1. Find the angle between the curves at the indicated point.

$$\mathbf{r}_1(t) = (\cos t)\mathbf{i} + (\sin t)\mathbf{i} + t\mathbf{k},$$

$$\operatorname{at} (1, 0, 0).$$

$$\mathbf{r}_2(t) = (1+t)\mathbf{i} + t^2\mathbf{j} + te^t\mathbf{k},$$

2. Solve the initial value problem

$$\mathbf{r}(0) = 0, \ \frac{d\mathbf{r}}{dt}(0) = \mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}, \ \frac{d^2\mathbf{r}}{dt} = t^2\mathbf{i} + t\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$$

3. Find the arc length

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = t^2 \mathbf{i} + 2t \mathbf{j} + (\ln t) \mathbf{k}, \qquad 1 \le t \le e^2.$$

4. Convert to Cartesian equation

$$r = 4 \tan \theta \sec \theta$$

5. Find the area of the region shared by the circles  $r = 2\sin\theta$  and  $r = 2\cos\theta$ .

6. Find the center and radius of the sphere

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 6x - 8y + 4z + 4 = 0.$$

- 7. Find the equation for the plane through (1,1,-1), (2,0,2) and (0,-2,1).
- 8. Describe the surfaces.

(a) 
$$x^2 + 4y^2 + 9z^2 = 1$$

(b) 
$$y^2 = -4x$$

(c) 
$$y^2 + x^2 = z^2$$

(d) 
$$x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = -1$$

(e) 
$$x = yz$$

9. Find the equation of tangent line at time  $t = \sqrt{3}$ .

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = (\ln(t^2 + 1))\mathbf{i} + (\tan^{-1}t)\mathbf{j} + (\sqrt{t^2 + 1})\mathbf{k}$$

10. Let C be the intersection of  $x^2 + y^2 = 16$  and x + y + z = 5. Find the curvature at (0,4,1).