Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_ PUID \_\_\_\_\_

ClassTime/Day	Section	Instructor	Room
MWF 8:30 am	0021	Delworth, Tim	SMITH 108
Online	0004	Delworth, Tim	

## **Instructions:**

- ♦ You must use a #2 pencil on the answer sheet.
- On the answer sheet, fill in: (This has to be correct to find your score online.)
  - a) Your last name, first name and middle initial and blacken the appropriate spaces.
  - b) Your section number and blacken the appropriate spaces.
  - c) Your 10-digit student identification number and blacken the appropriate spaces.
  - d) Fill in the test/quiz number with **01** and blacken in **01**.
  - e) Sign your name at the bottom of the answer sheet.
- ♦ Make sure that the cover of this exam matches the color of your answer sheet. If you are color blind, ask the person sitting next to you for assistance.
- ♦ There are 15 questions. On the answer sheet, blacken your choice of the correct answer in the spaces provided for questions 1-15. Do all of your work on the question sheets. Turn in the answer sheet when you leave and keep the question sheets. Only the answer sheet will be graded. Do not walk out of the Hall without turning in your answer sheet!
- ♦ All questions are worth the same. Please answer every question. No points will be deducted for wrong answers, so why would you not answer every question?
- ♦ A TI-30 XA, one-line calculator may be used. No other calculator is allowed.
- Besides your calculator, all other electronics devices must be turned off and out of sight.
- No books or papers are allowed. You cannot bring in a unit circle or a formula sheet.
- ♦ The exam is self-explanatory. Do not ask questions about any of the exam problems unless you feel there is a typo.
- Exam answers will be posted from a link in Blackboard about two hours after the exam. Exam scores will be posted in the Blackboard grade book about two days after the exam. Please check your exam score online before the next exam. The posted score is the official score. If you feel there is an error, contact Tim Delworth, <a href="delworth@purdue.edu">delworth@purdue.edu</a>.

$$\frac{\sin \alpha}{a} = \frac{\sin \beta}{b} = \frac{\sin \gamma}{c}$$

$$a^{2} = c^{2} + b^{2} - 2cb\cos\alpha$$

$$b^{2} = a^{2} + c^{2} - 2ac\cos\beta$$

$$c^{2} = a^{2} + b^{2} - 2ab\cos\gamma$$

$$A$$

$$c$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^{2} - 4ac}}{2a}$$

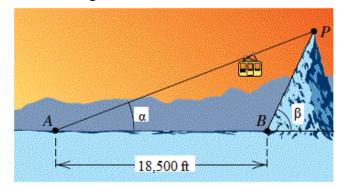
$$\sin(2u) = 2\sin u \cos u$$

$$\cos(2u) = \cos^{2} u - \sin^{2} u$$

$$\tan(2u) = \frac{2\tan u}{1 - \tan^{2} u}$$

**FINAL EXAM:** Tuesday, May 5<sup>th</sup>, starting at 8:00 am (Yes, 8:00 AM) Hall of Music, two hours, 30 questions, dress is casual

- 1. Find the perimeter of  $\triangle ABC$ , with  $\gamma = 128^{\circ}$ ,  $\alpha = 31^{\circ}$ , and  $\alpha = 13.4$  cm
  - A. 41.6*cm*
  - B. 43.2*cm*
  - C. 44.5*cm*
  - D. 39.8*cm*
  - E. 47.9*cm*
- 2. The following information,  $\alpha = 32^{\circ}$ , a = 5 cm, and b = 7 cm, yields two distinct  $\triangle ABC$ . Each has a different value for side c, angle  $\beta$ , and angle  $\gamma$ . Find the smaller value of c.
  - A. 4.9 cm
  - B. 5.4*cm*
  - C. 3.7 *cm*
  - D. 2.6*cm*
  - E. 1.8*cm*
- 3. As shown, a cable car travels from a point A, which is 18,500 ft. from a point B at the base of a mountain, to a point P at the top of the mountain. The angles of elevation of P from A and B are  $\alpha = 20^{\circ}$  and  $\beta = 70^{\circ}$ . Approximate the height of the mountain.
  - A. 8,260 ft.
  - B. 8,011 ft.
  - C. 7,762 ft.
  - D. 7,015 ft.
  - E. 6,873 ft.



- 4. Given  $\triangle ABC$ , with  $\gamma = 47^{\circ}$ , a = 160 cm, and b = 138 cm, find the measure of angle  $\alpha$ .
  - A. 76.1°
  - B. 56.9°
  - C. 62.4°
  - D. 70.6°
  - E. 66.5°
- 5. A triangular plot of land has sides of lengths 340 feet, 290 feet, and 320 feet. Approximate the smallest angle between the sides.
  - A. 46.2°
  - B. 59.8°
  - C. 67.5°
  - D. 52.0°
  - E. 60.4°
- 6. An airplane flies 150 miles from point A in the direction  $60^{\circ}$  and then travels in the direction  $110^{\circ}$  for 75 miles. Find its distance back to point A.
  - A. 206 miles
  - B. 196 *miles*
  - C. 201 miles
  - D. 181 miles
  - E. 189 miles

7. A rhombus has sides of length 124 *cm*, and the angle at one of the vertices is 73°. Approximate the length of the longer diagonal.

- A. 173.6*cm*
- B. 160.1*cm*
- C. 157.5 cm
- D. 185.3*cm*
- E. 199.4 cm

8. Find the magnitude of vector  $a = \langle -3, -9 \rangle$ .

- A. ||a|| = 10.3
- B. ||a|| = 9.5
- C. ||a|| = 8.7
- D. ||a|| = 11.7
- E. ||a|| = 8.3

9. Find the least positive angle from the positive x-axis to the vector  $a = \langle -3, -9 \rangle$ .

- A. 225.0°
- B. 211.7°
- C. 198.4°
- D. 268.3°
- E. 251.6°

- 10. Find a **unit vector** in the **same** direction as vector c = -4i + 7j.
  - A. u = 4i 7j
  - B.  $u = \frac{4}{\sqrt{65}}i \frac{7}{\sqrt{65}}j$
  - C. u = -4i + 7j
  - D.  $u = \frac{-4}{\sqrt{65}}i + \frac{7}{\sqrt{65}}j$
  - E. Purdue Pete

- 11. Find the vector of **magnitude 6** that has the **opposite** direction as vector c = -4i + 7j.
  - A. 24i 42j
  - B.  $\frac{24}{\sqrt{65}}i \frac{42}{\sqrt{65}}j$
  - C. -24i + 42j
  - D.  $\frac{-24}{\sqrt{65}}i + \frac{42}{\sqrt{65}}j$
  - E. Mitch Daniels

- 12. The magnitudes and directions of two forces acting at a point *P* are given. Approximate the magnitude of the resultant vector.
  - (a) 80*lb*,130°
- (b)  $35lb,190^{\circ}$

- A. 69.5 *lb*
- B. 94.8 *lb*
- C. 102.1 lb
- D. 76.7 *lb*
- E. 85.3 *lb*

- 13. An airplane is flying in the direction 100° with an airspeed of 500 mph, and a 40 mph wind is blowing in the direction 35°. Approximate the true course of the airplane.
  - A. 96.0°
  - B. 75.8°
  - C. 84.0°
  - D. 92.3°
  - E. 67.5°

## Hello Radians, my old friend. I've come to talk with you again. Change the mode of your calculator to Radians!

- 14. Find the solutions of the equation in the interval  $[0,2\pi)$ , and approximate the solutions to two decimal places.  $4\cos^2 t + 7\cos t 6 = 0$ 
  - A. 0.68, 2.46
  - B. 0.89, 5.39
  - C. Barack Obama
  - D. 0.68, 5.60
  - E. 0.89, 2.25

15. Two of the solutions of the given equation are  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  and  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ . Approximate the other two solutions, in the interval  $[0,2\pi)$ , to two decimal places.

$$4\sin(2\theta) = -7\cos\theta$$

- A. Vladimir Putin
- B. 4.02, 5.41
- C. 4.21, 2.08
- D. 4.02, 2.27
- E. 4.21,5.22

Question	Answer	Form 01 Green	Form 02 Orange
1.	43.2 <i>cm</i>	В	В
2.	2.6 <i>cm</i>	D	D
3.	7,762 ft.	С	С
4.	76.1°	A	A
5.	52.0°	D	D
6.	206 miles	A	A
7.	199.4 <i>cm</i>	E	Е
8.	a   = 9.5	В	В
9.	251.6°	Е	Е
10.	$u = \frac{-4}{\sqrt{65}}i + \frac{7}{\sqrt{65}}j$	D	D
11.	$\frac{24}{\sqrt{65}}i - \frac{42}{\sqrt{65}}j$	В	В
12.	102.1 <i>lb</i>	С	С
13.	96.0°	A	A
14.	0.89, 5.39	В	В
15.	4.21,5.22	Е	Е