Quiz 4

$$(S^{2}+4)Y = \frac{S^{2}+1}{1} - e^{-2\pi S} \frac{S^{2}+1}{1}$$

$$\zeta = \frac{(2544)(2541)}{(2544)(2541)} - 6-5422 \frac{(2544)(2541)}{(2544)(2541)}$$

$$\frac{1}{(S^{2}+4)(S^{2}+1)} = \frac{AS+B}{S^{2}+4} + \frac{CS+D}{S^{2}+1}$$

$$B+40=1$$
  $3D=1$   $D=\frac{1}{3}$   $B=-\frac{1}{3}$ 

$$\frac{(25+4)(25+1)}{1} = -\frac{3}{1} \frac{25+4}{1} + \frac{3}{1} \frac{25+1}{1}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{6} \sin 2t + \frac{1}{3} \sin t - U_{2\pi}(t) \cdot \left[ -\frac{1}{6} \sin 2(t - 2\pi) + \frac{1}{3} \sin(t - 2\pi) \right]$$

2. 
$$y''+ky' = \delta(t-\pi) - \delta(t-2\pi)$$
  $y(0)=y'(0) = 0$ 

$$(S^{2}t+)Y = e^{-\pi S} - e^{-2\pi S}$$

$$Y = e^{-\pi S} \frac{1}{S^{2}t+} - e^{-2\pi S} \frac{1}{S^{2}t+}$$

$$Y = U_{\pi}(t) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sin 2(t-\pi) - U_{2\pi}(t) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sin 2(t-2\pi)$$