## MA 266 Review Midterm

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## **Review Midterm - Examples taken from previous exams**

**Example 1.** Determine the interval where the solution guaranteed to exist for the following *IVP*:

$$(t+2)y'+y = \frac{1}{t-1}, \qquad y(0) = \frac{1}{2}.$$

Example 2. Find the general solution of

$$x^2y' + 2xy = e^{3x}.$$

**Example 3.** If y = y(x) is the solution to

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4xy}{2+x^2}, \qquad y(0) = 4,$$

then  $y(\sqrt{3}) = ?$ 

**Example 4.** Let y(t) denote the solution to the IVP:

$$y''' + 3y'' + 2y' = 0$$
,  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $y'(0) = -1$ ,  $y''(0) = 1$ .

What is the value of y(1)?

**Example 5.** Solve the initial value problem for the homogeneous equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x^4 + y^4}{xy^3}, \quad y(e) = e, \quad x > 0.$$

by using a substitution v = y/x.

**Example 6.** Find if the following equation is exact:

$$(e^x \sin y - 2y \sin x) + (e^x \cos y + 2\cos x + 2y)y' = 0; \quad y(0) = \pi.$$

If YES, find the implicit solution of the IVP with initial condition  $y(0) = \pi$ .

**Example 7.** Determine the stability of the equilibrium solutions of the following autonomous equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = y(9 - y^2).$$

**Example 8.** Use Euler's method to find approximate value of y(0.2) for the following IVP with step size h = 0.1,

$$y' = y^2 + t^2$$
,  $y(0) = 1$ .

**Example 9.** Consider a point that initially contains 10 million gal of water. Water containing a polluted chemical flows into the point at the rate of 6 million gal/yr, and the mixture in the point flows out at the rate of 5 million gal/yr. The concentration  $\gamma(t)$  of chemical in the incoming water varies as  $\gamma(t) = 2 + \sin 2t$  grams/gal. Let Q(t) be the amount of chemical at time t measured by millions of grams. Derive the differential equation of the process.

**Example 10.** Let y(t) be the solution of the IVP:

$$y''' + y' = 0$$
,  $y(0) = 2$ ,  $y'(0) = 1$ ,  $y''(0) = 1$ ,

then  $y(\pi) = ?$ 

**Example 11.** Find the particular solution of the IVP:

$$y' = \frac{1-2x}{y}, \quad y(1) = -2,$$

in explicit form.

**Example 12.** Find the solution of the IVP

$$y'' + y' - 6y = 0$$
,  $y(0) = 0$ ,  $y'(0) = 5$ .