# PROBLEM OF THE WEEK 

Solution of Problem No. 13 (Fall 2012 Series)

## Problem:

What is the maximum value of $a$ and the minimum value of $b$ for which

$$
\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)^{n+a} \leq e \leq\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)^{n+b}
$$

for every positive integer $n$.

Solution: (by Gruian Cornel, Cluj-Napoca, Romania)
The answer is $a_{\max }=\frac{1}{\ln 2}-1$ and $b_{\min }=\frac{1}{2}$. Consider the functions $f, g, h:[1, \infty) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $f(x)=\frac{1}{\ln (1+1 / x)}-x$ with $f(1)=\frac{1}{\ln 2}-1>0$. Applying L'Hospital twice we have

$$
\begin{aligned}
\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x)^{L^{\prime} H o s p i t a l} & =\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-\ln (1+1 / x)+\frac{1}{x+1} L^{\prime} \text { Hospital }}{\frac{1}{x+1}-\frac{1}{x}} \\
& =\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x}-\frac{1}{x+1}-\frac{1}{(x+1)^{2}}}{\frac{1}{x^{2}}-\frac{1}{(x+1)^{2}}}=\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x+1}}{\frac{1}{x}+\frac{1}{x+1}}=\frac{1}{2} .
\end{aligned}
$$

Now we prove that $f$ is increasing. $f^{\prime}(x)=\frac{g(x)}{(\ln (1+1 / x))^{2}}$ where $g(x)=\frac{1}{x}-\frac{1}{x+1}-$ $(\ln (1+1 / x))^{2} \cdot g^{\prime}(x)=\left(\frac{1}{x}-\frac{1}{x+1}\right) h(x)$ where $h(x)=2 \ln (1+1 / x)-\frac{1}{x+1}-\frac{1}{x}$ and $h^{\prime}(x)=\left(\frac{1}{x+1}-\frac{1}{x}\right)^{2}>0$. Therefore $h$ is increasing, $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} h(x)=0$ and so $h<0$. Therefore $g^{\prime}<0, g$ is decreasing, $\lim _{x \rightarrow \infty} g(x)=0$ and so $g>0$. Therefore $f^{\prime}>0$, and so $f$ is increasing. Hence $f(1) \leq f(x)<\frac{1}{2}$ so $\ln \left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{x+\frac{1}{\ln 2}-1} \leq 1<\ln \left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)^{x+\frac{1}{2}}$ and so for any $n \in \mathbb{N}^{*},\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{\ln 2}-1} \leq e<\left(1+\frac{1}{n}\right)^{n+\frac{1}{2}}$. Note that $b_{\text {min }}=\frac{1}{2}$ is optimal but there is no $n$ such that the equality holds in the right side of the double inequality.

## The problem was also solved by:

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