

# Practice problems for Exam 1 in class, Wed, Feb 28

1.  $A, B, C$  sets. Prove that  $A \setminus (B \cap C) = (A \setminus B) \cup (A \setminus C)$ .
2. If  $f: A \rightarrow B$  and  $E, F$  are subsets of  $A$ , show that  $f(E \cap F) \subseteq f(E) \cap f(F)$ . Is the reverse inclusion always true?
- p. 16: 18
- p. 36: 18a  $\max\{a, b\} = \frac{1}{2}(a + b + |a - b|)$
- p. 39: 4, 7
3. What is the Archimedean property of  $\mathbb{R}$ ?
4. Explain how to use the Nested closed interval theorem to prove that  $[0, 1]$  is uncountable.
5. Prove that a convergent sequence  $(x_n)$  cannot have two distinct limits  $L_1, L_2$ ,  $L_1 \neq L_2$ .
- p. 63: 11, 12, 13, 17
- p. 70: 7, 14
- p. 77: 7, 12ab
- p. 84: 9
- p. 91: 5, 8
- p. 93: 1, 4d
- p. 101: 6a
6. What is  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n^2}\right)^n$ ? Explain.
7. Why is there no largest set in Cantor's sense?
8. Give the  $\varepsilon$ -definition of the limit of a sequence.
9. What is a Cauchy sequence?