and contains the point (4, -1).

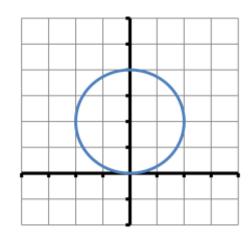
A.
$$y = \frac{3}{2}x - 7$$

B.
$$y = -\frac{2}{3}x + \frac{5}{2}$$

C.
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{11}{3}$$

D.
$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{14}{3}$$

34. The equation for the circle show is:



A.
$$x^2 + y^2 = 4$$

B.
$$x^2 + y^2 - 4y = 0$$

C.
$$x^2(y-2) = 4$$

D.
$$x^2 + y^2 + 4y = 0$$

E.
$$x^2 + y^2 + 4x + 4y - 8 = 0$$

35. Given that $f(x) = x^2 - x - 2$ and g(x) = 2x - 1, determine which of the following is/are

I.
$$(g \circ f)(0) = -5$$

II.
$$(f \circ g)(x) = 0$$
, when $x = 0, \frac{2}{3}$
III. $g^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{2}$

III.
$$g^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+1}{2}$$

- A. I only
- B. I and II only
- C. I and III only
- D. II and III only
- E. I, II, and III

36. If
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 + 1}$$
, find $f(\frac{1}{3})$ and $\frac{1}{f(3)}$.

A.
$$f\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{3}{10}, \frac{1}{f(3)} = \frac{3}{10}$$

B.
$$f\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{10}{27}, \frac{1}{f(3)} = \frac{3}{10}$$

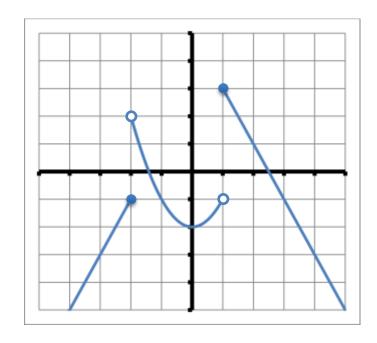
C.
$$f\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{10}{27}, \frac{1}{f(3)} = \frac{10}{13}$$

D.
$$f\left(\frac{1}{3}\right) = \frac{3}{10}, \frac{1}{f(3)} = \frac{10}{3}$$

37. Find the domain of f.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{3x - 2} + 1$$

- A. $(-\infty, \infty)$
- B. $\left[\frac{3}{2},\infty\right)$
- C. $\left[\frac{2}{3}, \infty\right)$
- D. $\left(-\infty, \frac{2}{3}\right]$
- E. [0,∞)
- 38. Which of the following statements about the graph of f is/are true?



- I. Increasing intervals: $(-\infty, -2] \cup [0, 1)$
- II. Range: $(-\infty, 3]$
- III. y-intecept: (0, 2)
 - A. I only
 - B. I and II only
 - C. I and III only
 - D. I, II, and III
 - E. None are true
- 39. Find the vertex of the parabola and determine whether it is a minimum or maximum.

$$f(x) = 3(x+2)(x-10)$$

- A. (4, -108); minimum
- B. (-4, -84); maximum
- C. $\left(\frac{4}{3}, -\frac{260}{3}\right)$; minimum
- D. (4, -108); maximum
- E. (-4, -84); minimum

40. If x < 0 and y > 0, which of the following inequalities is/are true?

- $I. x^2y > 0$
- II. $\frac{y-x}{xy} < 0$
- III. y(x-y) < 0

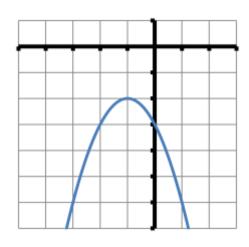
- A. I and II only
- B. I and III only
- C. II and III only
- D. I, II, and III
- E. None of the above

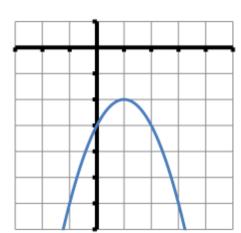
41. If $f(x) = x^2$, which of the following graphs represents -f(x+1) - 2

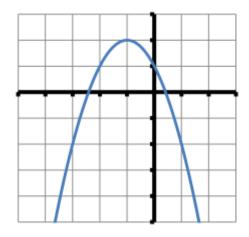
A.

B.

C.

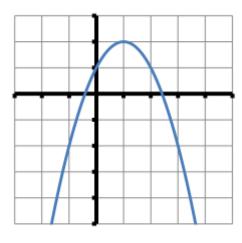


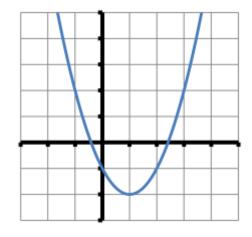




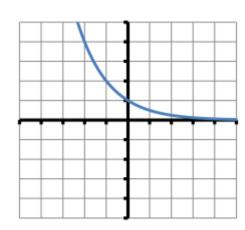
D.

E.





42. Given below is the graph of which of the following functions?



A.
$$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x$$

$$B. g(x) = 2^x$$

$$C. h(x) = -2^x$$

D.
$$j(x) = -(\frac{1}{2})^x$$

E.
$$k(x) = 1 - 2^x$$

43. Express as one logarithm: $\log\left(\frac{x^2}{y^3}\right) - \log(xy) - 4\log\sqrt{y}$

A.
$$\log\left(\frac{x}{y^2}\right)$$

B.
$$\log\left(\frac{x}{y^6}\right)$$

C.
$$\log x^3$$

D.
$$\log\left(\frac{x}{y^8}\right)$$

E.
$$-4\log\left(\frac{x^2}{y^3} - xy - \sqrt{y}\right)$$

44. Which of the following statements is/are true of the function $f(x) = \log_2 x$?

I.
$$f$$
 is an increasing function

II.
$$f$$
 has a zero at $x = 1$

III.
$$f$$
 has a y -intercept at $(0, 1)$

IV. The domain of
$$f$$
 is $(-\infty, \infty)$

45. Which of the following is equivalent to $\log \left(\frac{z^3}{x\sqrt{y}}\right)$?

A.
$$3 \log z - \log x - \frac{1}{2} \log y$$

B.
$$\frac{3}{2}\log(z-xy)$$

C.
$$3 \log z - \log x - 2 \log y$$

$$D. \frac{3}{2} \log(z - x + y)$$

$$E. 3 \log z - \log x + \frac{1}{2} \log y$$

46. Solve for x: $3^{x-5} = 4$.

A.
$$x = \log 4 + 5 \log 3$$

$$B. x = 5 + \log\left(\frac{4}{3}\right)$$

C.
$$x = 5 + \frac{\log 4}{\log 3}$$

D.
$$x = 5 + \log 4$$

$$E. x = \frac{5 + \log 4}{\log 3}$$

47. Solve for *x*: $\log_3 \sqrt{2x + 3} = 2$

A.
$$x = \frac{5}{2}$$

B.
$$x = \frac{3}{2}$$

C.
$$x = 39$$

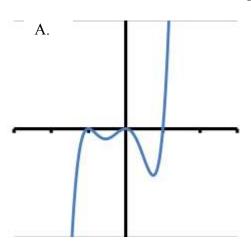
D.
$$x = 17$$

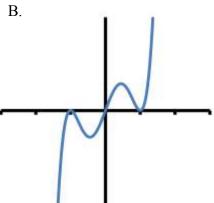
E.
$$x = 3$$

48. Given that $\log_3 m = 8$, $\log_3 n = 10$, and $\log_3 p = 6$, calculate $\log_3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{mn}}{p^3}\right)$

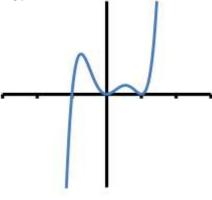
- A. -9
- $B. \ \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{27}$
- C. 22
- D. -56
- E. **-4**

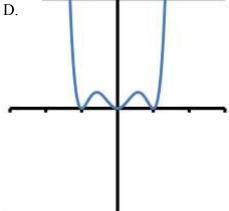
49. Which of the following is the graph of the function $f(x) = x^2(x-1)(x+1)^2$?



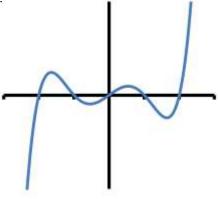


C.





E.



- 50. Which of the following statements is/are true regarding the graph of $f(x) = 2 + 2^x$?
 - f(x) = 0, when x = -1
 - II. f(0) = 2
 - III. The domain of f is $(2, \infty)$
 - f is an increasing function IV.

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. III only
- D. IV only
- E. I, II, and IV only

51. Which of the following systems has no solution?

A.
$$\begin{cases} 2x + 3y = 8 \\ 3x - 2y = 4 \end{cases}$$

B.
$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 5 \\ 6x + 4y = 10 \end{cases}$$

B.
$$\begin{cases} 3x + 4y = 5 \\ 6x + 4y = 10 \end{cases}$$
C.
$$\begin{cases} 2x - 3y = 4 \\ -4x + 6y = 3 \end{cases}$$
D.
$$\begin{cases} x - 4y = 6 \\ 2x - 4y = 6 \end{cases}$$

$$D. \begin{cases} x - 4y = 6 \\ 2x - 4y = 6 \end{cases}$$

E.
$$\begin{cases} 3x - 2y = 4 \\ 6x + 4y = 8 \end{cases}$$

- 52. Solve the system of equations $\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 = 25 \\ y = x^2 5 \end{cases}$ and determine which of the following statements is/are true regarding the solution(s).
 - One solution is an x-intercept. I.
 - There are three solutions. II.
 - III. All solutions are above the x-axis.

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. I and III only
- D. II and III only
- E. I, II, and III

53. The value of a rare book is increasing linearly. It was worth \$54 in 1981 and \$62 in 1983. What is the formula for the value (v) of the book t years after 1980?

A.
$$v = 50 + 4t$$

B.
$$v = 48 + 3t$$

C.
$$v = 50 + 3t$$

D.
$$v = 51 + 4t$$

54. If
$$f(x) = -x^2 + x + 2$$
, find $\frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$.

A.
$$-2x - h$$

B.
$$-h^2$$

C.
$$-2x - h^2 + h$$

D.
$$-h + 1$$

E.
$$-2x - h + 1$$

55. An aquarium in the shape of a rectangular box is to have a height of 1.5 feet and a volume of 6 cubic feet. Let x denote the length of the base and y the width of the base. Express y as a function of x.

A.
$$y = 1.5x$$

B.
$$y = \frac{4}{x}$$

C.
$$y = x^2$$

D.
$$y = \frac{6}{x}$$

E.
$$y = 9x$$

56. If $\log_x 2 = 5$, solve for x. Write your answer correct to four decimal places.

- A. 2.2361
- В. 1.4142
- C. 0.6990
- D. 1.1487
- E. 0.3010

57. Solve the inequality:

$$2|-11-7x|-2 \ge 10$$

- A. $\left[-\frac{17}{7}, -\frac{5}{7}\right]$
- B. $\left(-\infty, -\frac{17}{7}\right] \cup \left[-\frac{5}{7}, \infty\right)$
- C. $\left[\frac{5}{7}, \frac{17}{7}\right]$
- D. (-3,5); (-1,-3)
- E. (5,21); (-1,-5)
- 58. Solve $x^2 + 5x 6 > 0$ and express the solutions in interval notation.
 - A. $(-\infty, 2] \cup [3, \infty)$
 - B. [2, 3]
 - C. $(-\infty, -6] \cup [1, \infty)$
 - D. (-6,1)
 - E. $(-\infty, -6) \cup (1, \infty)$

59. Solve for x and choose the answer that best describes the solution(s).

$$x = 4 + \sqrt{4x - 19}$$

- A. There is one solution. It is negative.
- B. There are two solutions. Both are positive.
- C. There is one solution. It is positive.
- D. There are two solutions.

 One is positive and one is negative.
- E. There is no solution for x.

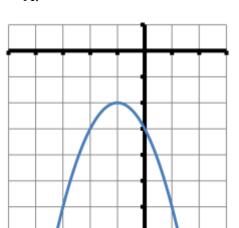
- 60. Which of the following equations is/are true?
 - I. $\ln 0 = 1$
 - II. $10^{\log 8} = 8$
 - III. $\log_4 8 = 2$

- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. III only
- D. I, II, and III
- E. None of the equations are true
- 61. Which of the following is a factor of $6x^2 5x + 1$?

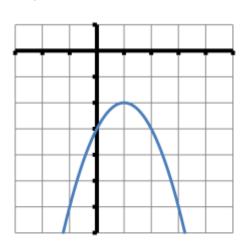
- A. x + 1
- B. x 1
- C. 2x + 1
- D. 2x 1
- E. 6x 1

62. Which of the following is the graph of $f(x) = -x^2 - 2x - 3$

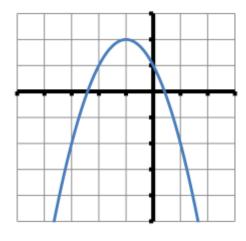
A.



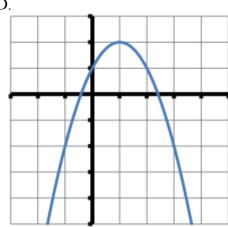
B.



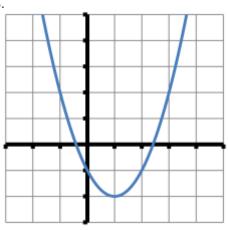
C.



D.



E.



63. Which of the following equations is/are true?

- $\log_5 1 = \frac{1}{5}$ $\log_{11} 11^2 = 2$ $\ln e = 1$ I.
- II.
- III.

- A. I and II only
- B. II and III only
- C. I and III only
- D. I, II, and III
- E. None of the equations are true

64. If
$$f(x) = \sqrt{2 - 3x}$$
 and $g(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}$, find $(g \circ f)(0)$.

A.
$$(g \circ f)(0) = 0$$

B.
$$(g \circ f)(0) = \sqrt{2}$$

C.
$$(g \circ f)(0) = \frac{1}{2}$$

D.
$$(g \circ f)(0) = \frac{1}{4}$$

E.
$$(g \circ f)(0)$$
 is undefined

65. Which of the following statements is/are true about the function $f(x) = \log_2 x$?

- I. The graph of the f is always increasing
- II. The range of f(x) is $(-\infty, \infty)$
- III. The graph of the f crosses the y-axis at (0, 1)
- A. I only
- B. II only
- C. I and II only
- D. I and III only
- E. II and III only

66. Solve $81x^2 \ge 16x$ and express the solutions in interval notation.

A.
$$(-\infty, 0] \cup \left[\frac{16}{81}, \infty\right)$$

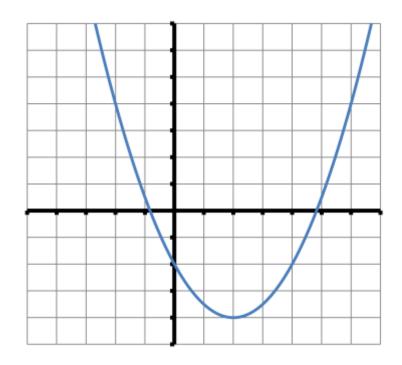
B.
$$\left[-\frac{4}{9}, \frac{4}{9}\right]$$

C.
$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

D.
$$\left[\frac{16}{81}, \infty\right)$$

E.
$$\left(-\infty, -\frac{4}{9}\right] \cup \left[\frac{4}{9}, \infty\right)$$

67. Find the function whose graph is given below.



A.
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2x - 2$$

B.
$$f(x) = -x^2 + 4x - 2$$

C.
$$f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 2$$

D.
$$f(x) - \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x + 2$$

E.
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x - 2$$

68. Solve $\frac{x^2(3-x)}{x+2} > 0$ and express the solutions in interval notation.

A.
$$(-2,3]$$

B.
$$(-2,0] \cup [0,3)$$

C.
$$(-\infty, -2) \cup (3, \infty)$$

D.
$$(-2,3)$$

E.
$$(-2,0) \cup (0,3)$$

69. Solve $\frac{(4-x)^2}{x^2} \ge 0$ and express the solutions in interval notation.

A.
$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

B.
$$(-\infty,4) \cup (4,\infty)$$

C.
$$(-\infty,0) \cup (0,\infty)$$

D.
$$(-\infty, 0] \cup [4, \infty)$$

E.
$$(0, \infty)$$

70. If
$$f(x) = 8x - 1$$
 and $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 2}$ find $(f \circ g)(2)$.

A.
$$(f \circ g)(2) = 2$$

B.
$$(f \circ g)(2) = 0$$

C.
$$(f \circ g)(2) = -1$$

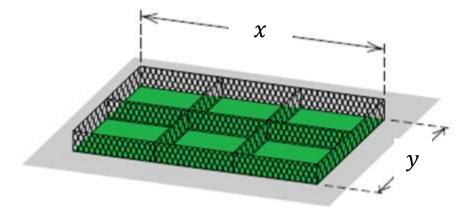
D.
$$(f \circ g)(2) = 7$$

E.
$$(f \circ g)(2)$$
 is undefined

71. Solve the system. Indicate the number of times the graphs intersect.

$$\begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 = 25\\ 3x + 4y = 25 \end{cases}$$

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3
- E. 4
- 72. Eight hundred feet of chain-link fence is to be used to construct six animal cages, as shown in the figure. Find the dimensions that maximize the enclosed area.



A.
$$x = \frac{3}{800}$$
; $y = \frac{639,991}{3200}$

B.
$$x = 200$$
; $y = 200$

C.
$$x = \frac{400}{3}$$
; $y = 100$

D.
$$x = 100$$
; $y = 125$

E.
$$x = \frac{800}{3}$$
; $y = 200$

73. A certain city charges \$0.00361 per gallon of water used, up to 5,000 gallons, and \$0.00417 per gallon of water used for more than 5,000 gallons. Find a piecewise-defined function *B* that specifies the total bill for water usage of *x* gallons.

A.
$$B(x) = \begin{cases} 0.00361, & \text{if } x \le 5,000 \\ 0.00417, & \text{if } x > 5,000 \end{cases}$$
B. $B(x) = \begin{cases} 0.00361x, & \text{if } x \le 5,000 \\ 0.00417x, & \text{if } x > 5,000 \end{cases}$
C. $B(x) = \begin{cases} 0.00361x, & \text{if } x \le 5,000 \\ 0.00778x, & \text{if } x > 5,000 \end{cases}$
D. $B(x) = \begin{cases} 0.00361x, & \text{if } x \le 5,000 \\ 0.00417x - 2.8, & \text{if } x > 5,000 \end{cases}$

- E. $B(x) = \begin{cases} 0.00361x, & \text{if } x \le 5,000\\ 0.00417x + 18.05, & \text{if } x > 5,000 \end{cases}$
- 74. A woman rows a boat 1.75 miles upstream against a constant current in 35 minutes. She then rows the same distance downstream (with the same current) in 15 minutes. What is the rate of the current?
 - A. 2 mph
 - B. 5 mph
 - C. $\frac{1}{30}$ mph
 - D. 1 mph
 - E. $\frac{17}{60}$ mph
- 75. To fill an order for 150 office desks, a furniture distributor must ship the desks from two warehouses. The shipping cost per desk is \$48 from the western warehouse and \$70 from the eastern warehouse. If the total shipping charge is \$8,410, how many desks were shipped from the eastern warehouse?
 - A. 55
 - B. 80
 - C. 70
 - D. 95
 - E. 100

76. If x = 0, which of the following functions is/are undefined?

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x}$$

$$h(x) = \log x$$

$$k(x) = \frac{x}{2}$$

- A. f and g only
- B. f and h only
- C. g and h only
- D. g and k only
- E. h and k only

77. Solve $10x^2 + 11x > 6$ and express the solution in interval notation.

A.
$$\left[-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{5}\right]$$

B.
$$\left(-\infty, -\frac{3}{2}\right) \cup \left(\frac{2}{5}, \infty\right)$$

C.
$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

D.
$$\left(-\frac{3}{2}, \frac{2}{5}\right)$$

E.
$$\left(-\infty, -\frac{3}{2}\right] \cup \left[\frac{2}{5}, \infty\right)$$

78. Solve $P + N = \frac{C+2}{C}$ for C.

A.
$$C = \frac{2}{P+N}$$

B.
$$C = \frac{PN}{2}$$

C.
$$C = \frac{2}{PN-1}$$

D.
$$C = \frac{P+N}{2}$$

E.
$$C = \frac{2}{P+N-1}$$

79. Express the number in the form $\frac{a}{b}$, where a and b are integers:

$$-2^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^0 + 16^{-\frac{3}{4}}$$

- A. -11
- B. $-\frac{31}{8}$
- C. $\frac{33}{8}$
- D. $\frac{41}{8}$
- E. $-\frac{23}{8}$
- 80. Simplify; do not include negative exponents in your final answer.

$$\frac{x + x^{-2}}{1 + x^{-2}}$$

- A. *x*
- B. x + 1
- $C. \ \frac{x(x+1)}{x^2+1}$
- D. $\frac{x^3+1}{x^2+1}$
- E. $\frac{x}{x+1}$

ANSWERS			
1. D	2. C	3. A	4. C
5. D	6. D	7. D	8. C
9. B	10. E	11. A	12. C
13. B	14. E	15. A	16. A
17. D	18. B	19. E	20. D
21. E	22. A	23. A	24. E
25. A	26. C	27. D	28. A
29. D	30. C	31. D	32. B
33. C	34. B	35. C	36. D
37. C	38. B	39. A	40. D
41. A	42. A	43. B	44. A
45. A	46. C	47. C	48. A
49. A	50. D	51. C	52. B
53. A	54. E	55. B	56. D
57. B	58. E	59. B	60. B
61. D	62. A	63. B	64. C
65. C	66. A	67. E	68. E
69. C	70. C	71. B	72. C
73. D	74. A	75. A	76. B
77. B	78. E	79. E	80. D