MA 15910 Lesson 3b Notes

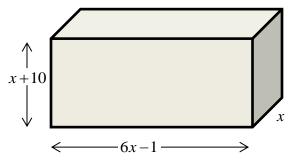
You will need to remember the following formulas for this lesson.

Area of a rectangle: A = wL (Area = length × width) Volume of a rectangular prism (box): V = LwH (Volume = length × width × height) Area of a triangle: $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$ (Area = $\frac{1}{2} \times base \times height$)

- Ex 1: a) Represent the volume of a box that is *n* inches high, n + 3 inches wide, and n + 8 inches long. Write as a function of *n*.
 - b) Evaluate the volume when *n* is 3.
 - c) Represent the area of the base of the box as a function of n(A(n)). Find the area when n is 3.

d) Write a function of *n* to represent the area of the base if the length and width are both increased by 3. Show that this is the same as A(n + 3), using your function from part (c).

<u>Ex 2</u>: a) Write a polynomial function V(x) to represent the volume of the box below.

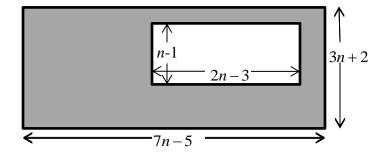


b) Evaluate the volume of the box above if *x* is 4.

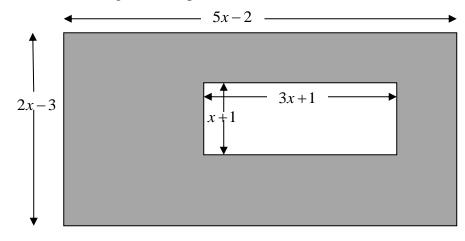
c) Write a polynomial function A(x) to represent the area of the bottom of the box and evaluate that area if x is 12.

d): Write a polynomials function to represent the area of the bottom of the box if the length and width both increase by 3 units. Evaluate A(x+3). Notice anything?

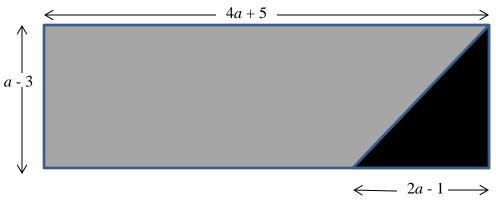
Example 3 Write a polynomial that would represent the shaded region of the figure below.



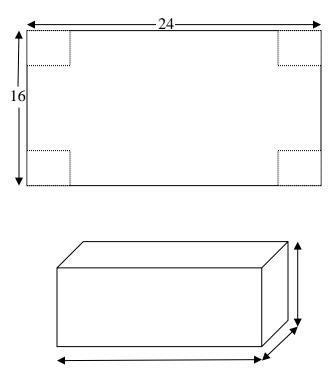
4) Represent (find) the area of the shaded region in the picture below.



Example 5: Write a polynomial that would represent the lighter shaded region of the figure below.



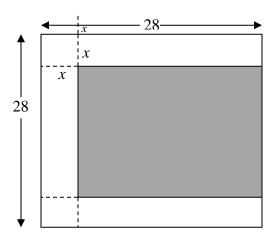
<u>Ex6:</u> An open box is formed from a rectangular piece of cardstock that is 24 inches by 16 inches by cutting equal squares from the corners and turning up the sides. If *x* represents the side of each square, write an expression (function of x) to represent the volume of the box. (See picture.)



Example 7: An open-topped box is made by taking a rectangular piece of light card stock that is 24 inches by 36 inches and cutting equal squares from each corner and turning up the sides. If each square is x on each side, write the volume of the open-topped box as a function of x.

Example 8: A square piece of paper is 48 cm per side. Strips of width 2x are cut from two adjacent sides of the square. Write an expression for the area of the remaining square as a function of x.

Ex 9: Strips of width x are cut from three sides of a square that is 28 inches on a side. (See figure below.) Write the area of the remaining square (shaded region) as a polynomial function of x.



Ex 10: Write a function of x to represent the shaded region below.

