

13.6 Quadric Surfaces (part 2)

Example

$$x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = 1$$

x -ints: $x^2 = 1 \rightarrow x = \pm 1$

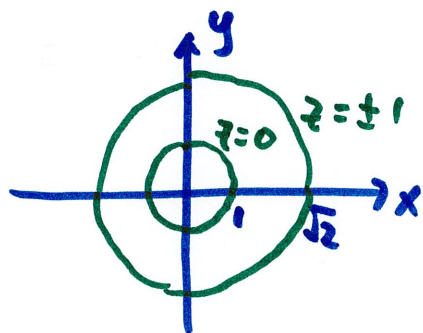
y -ints: $y = \pm 1$

z -ints: $-z^2 = 1 \rightarrow$ no solutions, so no z -ints

xy -trace ($z=0$): $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ circle radius 1

trace w/ $z=k$: $x^2 + y^2 = 1 + k^2$ circle radius $\sqrt{1+k^2}$

away from xy -plane, circles get bigger



xz -trace ($y=0$): $x^2 - z^2 = 1$ hyperbola vertices on x -axis

if $z=0$, $x^2 = 1 \rightarrow x = \pm 1$

if $x=0$, $-z^2 = 1 \rightarrow$ no z -ints

trace w/ $y=k$ $x^2 - z^2 = 1 - k^2$

if $|k| < 1$ ($-1 < k < 1$) $1 - k^2 > 0$

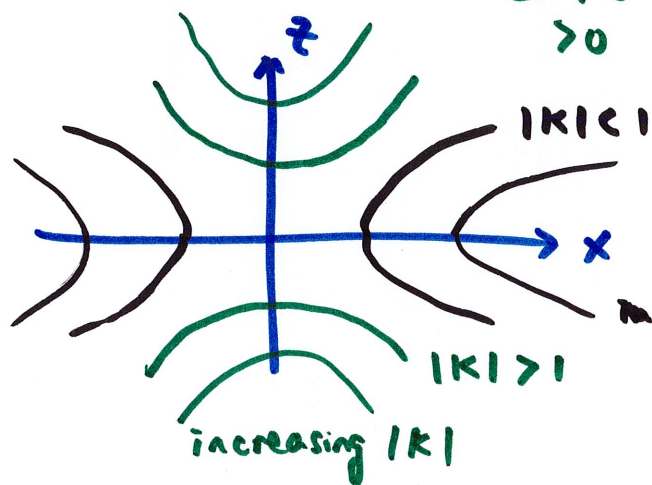
x -ints: $\pm \sqrt{1 - k^2}$

if $|k| > 1$ ($k < -1$ or $k > 1$) $1 - k^2 < 0$

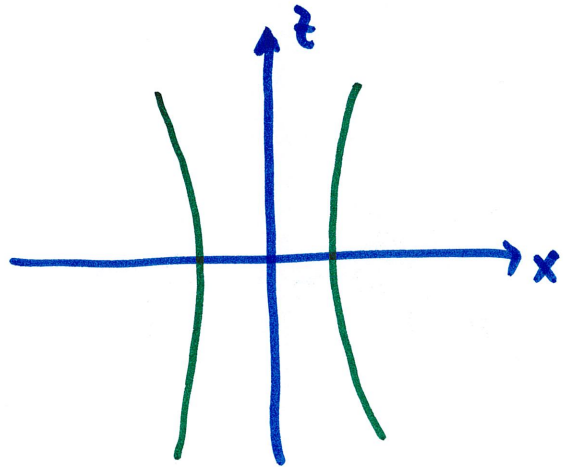
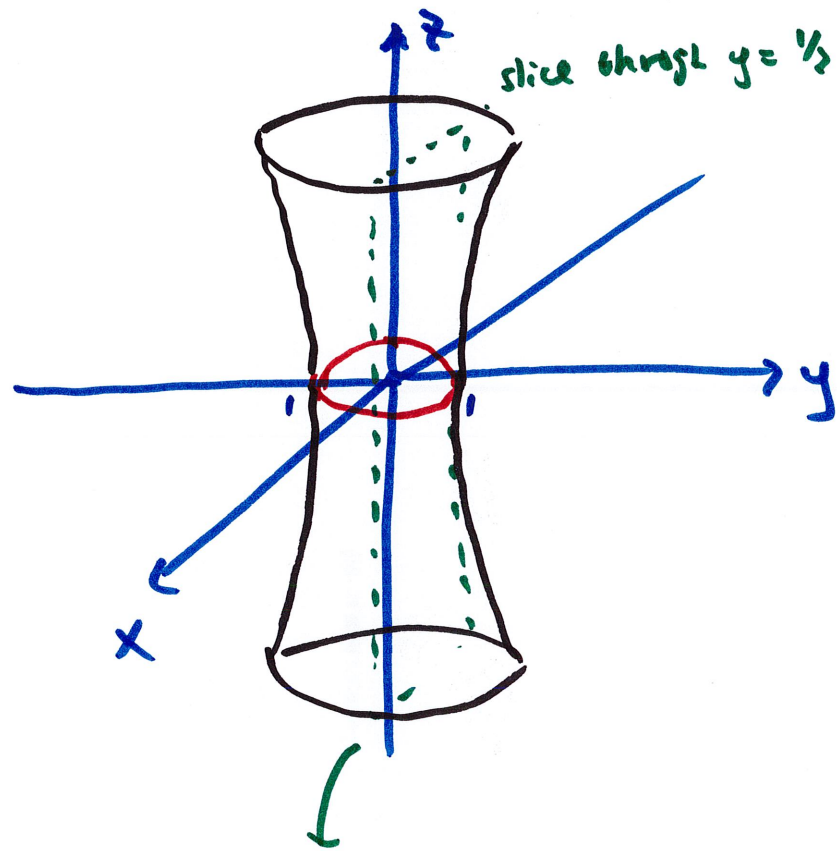
$x^2 - z^2 = \underbrace{1 - k^2}_{< 0}$

$z^2 - x^2 = \underbrace{k^2 - 1}_{> 0}$

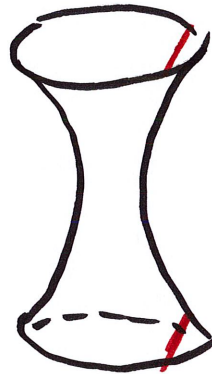
z -ints: $\pm \sqrt{k^2 - 1}$



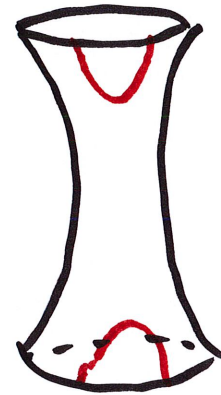
Where are the switching hyperboles?



slice away not through the "neck"
(e.g. $y = 2$)



side view



example $-x^2 - y^2 + z^2 = 1$

x-ints: none $-x^2 = 1$ has no solutions

y-ints: none

z-ints: $z = \pm 1$

xy-trace ($z=0$): $-x^2 - y^2 = 1 \rightarrow x^2 + y^2 = -1$ not a "real" shape
Surface does NOT intersect xy-plane

trace w/ $z=k$: $-x^2 - y^2 = 1 - k^2$

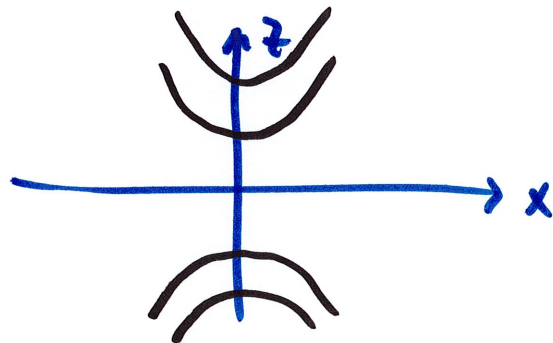
$x^2 + y^2 = k^2 - 1$ circles w/ radius $\sqrt{k^2 - 1}$

~~$-1 \leq k \leq 1$~~ $k \geq 1, k \leq -1$

xz-trace ($y=0$): $-x^2 + z^2 = 1$ hyperbola w/ vertices at $z = \pm 1$

trace w/ $y=k$: $-x^2 + z^2 = 1 + k^2$ hyperbola w/ vertices at $z = \pm \sqrt{1 + k^2}$

no switching

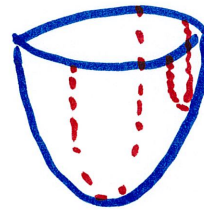
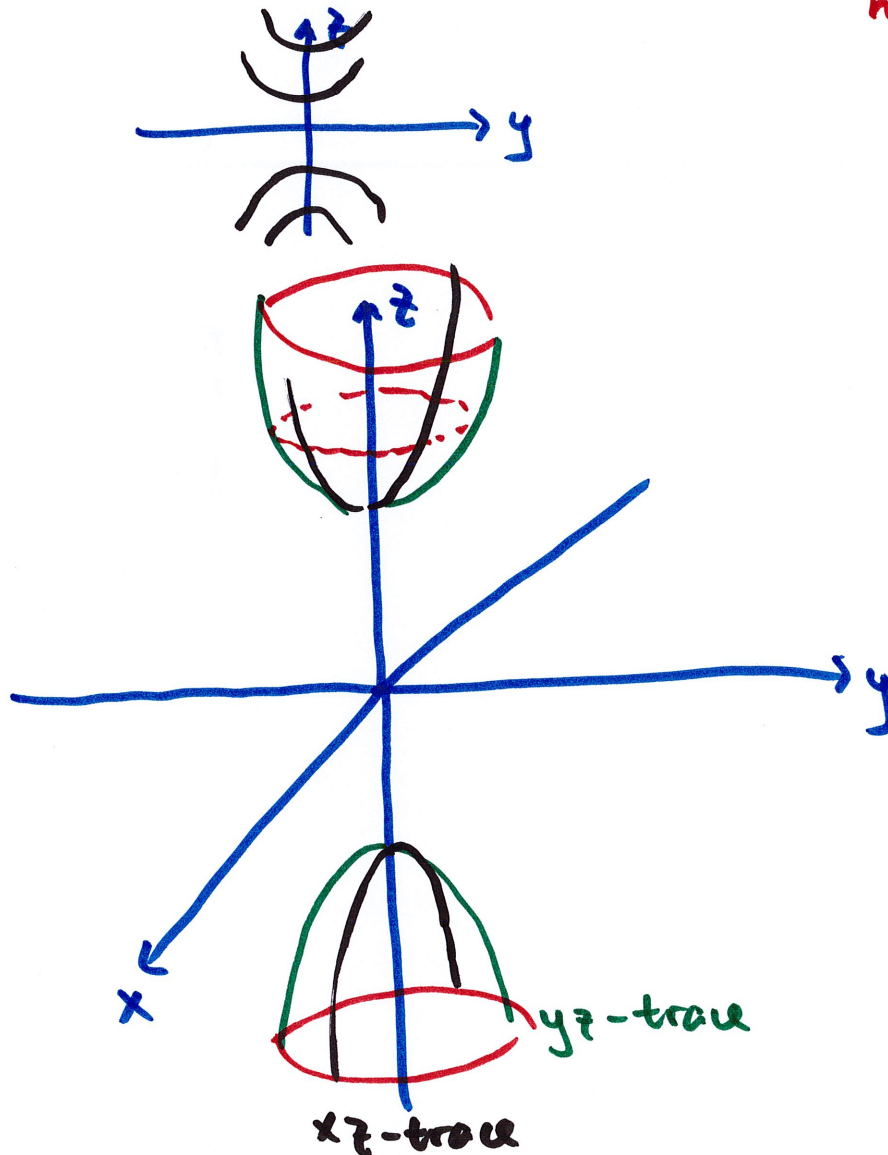


Same thing with yz -slices

yz -trace ($x=0$): $-y^2 + z^2 = 1$ hyperbola vertices at $z = \pm 1$

trace w/ $x=k$: $-y^2 + z^2 = 1+k^2$ " " at $z = \pm \sqrt{1+k^2}$

no switching



Hyperboloid of Two Sheets

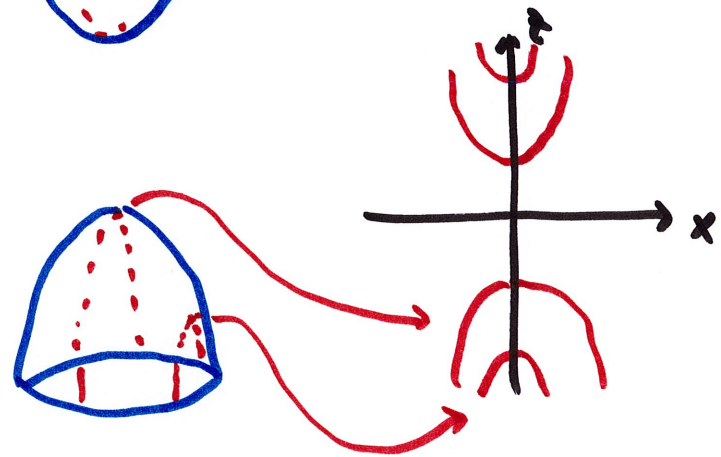
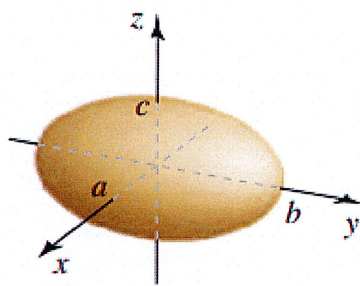
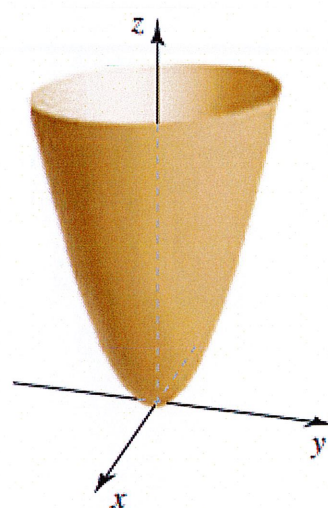
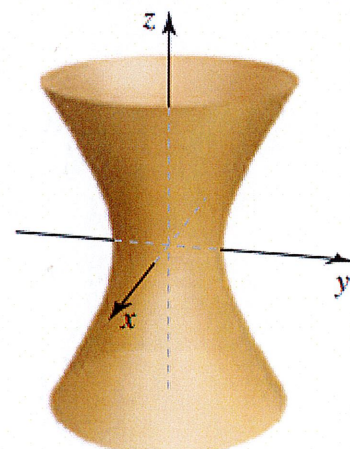


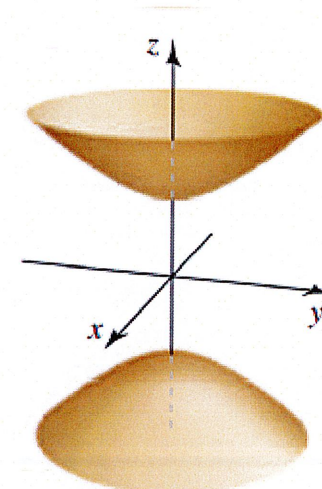
Table 13.1

Name	Standard Equation	Features	Graph
Ellipsoid	$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$	All traces are ellipses.	
Elliptic paraboloid	$z = \frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2}$	Traces with $z = z_0 > 0$ are ellipses. Traces with $x = x_0$ or $y = y_0$ are parabolas.	
Hyperboloid of one sheet	$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} - \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$	Traces with $z = z_0$ are ellipses for all z_0 . Traces with $x = x_0$ or $y = y_0$ are hyperbolas.	

Hyperboloid
of two sheets

$$-\frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

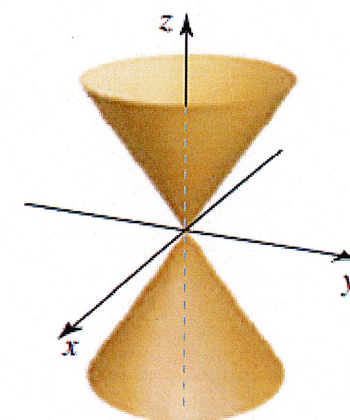
Traces with $z = z_0$ with $|z_0| > |c|$ are ellipses. Traces with $x = x_0$ and $y = y_0$ are hyperbolas.



Elliptic cone

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = \frac{z^2}{c^2}$$

Traces with $z = z_0 \neq 0$ are ellipses. Traces with $x = x_0$ or $y = y_0$ are hyperbolas or intersecting lines.



Hyperbolic
paraboloid

$$z = \frac{x^2}{a^2} - \frac{y^2}{b^2}$$

Traces with $z = z_0 \neq 0$ are hyperbolas. Traces with $x = x_0$ or $y = y_0$ are parabolas.

