

TI-30Xa/30Xa Solar, English

www.ti.com/calc

ti-cares@ti.com

TI-30Xa

and TI-30Xa SOLAR

Scientific Calculators

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TI-30Xa (battery)

- ON/C turns on the TI-30Xa.
- OFF turns off the TI-30Xa and clears display, settings, and pending operations, but not memory.
- APD™ (Automatic Power Down™) turns off the TI-30Xa automatically if no key is pressed for about 5 minutes, but does not clear display, settings, pending operations, or memory.

Note: <u>ON/C</u> after APD retrieves display, pending operations, settings, and memory.

TI-30Xa Solar

- To turn on the TI-30Xa Solar, expose the solar panel to light and press <u>ON/AC</u>. Note: Always press <u>ON/AC</u> to clear the calculator because memory and display may contain incorrect numbers.
- To turn off the TI-30Xa Solar, cover the solar panel with the slide case.

2nd Functions

2nd functions are printed above the keys. (2nd) selects the 2nd function of the next key pressed. For example, 2 (2nd) [x³] calculates the cube of 2.

Results

The calculator can display up to 10 digits plus a minus sign (-9,999,999,999 through 9,999,999) and a 2-digit exponent. Results with more than 10 digits display in scientific notation.

Basic Arithmet	ic	
+ - × ÷	60 + 5 × 12 =	120.
Ξ	Completes all pending operation With constant (κ), repeats the operation and value.	ons.
+2-	Changes sign of value just enter	ered.
	1 + 8 + 2 - + 12 =	5.
	Parenthetical expression (up to open). (=) closes all open parentheses.	5 15
π	Pi is calculated with 12 digits (3.14159265359), displayed widigits (3.141592654).	th 10
	2 × π ≡ 6.28318	5307

Percents

Percentage (5% of 250)	
250 🗵 5 [2nd [%]	0.05
Ξ	12.5
Ratio (Ratio of 250 to 5)	
250 ÷ 5 2nd [%]	0.05
Ξ	5000.
Add-On (5% add-on of 250)	
250 + 5 (2nd [%]	12.5
Ξ	262.5
Discount (5% discount of 250)	
250 — 5 (2nd [%]	12.5
Ξ	237.5

Fractions		
b <u>a ½</u> c	Enters a proper or impro b/c (b \leq 6 digits, c \leq 3 possible, improper fracti displayed as mixed num	digits). When ons are
	3 <u>ab/</u> 4 × 3 =	3⊔4 2_1⊔4
	Single-variable functions decimal results.	
	1 ab/c 2 x²	0.25
a (a)%) b (a)%) C	Enters the mixed fraction (a , b , c \leq 3 digits each, digits \leq 8).	
	$6 \underline{abc} 4 \underline{abc} 6$	6_4」6 6_2」3
[2nd] [d/c]		6_2_3 n a mixed
2nd [d/c]	E Toggles display between	6_2_3 n a mixed
[2nd] [d/c]	E Toggles display between number and an imprope	6_2J n a mixed r fraction.
[2nd] [d/c]	Toggles display between number and an imprope 30 av6 4	6_2_3 n a mixed r fraction. 30_4
[2nd] [d/c]	Image: Constraint of the second se	$6_2 \lrcorner 3$ n a mixed r fraction. $30 \lrcorner 4$ $7_1 \lrcorner 2$
2nd [d/c] 2nd [F D]	Toggles display between number and an imprope 30 (ab/c) 2nd (d/c) 2nd (d/c)	6_2_3 n a mixed r fraction. 30_4 7_1_2 15_2 7_1_2
	Toggles display between number and an imprope 30 (ab/c) 4 (2nd) (d/c) (2nd) (d/c) (2nd) (d/c) Toggles display between	6_2_3 n a mixed r fraction. 30_4 7_1_2 15_2 7_1_2
	E Toggles display between number and an imprope 30 ⓐb€ 4 2nd [d/c] 2nd [d/c] Toggles display between decimal. 55 ⓐb€ 24	$6_{2} \exists 3$ n a mixed r fraction. $30 \exists 4$ $7_{1} \exists 2$ $7_{1} \exists 2$ $7_{1} \exists 2$ n fraction and

If a result would overflow or if fixed decimal is 0, no fraction to decimal conversion occurs. It is not an error. Denominator must be a whole number \leq 999.

Powers and Roots

1/X	8 1/x + 4 1/x =	0.375
X ²	6 x² + 2 =	38.
\sqrt{X}	256 vx + 4 vx =	18.
2nd [x ³]	2 2nd [x ³] + 2 =	10.
[2nd] [∛x]	8 2nd [∛x] + 4 =	6.
УX	5 y× 3 =	125.
[2nd] [∛y]	8 [2nd] [Xy] 3 =	2.

Logarithmic Functions LOG 15.32 LOG 1.185258765 + 12.45 LOG = 2.280428117 2nd [10[×]] 2 [2nd] [10^x] - 10 [x²] = 0. [LN] 15.32 LN 2.729159164 5.250879787 + 12.45 LN = [2nd] [e^x] .693 [2nd] [e^x] 1.999705661 + 1 = 2.999705661

(e=2.71828182846)

degrees, radia	ans, and	d grads
Cycles (converts) angle-unit setting between degrees, radians, and grads for display, entry, and calculation.		
45	DEG	45
2nd [DRG+]	RAD	0.785398163
2nd [DRG+]	GRAD	50.
2nd [DRG+]	DEG	45.
	degrees, radia without affect Cycles (conve between degr grads for disp calculation. 45 [2nd] [DRG-] [2nd] [DRG-]	bétween degrees, rad grads for display, enti- calculation. 45 DEG [2nd] [DRG-] RAD [2nd] [DRG-] GRAD

DMS

Enter DMS (Degrees/Minutes/Seconds) values as **D.MMSSs**, using 0s as necessary:

D	degrees (0–7 digits)
	decimal-point separator
MM	minutes (must be 2 digits)
SS	seconds (must be 2 digits)
s	fractional part of a second

For example, enter 48°5'3.5" as 48.05035.

Note: Before using a DMS value in a calculation, you must convert it to decimal with [2nd] [DMS-DD].

[2nd] [DMS►DD]	Interprets display as DMS converts it to decimal.	S and
	30.09090 [2nd] [DMS+DD]	30.1525
2nd [DD+DMS]	Temporarily displays curr DMS.	rent value as
	30.1525 [2nd] [DD+DMS]	30°09'09"0

Rectangular to Polar

[2nd] [R-P] converts rectangular coordinates (x,y) to polar coordinates (r,θ) .

Convert rectangular coordinates (10,8) to polar.

DRG (if necessary)	DEG	
10 [2nd] [x=y] 8	DEG	8
[2nd] [R►P] (display r)	DEG r	12.80624847
2nd [X≒y] (display θ)	DEG	38.65980825

Polar to Rectangular

[2nd] [P-R] converts polar coordinates (r, θ) to rectangular coordinates (x, y).

Convert polar coordinates (5,30) to rectangular.

DRG (if necessary)	DEG	
5 [2nd] [x=y] 30	DEG	30
2nd $[P \cdot R]$ (display x)	DEG x	4.330127019
2nd $[X = y]$ (display y)	DEG	2.5

Trigonometric Functions

Before using the trigonometric functions (<u>[SIN]</u>, <u>COS</u>, <u>(TAN)</u>, [2nd] [SIN⁻¹], [2nd] [COS⁻¹], or [2nd] [TAN⁻¹]), select **DEG**, **RAD**, or **GRAD** with [DRG]. **Note:** Before using a DMS value in a calculation, you must convert it to decimal with [2nd] [DMS-DD].

DRG (if necessary)	DEG	
90 (SIN	DEG	1.
- 30 COS	DEG	0.866025404
Ξ	DEG	0.133974596
1 [2nd] [SIN-1]	DEG	90.
5 =	DEG	89.5

Hyperbolic Functions

To access hyperbolic functions, press <u>HYP</u> and then the function (<u>HYP</u> <u>SIN</u>, <u>HYP</u> <u>COS</u>, <u>HYP</u> <u>TAN</u>, <u>HYP</u> [2nd [SIN⁻¹], <u>HYP</u> [2nd [COS⁻¹], <u>HYP</u> [2nd [TAN⁻¹]).

Note: DEG, **RAD**, or **GRAD** does not affect hyperbolic calculations.

5 HYP SIN	74.20321058
+ 2 =	76.20321058
5 HYP [2nd [SIN-1]	2.312438341
+ 2 =	4.312438341

One-Variable Statistics

[2nd] [CSR]	Clears all statistical data.
Σ+	Enters a data point.
2nd [Σ-]	Removes a data point.
[2nd] [FRQ]	Adds or removes multiple occurrences of a data point.
	Enter data point, press [2nd] [FR0], enter frequency (1–99), press Σ + to add or [2nd] [Σ -] to remove data points.
[2nd] [Σx]	Sum.
[2nd] [Σx ²]	Sum of squares.
[2nd] [x]	Mean.
[2nd] [σxn]	Population standard deviation $(n \text{ weighting}).$
[2nd] [σxn-1]	Sample standard deviation (<i>n</i> -1 weighting).
[2nd] [n]	Number of data points.

Find the sum, mean, population standard deviation, and sample standard deviation for the data set: 45, 55, 55, 55, 60, 80. The last data point is erroneously entered as 8, removed with $[2nd] [\Sigma-]$, and then correctly entered as 80.

[2nd] [CSR] (if STAT is displayed)		
45 <u>Σ</u> +	n=	1
55 (2nd) [FRQ] 3 Σ+	n=	4
60 <u>Σ</u> +	n=	5
8 Σ+	n=	6
8 <u>2nd</u> [Σ–]	n=	5
80 <u>Σ+</u>	n=	6
$2nd [\Sigma x] (sum)$		350.
$2nd$ $[\bar{x}]$ (mean)		58.33333333
[2nd] $[\sigma xn]$ (deviation, n weighting))	10.67187373
2nd [σ xn-1] (deviation, n -1 weight	ting)	11.69045194

Probability

A **combination** is an arrangement of objects in which order is not important, as in a hand of cards. [2nd] [nCr] calculates the number of possible combinations of n items taken r at a time.

Calculate the number of 5-card poker hands that can be dealt from a deck of 52 cards.

A **permutation** is an arrangement of objects in which the order is important, as in a race. [2nd] [nPr] calculates the number of possible permutations of n items taken rat a time.

Calculate the number of possible permutations for the 1st-, 2nd-, and 3rd-place finishers (no ties) in an 8-horse race.

8 [2nd] [nPr] 3 (=)	336.

A **factorial** is the product of the positive integers from 1 to n. (n must be a positive whole number \leq 69).

Using the digits 1, 3, 7, and 9 only one time each, how many 4-digit numbers can you form?

4 [2nd] [x!] 24

Clearing and Correcting

ON/C (battery) CE/C (solar)	Clears value (before operation key) and κ , but not M1, M2, M3, or STAT.
ON/C ON/C (battery) CE/C CE/C (solar	Clears display, errors, all pending operations and κ , but not M1, M2, M3, or) STAT.
OFF ON/C (battery)	Clears display, errors, all pending operations, κ , and stat, but not M1, M2, and M3. Sets DEG angle units, floating-decimal format.
ON/AC (solar)	Clears display, errors, all pending operations, K, STAT, M1, M2, and M3. Sets DEG angle units, floating-decimal format.
÷	Deletes right-most character in display.
0 STO n	Clears memory n.
2nd [FL0]	Clears sci or ENG notation.
2nd [FIX] 💽	Clears FIX notation.
2nd [CSR]	Clears all statistical data.

Constants (Repeated Operations)

A constant contains an operation and a value. To establish a constant, press $2nd [\kappa]$ after entering the operation and value. The repeats the calculation. Another operation, <u>ON/AC</u> (solar), <u>CE/C</u> (solar), or <u>ON/C</u> (battery) clears κ .

8 + 7 2nd [K]	к	7.
Ξ	к	15.
5 =	к	12.
6.6 =	К	13.6

Memory

The calculator has 3 memories. When a memory contains a number other than 0, M1, M2, or M3 displays. To clear a single memory, press 0 (STO) 1, 0 (STO) 2, or 0 (STO) 3. To clear all 3 memories (solar only), press ($\overline{ON/AC}$).

STO n	Stores displayed v	alue in men	norv
	n, replacing currer		
	23 <u>STO</u> 1	M1	23.
	+ 2 =	M1	25.
RCL n	Recalls value in m	emory n.	
	(continued)		
	RCL 1	M1	23.
	+ 3 =	M1	26.
2nd [SUM] n	Adds displayed value to memory n.		ory n.
	(continued)		
	4 [2nd] [SUM] 1	M1	4.
	RCL 1	M1	27.
2nd [EXC] n	Exchanges display	ed and mer	nory
	values.		
	(continued)		
	3 🗙 5 🚍	M1	15.
	2nd [EXC] 1	M1	27.
	[2nd] [EXC] 1	M1	15.

Order of Operations 1st Expressions inside parentheses. 2nd Single-variable functions that perform the calculation and display the result immediately (square, square root, cube, cube root, trigonometric, factorial, logarithmic, percent, reciprocals, angle conversions). 3rd Combinations and permutations.

Exponentiation and roots.

Multiplication and division.

Addition and subtraction.

completes all operations.

4th

5th

6th

7th

The TI-30Xa uses AOS[™] (Algebraic Operating System). It stores up to 4 pending operations (2 when **STAT** is displayed).

Notation [2nd] [SCI] Selects scientific notation 12345 = 12345. 1.2345⁰⁴ 2nd [SCI] SCI [2nd] [ENG] Selects engineering notation (exponent is a multiple of 3). (continued) 12.345⁰³ [2nd] [ENG] ENG 2nd [FLO] Restores standard notation (floatingdecimal) format. [2nd] [FIX] n Sets decimal places to n (0–9). retaining notation format. (continued) 12.35 ⁰³ [2nd] [FIX] 2 FIX 12.3450 03 [2nd] [FIX] 4 FIX [2nd] [FIX] • Removes fixed-decimal setting. [EE] Enters exponent.

You can enter a value in floating-decimal, fixeddecimal, or scientific notation, regardless of display format. Display format affects only results.

To enter a number in scientific notation:

- Enter up to 10 digits for base (mantissa). If negative, press +2- after entering the mantissa.
- 2. Press EE.
- 3. Enter 1 or 2 digit exponent. If negative, press +2either before or after entering exponent.

1.2345 +-- EE +-- 65

-1.2345 -65

Display Indicators

M1, M2, Or M3	A value other than 0 in м1, м2, or м3.
2nd	Calculator will access 2nd function (printed above key) of next key pressed.
НҮР	Calculator will access hyperbolic function of next key pressed.
SCI OF ENG	Scientific or engineering notation.
FIX	Fixed-decimal setting.
STAT	Statistical register contains data.
DEG, RAD, Or GRAD	Specifies angle-unit setting (degrees, radians, or grads). When you turn on the calculator, angle units are degrees.
x	<i>x</i> -coordinate of polar to rectangular conversion.
r	<i>r</i> -coordinate of rectangular to polar conversion.
()	1 or more open parentheses.
Error	Error has occurred. Clear calculator and begin again.
к	Constant is active.

Error Conditions

- Number, result, or memory sum *x*, where |*x*| > 9.999999999 x 10⁹⁹.
- More than 4 pending operations (2 when STAT is displayed) or more than 15 open parentheses per pending operation.
- For x!: x not an integer between 0 and 69.
- For y^x: y and x = 0 or y < 0 and x not an integer.
- For $x\sqrt{y}$: x = 0 or y < 0 and x not an odd integer.
- Dividing by 0.
- For √x: x < 0.
- For LOG or LN: $x \le 0$.
- For TAN: x=90°, -90°, 270°, -270°, 450°, etc.
- For SIN⁻¹ or COS⁻¹: |x| > 1.
- For TANH⁻¹: $|x| \ge 1$.
- For R-P: x or y has exponent > 63.
- For nCr or nPr: n or r are not integers ≥ 0 .
- More than 9999 statistical data points.
- Statistical data point x, where $|x| \ge 1E64$.
- $2nd [\Sigma-]$ to remove the only data point.
- Calculating x̄, σxn, or σxn-1 with no data points or σxn-1 with one data point.
- [2nd] [CSR] with no data points.

In Case of Difficulty

Review instructions to be certain calculations were performed properly.

TI-30Xa (battery)

If the display is blank, check for improperly installed batteries. Press $\boxed{\text{ON/C}}$ and try again.

TI-30Xa Solar

If the display is blank, expose the solar panel to adequate light. Press ON/AC and try again.

Battery Replacement (TI-30Xa)

- 1. Remove slide cover. Place calculator face down.
- 2. Using a small Phillips screwdriver, remove screws from back case.
- 3. Remove back case.
- 4. Remove discharged batteries.

Caution: Avoid contact with other calculator components while changing batteries.

- 5. Install new batteries positive side up, as shown on diagram inside case.
- 6. Replace back case, and then replace screws.
- 7. Press OFF ON/C ON/C.

Caution: Dispose of old batteries properly. Do not incinerate batteries or leave where a child can find them.

Your calculator cannot hold data in memory when batteries are removed or become discharged.

TI Product, Service, and Warranty Information

TI Product and Services Information

For more information about TI products and services, contact TI by e-mail or visit the TI calculator home page on the world-wide web.

e-mail address: ti-cares@ti.com

internet address: http://www.ti.com/calc

Service and Warranty Information

For information about the length and terms of the warranty or about product service, refer to the warranty statement enclosed with this product or contact your local Texas Instruments retailer/distributor.