

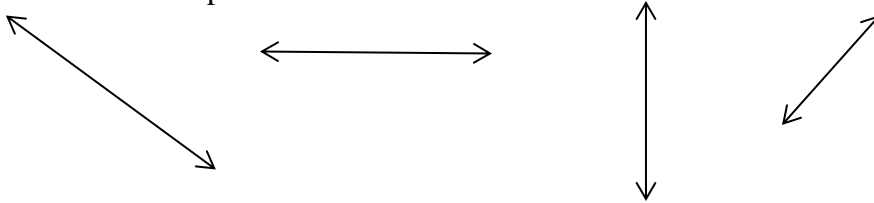
MA 15910 Review for Exam 2, FA 14

- 1) (a) Find the slope of a line through each pair of points. (b) Find the equation of each line in slope-intercept form. (c) Find the equation of each line in standard form.

A (5,8) and (-3,-1)      B  $\left(\frac{3}{2}, 2\right)$  and  $\left(-\frac{7}{2}, -5\right)$

- 2) Find the equations of a vertical line and a horizontal line through the point (-5, 3).

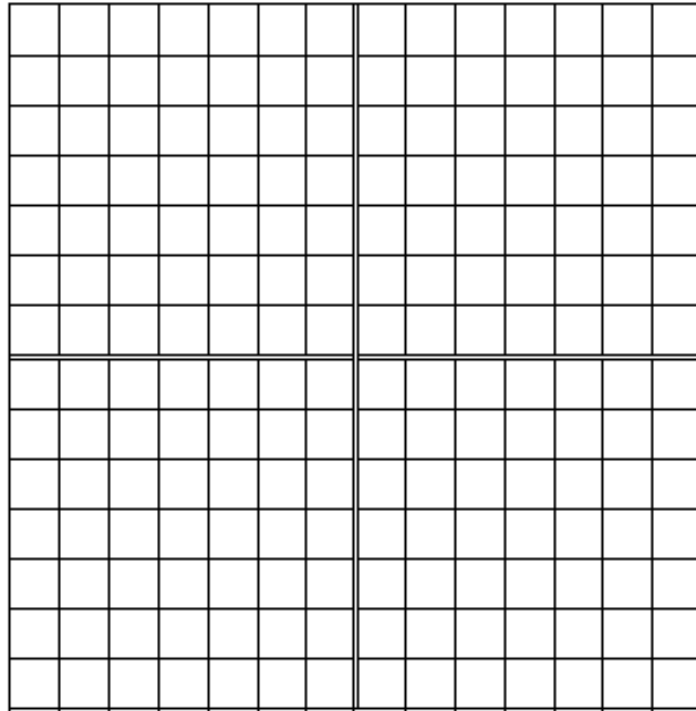
- 3) Identify which line has (a) positive slope, (b) negative slope, (c) zero slope, and (d) undefined slope.



4) Sketch the graph of each line using the slope and a point.

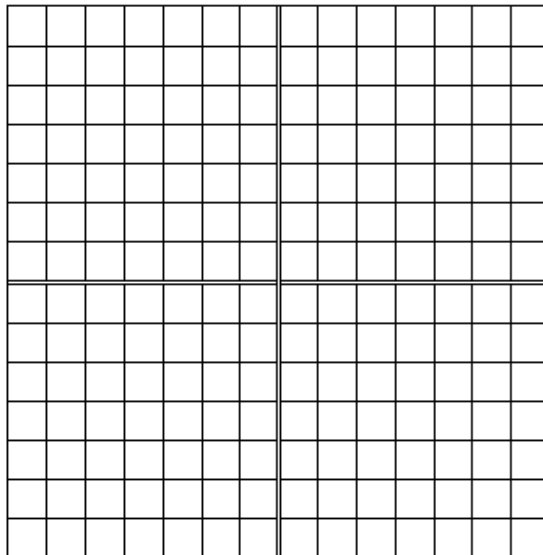
(a)  $y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 2$

(b)  $3x - 5y = -15$



5) Find the  $x$ -intercept and  $y$ -intercept of the line and use the intercepts to graph the line.

$2x - 4y = 8$



6) Find the equation of a line with an  $x$ -intercept of  $(3, 0)$  and a  $y$ -intercept of  $(0, 2)$ . Write your answer in standard form.

7) Find the equation in slope-intercept form for a line through  $(-1, 6)$  with a slope of  $-\frac{5}{6}$ .

8) An athletic club offers a family membership of \$165 plus \$60 for each additional family member after the first. Let  $x$  represent the number of additional family members. Write a linear equation in slope-intercept form to represent the membership fee. Use your equation to find the membership fee for a four-person family.

9) In the year 2000 (year 0), the percent of households that had access to high-speed broadband internet service was 9%. By the year 2005 (year 5), the percent of households that had access to high-speed broadband internet service had grown to 37%. This percent has been growing in a linear pattern. (a) Use this information to write 2 ordered pairs and find the slope. (b) Find an equation for the percent in terms of number of years since 2000 (in slope-intercept form). (c) Use your equation to predict what percent of households had high-speed broadband in the year 2010.

10) Complete the table below, then use it to approximate

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x), \text{ where } f(x) = \frac{2x^3 + 3x^2 - 4x - 5}{x + 1}.$$

$x$	-1.1	-1.01	-1.001	-0.999	-0.99	-0.9
$f(x)$						

11) Find the limit values if they exist.

a)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \left( \frac{x^2 + 2x - 15}{x^2 + x - 12} \right)$

b)  $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\frac{-1}{z+2} + \frac{1}{2}}{z} \right)$

c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 16} \left( \frac{\sqrt{x} - 4}{x - 16} \right)$

d)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{2x^3 - 5x^2 + 9x}{3x^3 - 4x} \right)$

e)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left( \frac{2x^2 - 5}{3x^3 + 2x} \right)$

12) Find the average rate of change for each function over the given interval.

a)  $y = -4x^2 - 6$  [2, 6]      b)  $y = \sqrt{3x - 2}$  [1, 6]

13) Suppose the position of an object moving in a straight line is given by  $s(t) = t^2 + 5t + 2$ . Find the instantaneous velocity when  $t = 5$ .

14) Suppose the total profit in hundreds of dollars from selling  $x$  items is given by  $P(x) = 2x^2 - 4x + 5$ . (a) Find the average rate of change of profit for the changes for 2 to 5 items. (b) Find the instantaneous rate of change of profit when  $x = 2$ .

15) Problem 37 on page 176 of the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of the textbook.

16) The revenue in dollars generated from the sale of  $x$  items is given by  $R(x) = 10x - \frac{x^2}{100}$ .

(a) Find the marginal revenue when 500 items have been sold. (b) Estimate the revenue from the sale of the 601<sup>st</sup> item by finding  $R'(600)$ .

**Find the derivative of each.**

17)  $y = 3x^5 - 6x^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x$

18)  $f(x) = 10x^{-4} - \frac{7}{x^3} + 3x$

19)  $g(x) = (2x^2 - 5)^2$

20)  $y = (3x^2 + 1)(2x^2 - 4x + 3)$

21)  $q(x) = \frac{x^2 + 7x - 2}{x^2 - 2}$

22) Find  $f'(2)$  if  $f(x) = x^4 - \frac{4}{3}x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x + 8$ .

23) Find all points on the graph of  $g(x) = x^3 + 9x^2 + 19x - 10$  where the slope of the tangent line is  $-5$ .

24) Find an equation of the line tangent to the graph of  $f(x) = \frac{x}{x-2}$  at the point  $(3,3)$ .

25) Assume that the total number (in millions) of bacteria present in a culture at  $t$  hours is given by  $N(t) = 4t^2(t-20)^2 + 20$ . Find the rate at which the population of bacteria is changing at 5 hours and at 8 hours.