

# MA 15400

## Spring 2014

### Exam 3

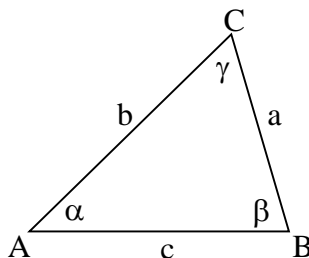
$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{a} = \frac{\sin \beta}{b} = \frac{\sin \gamma}{c}$$

$$a^2 = c^2 + b^2 - 2cb \cos \alpha$$

$$b^2 = a^2 + c^2 - 2ac \cos \beta$$

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \gamma$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{(\vec{a}) \cdot (\vec{b})}{\|\vec{a}\| \|\vec{b}\|}$$



$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\sin(2u) = 2 \sin u \cos u$$

$$\cos(2u) = \cos^2 u - \sin^2 u$$

$$\tan(2u) = \frac{2 \tan u}{1 - \tan^2 u}$$

Lessons 21-33, All of Sections 7.6, 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, and 8.4

1. Find the exact value of the expression.  $\sin^{-1}\left(\sin \frac{5\pi}{3}\right)$ .

A.  $\frac{-\pi}{3}$

B.  $\frac{\pi}{3}$

C.  $\frac{2\pi}{3}$

D.  $\frac{4\pi}{3}$

E.  $\frac{5\pi}{3}$  (Not the answer. I am NOT joking, do not pick this.)

2. Find the exact value of the expression.  $\cos\left(2\arcsin \frac{5}{13}\right)$

A.  $\frac{120}{169}$

B.  $\frac{-119}{169}$

C.  $\frac{-120}{169}$

D.  $\frac{119}{169}$

E. None of the above

3. Find the solutions of the equation that are in the interval  $\left(\frac{-\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$  rounded

to four decimal places:  $2\tan^2 t - 7\tan t + 4 = 0$

A. 1.3148, -0.6847

B. 2.7808, 0.7192

C. 1.2256, 0.6235

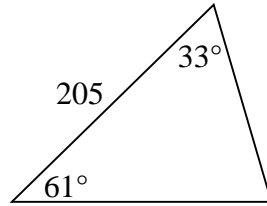
D. 3.8206, -0.8165

E. None of the above

**This would be a good time to check the mode of your calculator.**

4. Approximate the perimeter of the given triangle to the nearest whole number.  
(Not drawn to scale)

- A. 487
- B. 465
- C. 478
- D. 497
- E. None of the above



5. The following information about  $\triangle ABC$  creates two distinct triangles. Solve for both triangles and find the larger value of the two angle  $\beta$ .

$$\gamma = 68^\circ, b = 14, c = 13$$

- A. Larger  $\beta = 89.9^\circ$
- B. Larger  $\beta = 93.1^\circ$
- C. Larger  $\beta = 96.2^\circ$
- D. Larger  $\beta = 84.4^\circ$
- E. None of the above

6. Given the following information about  $\triangle ABC$ , find the value of side  $c$  to the nearest tenth.

$$\gamma = 17^\circ, b = 81, a = 62$$

- A.  $c = 27.8$
- B.  $c = 26.5$
- C.  $c = 27.1$
- D.  $c = 28.7$
- E. None of the above

Lessons 21-33, All of Sections 7.6, 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, and 8.4

7. Given the following information about  $\triangle ABC$ , find the value of the **largest angle** in the triangle to the nearest tenth.

$$a = 6, b = 12, c = 14$$

- A.  $83.6^\circ$
  - B.  $77.2^\circ$
  - C.  $96.4^\circ$
  - D.  $102.8^\circ$
  - E. None of the above
8. Given vectors  $a$  and  $b$ , find  $4a + 5b$ .

$$a = \langle 2, -5 \rangle, b = \langle 3, 1 \rangle$$

- A.  $\langle -14, 19 \rangle$
  - B.  $\langle 22, -21 \rangle$
  - C.  $\langle -15, 13 \rangle$
  - D.  $\langle 23, -15 \rangle$
  - E. None of the above
9. Find a vector of magnitude 6 that has the opposite direction of vector  $b = -4i + 7j$

A.  $\frac{24}{\sqrt{65}}i - \frac{42}{\sqrt{65}}j$

B.  $-24i + 42j$

C.  $\frac{-24}{\sqrt{65}}i + \frac{42}{\sqrt{65}}j$

D.  $24i - 42j$

E. None of the above

10. Approximate the magnitude of the vector  $c = -9i + 4j$  to the nearest tenth.

- A.  $\|c\| = 8.4$
- B.  $\|c\| = 9.8$
- C.  $\|c\| = 8.7$
- D.  $\|c\| = 9.6$
- E. None of the above

11. Approximate smallest positive angle  $\theta$  between the positive  $x$ -axis and vector  $c = -9i + 4j$  to the nearest tenth of a degree.

- A.  $\theta = 114.0^\circ$
- B.  $\theta = 109.7^\circ$
- C.  $\theta = 156.0^\circ$
- D.  $\theta = 160.3^\circ$
- E. None of the above

12. Find the angle between the two vectors to the nearest tenth of a degree.

$$a = \langle -1, 7 \rangle, b = \langle 2, 15 \rangle$$

- A.  $\theta = 64.2^\circ$
- B.  $\theta = 15.7^\circ$
- C.  $\theta = 25.8^\circ$
- D.  $\theta = 74.3^\circ$
- E. None of the above

13. Forces  $F_1 = \langle -2, 1 \rangle$ ,  $F_2 = \langle 1, 5 \rangle$ ,  $F_3 = \langle 4, -11 \rangle$  act at a point  $P$ . Find an additional force  $G$  such that equilibrium ( $\langle 0, 0 \rangle$ ) occurs.

- A.  $G = \langle -3, 5 \rangle$
- B.  $G = \langle -4, 8 \rangle$
- C.  $G = \langle -6, 9 \rangle$
- D.  $G = \langle -1, 6 \rangle$
- E. None of the above

**Questions 14 and 15:** An airplane is flying in the direction  $140^\circ$  with an airspeed of 475 mph and a 53 mph wind is blowing in the direction  $81^\circ$ .

14. Approximate the ground speed of the airplane to the nearest mile per hour.

- A.  $478\text{mph}$
- B.  $450\text{mph}$
- C.  $497\text{mph}$
- D.  $504\text{mph}$
- E. None of the above

15. Approximate the true course of the airplane to the nearest degree.

- A.  $139^\circ$
- B.  $146^\circ$
- C.  $135^\circ$
- D.  $143^\circ$
- E. None of the above

16. To determine the distance between two points  $A$  and  $B$ , a surveyor chooses a point  $C$  that is 300 yards from  $A$  and 350 yards from  $B$ . If  $m\angle BAC = 57^\circ$ , approximate the distance between  $A$  and  $B$  to the nearest whole number.
- A. 461 yards
  - B. 426 yards
  - C. 495 yards
  - D. 407 yards
  - E. None of the above
17. A ship leaves port at 1:00 pm and travels  $N32^\circ E$  at a rate of 54 mph. At the same time a second ship leaves the same port and travels  $S32^\circ E$  at a rate of 41 mph. To the nearest mile, how far apart are the two ships at 5:00 pm?
- A. 323 miles
  - B. 348 miles
  - C. 286 miles
  - D. 264 miles
  - E. None of the above
18. Find a vector with 6 times the magnitude in the same direction of vector  $a = \langle -3, 7 \rangle$
- A.  $\left\langle \frac{18}{\sqrt{58}}, \frac{-42}{\sqrt{58}} \right\rangle$
  - B.  $\langle -18, 42 \rangle$
  - C.  $\left\langle \frac{-18}{\sqrt{58}}, \frac{42}{\sqrt{58}} \right\rangle$
  - D.  $\langle 18, -42 \rangle$
  - E. None of the above

Question	Answers	
1.	$\frac{-\pi}{3}$	A
2.	$\frac{119}{169}$	D
3.	1.2256, 0.6235	C
4.	497	D
5.	Larger $\beta = 93.1^\circ$	B
6.	$c = 28.3$	E
7.	$96.4^\circ$	C
8.	$\langle 23, -15 \rangle$	D
9.	$\frac{24}{\sqrt{65}}i - \frac{42}{\sqrt{65}}j$	A
10.	$\ c\  = 9.8$	B
11.	$\theta = 156.0^\circ$	C
12.	$\theta = 15.7^\circ$	B
13.	$G = \langle -3, 5 \rangle$	A
14.	504 mph	D
15.	$135^\circ$	C
16.	407 yards	C
17.	323 miles	A
18.	$\langle -18, 42 \rangle$	B