Simplify your final answer. Show all relevant work for each problem. Little to no work, even with a correct answer, will receive little to no credit.

1. Find the second derivative of $h(x) = 2x^3 \ln(4x)$.

$$h'(x) = 6x^{2} ln(4x) + 2x^{3} \frac{4}{4x}$$

 $h'(x) = 6x^{2} ln(4x) + 2x^{2}$
 $h''(x) = 12 \times ln(4x) + 6x^{2} \frac{4}{4x} + 4x$
 $h''(x) = 12 \times ln(4x) + 6x + 4x$
 $h''(x) = 12 \times ln(4x) + 10 \times$

2. Use implicit differentiation to find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ given $3\sin(x)\cos(y) = 20$. Simplify your final answer as much as possible (no fractions).

$$3\sin(x)\cos(y) = 20$$

$$\Rightarrow 3\cos(x)\cos(y) + 3\sin(x)(-\sin(y))\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 3\cos(x)\cos(y) = 3\sin(x)\sin(y)\frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\cos(x)\cos(y)}{\sin(x)\sin(y)} = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\cos(x)\cos(y)}{\sin(x)\sin(y)} = \frac{dy}{dx}$$