

PROBLEM OF THE WEEK
Solution of Problem No. 11 (Fall 2007 Series)

Problem: Find the sum of the series

$$S = \cos^3 x - \frac{1}{3} \cos^3 3x + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos^3 3^2 x - \frac{1}{3^3} \cos^3 3^3 x + \cdots$$

Solution (by Richard Eden, Math Grad Student)

It is easy to show, using basic trigonometric identities, that $\cos(3t) = 4\cos^3 t - 3\cos t$, so $4\cos^3 t = \cos 3t + 3\cos t$. Letting $t = 3^m x$ ($m = 0, 1, 2, \dots$), we have

$$4\cos^3(3^m x) = \cos(3^{m+1} x) + 3\cos(3^m x).$$

Let $S_N(x) = \sum_{m=0}^N \frac{(-1)^m}{3^m} \cos^3(3^m x)$. Therefore,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{4}{3} S_N(x) &= \sum_{m=0}^N (-1)^m \frac{4\cos^3(3^m x)}{3^{m+1}} \\ &= \sum_{m=0}^N (-1)^m \left\{ \frac{\cos(3^{m+1} x)}{3^{m+1}} + \frac{\cos(3^m x)}{3^m} \right\} \\ &= \left\{ \frac{\cos(3x)}{3} + \frac{\cos(x)}{1} \right\} - \left\{ \frac{\cos(3^2 x)}{3^2} + \frac{\cos(3x)}{3} \right\} + \cdots + (-1)^N \left\{ \frac{\cos(3^{N+1} x)}{3^{N+1}} + \frac{\cos(3^N x)}{3^N} \right\} \\ &= (-1)^N \frac{\cos(3^{N+1} x)}{3^{N+1}} + \cos x. \end{aligned}$$

The first term approaches 0 as $N \rightarrow \infty$. Thus,

$$\begin{aligned} S &= \cos^3 x - \frac{1}{3} \cos^3(3x) + \frac{1}{3^2} \cos^3(3^2 x) - \frac{1}{3^3} \cos^3(3^3 x) + \cdots \\ &= \sum_{m=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^m}{3^m} \cos^3(3^m x) \\ &= \lim_{N \rightarrow \infty} S_N(x) \\ &= \frac{3}{4} \cos x. \end{aligned}$$

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