The graph shows distance from home as a function of time for Laura's trip to the mall.

Write a <u>brief</u> description of her trip that explains all features of the graph.



## 14.3

For this situation, make a distance-time graph and a speed-time graph. Align them so the corresponding pieces can be compared. (Assume cartoon-like changes in speed.)
Allison rode her bike at a leisurely pace until she got a flat. She stopped to fix the flat and it took her twice as long as the amount of time she had spent riding. When she resumed riding, she rode at her fastest speed to get to her friend's house in time to watch American Idol.



Determine whether each statement is true or false, based on the information shown in the graph.



a) The bus waited two hours for the van to arrive.	True	false
b) The van turned around after 1.5 hours and went back to where it started.	True	false
c) The van traveled faster than the bus.	True	false
d) The bus traveled at a rate of 60 mph.	True	false
e) The van traveled a total of 450 miles.	True	false

Exam 2

### 15.1

Math 13800

The movie theater is filled to capacity with 200 people. When the movie is over, people will leave at a rate of 30 per minute. Describe in words the relationship between the number of people remaining in the theater and time.

Fill in the table with data to describe this relationship.

minutes	people

Use algebraic symbols to describe this relationship. Be sure to label your variables.

What is the *y*-intercept and what does it mean about time and the theater? (0, \_\_\_\_)

What is the x-intercept and what does it mean about time and the theater?  $(\_, 0)$ 

Jeremy and Jocelyn are helping to harvest strawberries. Jeremy can harvest 7 rows/hour and Jocelyn can do 9 rows/hour. Jeremy started before Jocelyn and already has 10 rows completed when she begins. The graph for Jocelyn's number of rows harvested is already drawn. On the same set of axes, draw a graph to represent Jeremy's work.



Write an equation to represent Jeremy's number of rows harvested as it relates to hours worked alongside Jocelyn. Identify your variables.

Show your work to determine the point of intersection of the two lines.

Hours: \_\_\_\_\_ Rows: \_\_\_\_\_

Explain the meaning of the point of intersection as it relates to Jeremy and Jocelyn.

Suppose Turtle runs at 60 ft/s. Rabbit runs at 90 ft/s, but gives Turtle a 2-second head start. How many seconds will <u>Turtle</u> have run when Rabbit catches up with him? Show your work.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

Circle the method you used to solve:

graph

table

algebra equations

quantitative reasoning

## 15.4

Kaitlyn attended Ivy Tech and completed 20 credit hours with a GPA of 3.1. She has been attending Purdue long enough to complete 15 credit hours with a GPA of 2.4. What is her overall GPA? Show and label all steps of your work. Do not round.

Overall GPA: \_\_\_\_\_

### 15.5

Suppose g(x) = 5x + 2 and h(x) is defined by the process of adding 3 to the input and then doubling that sum. Give the output if 2 is the input to:

a) first h(x), then g(x)

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

b) first g(x), then h(x)

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

Use the order of operations to evaluate:

$$4 - 15 \div 3 + 2^5 - (8 - 9)^2 + 17$$

$$(3^2)^3 - 7 \cdot (5-1)^2 + 3\frac{2}{3} \cdot 4\frac{1}{2}$$

## 27.1

For the experiment of tossing a pair of dice, determine which of the following <u>could be</u> <u>considered</u> outcomes. For those, circle the word "outcome." Otherwise, circle the word "event."

a) Getting a sum of ten	OUTCOME	EVENT
b) Getting doubles	OUTCOME	EVENT
c) Getting two 3s	OUTCOME	EVENT
d) Getting a sum of twelve	OUTCOME	EVENT