

NAME _____

STUDENT ID # _____

RECITATION INSTRUCTOR _____

RECITATION TIME _____

DIRECTIONS

- 1) Fill in the above information. Also write your name at the top of each page of the exam.
- 2) The exam has 6 pages, including this one.
- 3) Problems 1 through 6 are multiple choice; circle the correct answer. No partial credit for these problems.
- 4) Problems 7 through 9 are problems to be worked out. Partial credit for correct work is possible. Write your answer in the box provided. **YOU MUST SHOW SUFFICIENT WORK TO JUSTIFY YOUR ANSWERS. CORRECT ANSWERS WITH INCONSISTENT WORK MAY NOT RECEIVE CREDIT.**
- 5) Points for each problem are given in parenthesis in the left margin.
- 6) No books, notes, or calculators may be used on this test.

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TOTAL	/100

- (8) 1. Find the volume of the solid region in the first octant bounded above by the plane $x + z = 3$, on the sides by the planes $x + y = 1$, $x = 0$, and $y = 0$ and below by the plane $z = 0$.

A. $\frac{5}{3}$

B. $\frac{2}{3}$

C. $\frac{1}{2}$

D. $\frac{4}{3}$

E. 2

- (8) 2. Find the surface area of the part of the parabolic cylinder $z = y^2$ that lies over the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(0, 1)$, $(1, 1)$ in the xy -plane.

A. $\frac{1}{12}(5\sqrt{5} - 1)$

B. $\frac{5}{12}\sqrt{5}$

C. $\frac{2}{3}$

D. $\frac{1}{4}$

E. $\frac{1}{12}$

(8) 3. The iterated triple integral

$$\int_{-2}^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \int_x^{3+x^2+y^2} 10y \, dz \, dy \, dx$$

in cylindrical coordinates is:

A. $\int_0^\pi \int_0^2 \int_{\cos \theta}^{3+r^2} 10r \sin \theta \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$

B. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_0^2 \int_{r \cos \theta}^{3+r^2} 10r \sin \theta \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$

C. $\int_0^\pi \int_{-2}^2 \int_{r \cos \theta}^{3+r^2} 10r^2 \sin \theta \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$

D. $\int_0^\pi \int_0^2 \int_{r \cos \theta}^{3+r^2} 10r^2 \sin \theta \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$

E. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \int_{-2}^2 \int_{r \cos \theta}^{3+r^2} 10r^2 \sin \theta \, dz \, dr \, d\theta$

(8) 4. If $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = xy\vec{i} + z^2\vec{j} + e^y\vec{k}$ then $\vec{F} \cdot \text{curl } \vec{F} =$

A. 0

B. xy^2

C. $xy(e^y - 2z) - xe^y$

D. $e^y(xy + 2z - x) - yz^2$

E. $e^y(xy + 2z - x)$

(8) 5. Compute $\int_C 6x \, ds$ where C is the graph of $y = x^2$ for $0 \leq x \leq 1$.

- A. $5\sqrt{5} - 1$
- B. $\frac{1}{2} (5\sqrt{5} - 1)$
- C. 3
- D. 2
- E. $\frac{3}{2}$

(8) 6. Compute $\int_C e^x dx + 3xy \, dy + xyz \, dz$ where C is the curve parametrized by $\vec{r}(t) = t\vec{i} + t\vec{j} + 2t\vec{k}$ for $0 \leq t \leq 1$.

- A. e
- B. $e + \frac{1}{3}$
- C. $e + \frac{1}{2}$
- D. $e + 1$
- E. $e + \frac{3}{2}$

(11) 7. Find a function $f(x, y)$ whose gradient is:

$$\text{grad } f(x, y) = (3x^2e^{2y} - y)\vec{i} + (2x^3e^{2y} - x + 2y)\vec{j}$$

and $f(1, 0) = 3$.

$f(x, y) =$

(11) 8. Use Green's Theorem to evaluate $\int_C (y^3 + 2y)dx + 3xy^2dy$, where C is the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 16$ oriented counterclockwise.

(30) 9. Let D be the solid region above the upper nappe of the cone $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$ and below the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 18$. If $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = 3x^2\vec{i} + \vec{j} + \frac{1}{2}z^2\vec{k}$, express the triple integral $\iiint_D \operatorname{div} \vec{F} dV$ as an iterated triple integral in (a) rectangular coordinates, (b) cylindrical coordinates, and (c) spherical coordinates. (Include the limits of integration.)

(a) Rectangular coordinates

(b) Cylindrical coordinates

(c) Spherical coordinates