NAME		
STUDENT ID		
REC. INSTR.	REC. TIME	
SECTION NUMBER	LECTURER	

## INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. This package contains 13 problems, each worth 8 points.
- 2. Fill in the information requested above and on the mark-sense sheet.
- 3. Mark your answers on the mark-sense sheet and show work in this booklet.
- 4. No books or notes or calculators may be used.

1. The sphere with equation

$$x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} - x + y - 6z + \frac{1}{2} = 0$$

has radius

- A. 2
- B. 3
- C. 4
- D. 5
- E. 6

- 2. The angle between the vectors  $-4\mathbf{i} 5\mathbf{j} + 7\mathbf{k}$  and  $\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$  is
  - A. 0
  - B.  $\pi/6$
  - C.  $\pi/4$
  - D.  $\pi/3$
  - E.  $\pi/2$

3.  $(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}) \times (2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}) =$ 

- A.  $5\mathbf{i} + 5\mathbf{j} + 5\mathbf{k}$
- B. 3i + 3j + 3k
- C.  $\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$
- $D. -3\mathbf{i} 3\mathbf{j} 3\mathbf{k}$
- $E. -5\mathbf{i} 5\mathbf{j} 5\mathbf{k}$

- 4. A person pulls a sled 100 ft. along horizontal snow covered ground with a rope that makes an angle of  $\pi/3$  with the horizontal. The tension in the rope is 10 pounds. Find the work done.
  - A. 1000 foot-pounds
  - B.  $500\sqrt{3}$  foot-pounds
  - C.  $500\sqrt{2}$  foot-pounds
  - D. 500 foot-pounds
  - E. None of the above

- 5. Let  $\mathbf{a} = \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j}$ ,  $\mathbf{b} = \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ . The x coordinate of the unit vector in the direction  $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}$  is
  - A. 0
  - B.  $-1/\sqrt{3}$
  - C.  $1/\sqrt{3}$
  - D.  $-1/\sqrt{5}$
  - E.  $1/\sqrt{5}$

6.  $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{x \sin x}{e^x - 1 - x} =$ 

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C.  $\sqrt{e}$
- $\mathrm{D.}\ e$
- E.  $\infty$

$$7. \lim_{x \to 0^+} x^{\sqrt{x}} =$$

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C.  $\sqrt{e}$
- D. 0
- E.  $\infty$

8. 
$$\int t \cos \frac{t}{2} dt =$$

A. 
$$t^2 \sin \frac{t}{2} + C$$

B. 
$$\frac{t^2}{2}\sin\frac{t^2}{4} + C$$

$$C. \frac{t^2}{2}\cos\frac{t}{2} - t\sin\frac{t}{2} + C$$

$$D. 2t\sin\frac{t}{2} + 4\cos\frac{t}{2} + C$$

$$E. 2t\sin\frac{t}{2} - t^2\cos\frac{t}{2} + C$$

9. 
$$\int_0^4 (x-1)e^{x/3}dx =$$

A. 
$$2e^{4/3} - 1$$

C. 
$$3 - 9e^{4/3}$$

E. 
$$3e^{4/3} + 1$$

10. 
$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \cos^3 2u \sin^2 2u \, du =$$

D. 
$$2/5$$

E. 
$$-2/5$$

11. In computing  $\int x\sqrt{-3-4x-x^2}\,dx$ , which substitution should be used?

A. 
$$x = \sqrt{y}$$

$$B. \ x+2=\sqrt{y}$$

C. 
$$3 - 4x - x^2 = \sin^2 y$$

$$D. \ x + 2 = \tan y$$

$$E. x+2 = \sin y$$

12. The form of the partial fraction decomposition of  $\frac{x+1}{x^2+2x^3}$  will be

A. 
$$\frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{x^2} + \frac{C}{2x+1}$$

B. 
$$\frac{A}{x^2} + \frac{Bx + C}{2x + 1}$$

C. 
$$\frac{A}{x^2} + \frac{B}{2x+1}$$

D. 
$$\frac{Ax+B}{x^2+2x^3} + \frac{C}{2x+1}$$

E. 
$$\frac{A}{x} + \frac{B}{2x^2 + x} + C$$

13. 
$$\int_{-3}^{3} \frac{6 \, dx}{x^2 + 9} =$$

A. 0

B.  $\pi/2$ 

C.  $\pi$ 

 $D.~~12\ln18$ 

E.  $6 \ln 9$