

MATH 161 – 161E – SPRING 1998 – FIRST EXAM
February 17, 1998

STUDENT NAME _____

STUDENT ID _____

RECITATION INSTRUCTOR _____

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. This test booklet has 6 pages including this page.
 2. Fill in your name, your student ID number, and your recitation instructor's name above.
 3. Use a number 2 pencil on the mark-sense sheet (answer sheet).
 4. On the mark-sense sheet, fill in the recitation instructor's name and the course number.
 5. Fill in your name and student ID number, blacken the appropriate spaces, and sign the mark-sense sheet.
 6. Mark the the division and section number of your class and blacken the corresponding circles, including the circles for the zeros. If you do not know your division and section number ask your instructor.
 7. There are 15 questions, each worth 7 points. Blacken your choice of the correct answer in the spaces provided for questions 1-15. Turn in BOTH the answer sheet and the question sheets to your instructor when you are finished.
 8. No books, notes or calculators may be used.
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1) Solve the inequality $|5 - 3x| \leq 3$.

a) $-\frac{2}{3} \leq x \leq -\frac{8}{3}$

b) $x \leq -\frac{8}{3}$

c) $\frac{2}{3} \leq x \leq \frac{8}{3}$

d) $x \leq \frac{2}{3}$

e) all x

2) An equation of the line perpendicular to $3y = x - 21$ and passing through $(3, -1)$ is

a) $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 2$

b) $x = \frac{1}{3}y - 2$

c) $x = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{10}{3}$

d) $y = -3x + 8$

e) $y = 3x - 10$

3) If $f(t) = \frac{2t}{t+1}$, then $\frac{f(t)-f(2)}{t-2}$ equals, for $t \neq 2$,

a) $\frac{2}{3(t+1)}$

b) $\frac{3}{2(t+1)}$

c) $\frac{2}{3(t-2)}$

d) $\frac{3}{2(t-2)}$

e) $\frac{4t-6(t+1)}{3(t-2)(t+1)}$

4) The graph of $\ln |y - 3| = (x + 2)^3 - 4(x + 2)$ can be obtained by moving the graph of $\ln |y| = x^3 - 4x$,

a) 2 units left and 3 units down

b) 3 units left and 2 units down

c) 2 units right and 3 units up

d) 2 units left and 3 units down

e) 2 units left and 3 units up

5) If $f(x) = \frac{3x^2}{x+1}$ and $g(x) = x^2$, then $g \circ f(-2)$ equals

a) $-2 \left(\frac{3x^2}{x+1} \right)^2$

b) $\frac{-6x^4}{x^2+1}$

c) $\frac{48}{5}$

d) 144

e) $-2x^2 \left(\frac{3x^2}{x+1} \right)$

6) Let

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 3x - 1 & \text{for } x > 1 \\ ax^2 & \text{for } x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

If f is continuous at $x = 1$, then a is equal to

a) 10

b) 2

c) 5

d) 4

e) 8

7) The values of x for which

$$\ln(x - 3) + \ln(x + 2) - \ln(4x) = 0$$

are

a) $x > 3$

b) $x = 5$

c) $x = -1$ and $x = 6$

d) $x = 6$

e) No values of x

8)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 + 4x - 5}{x^2 - 1} \quad \text{is equal to}$$

- a) 0
- b) 1
- c) 2
- d) 3
- e) Not defined

9) An equation of the tangent line to $f(x) = e^x \sin(x) + 1$ at $(0, f(0))$ is

- a) $y = x + 1$
- b) $y = 2x + 1$
- c) $2y = x + 2$
- d) $3y = 4x + 3$
- e) $y = 5x + 1$

10) The vertical asymptotes of

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 4}{(x - 4)(x^2 - 5x + 6)} \quad \text{are}$$

- a) $x = 2$, $x = 4$ and $x = 3$
- b) $x = 4$ and $x = 3$
- c) $x = 2$, and $x = 3$
- d) $x = 3$
- e) $x = 2$

11)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \left(\frac{1}{x+1} + \frac{2}{x^2-1} \right)$$

is equal to

a) -1

b) $\frac{-1}{2}$

c) 0

d) $\frac{1}{2}$

e) 1

12)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} \frac{|x-4|}{x^2-4x}$$

is equal to

a) $\frac{-1}{2}$

b) $\frac{-1}{4}$

c) 0

d) $\frac{1}{4}$

e) $\frac{1}{2}$

13) If $f(x) = |x|$, $g(x) = x|x|$ and $h(x) = \sin(x)$, which of these functions are differentiable at $x = 0$?

a) None

b) f and h

c) Only g

d) g and h

e) Only f

14) The slope of the tangent line to the graph of

$$f(x) = 3xe^{4x} \cos(9x^2) + x^2e^{3x}$$

at $x = 0$ is

- a) 5
- b) 3
- c) $e^4 \cos(36)$
- d) $3 \cos(4)$
- e) 1

15) The derivative of $-\ln((\cos x)^6)$ is

- a) $\tan x + 6$
- b) $6 \cot x$
- c) e^x
- d) $6 \tan x$
- e) $6x + 2$.