## PROBLEM OF THE WEEK Solution of Problem No. 10 (Fall 2002 Series)

**Problem:** Given a triangle T with points A, B, C, one on the interior of each side, let  $\Gamma$  be the circle passing through A, B and C. Show that  $\Gamma$  is not smaller than the incircle of T.

## Solution (by Yifau Liang, Gr. ECE)

Let  $d_a, d_b, d_c$  denote the distances of the center O of  $\Gamma$  from the sides a, b, c resp., let r denote the radius of  $\Gamma$ ,  $\rho$  the radius of the incircle. Clearly,

$$d_a, d_b, d_c \leq r.$$

The area of T is given by

$$|T| = \frac{1}{2}(ad_a + bd_b + cd_c) \le \frac{1}{2}(a + b + c)r$$

if O is inside T. Otherwise, there are one or two minus signs in the first sum but the upper bound remains the same. But also

$$T| = \frac{1}{2}(a+b+c)\rho.$$

Hence  $\rho \leq r$ .

Also solved by:

Faculty: Steven Landy (Physics at IUPUI)

Correct late solutions were received from Eric Tkaczyk (Sr. EE/MA) and George Hassapis (Gr. MA)

One incorrect late solution was received.