

Instructions. Show all work, with clear logical steps. No work or hard-to-follow work will lose points.

Problem 1. (5 points) Find a general solution to the given differential equation.

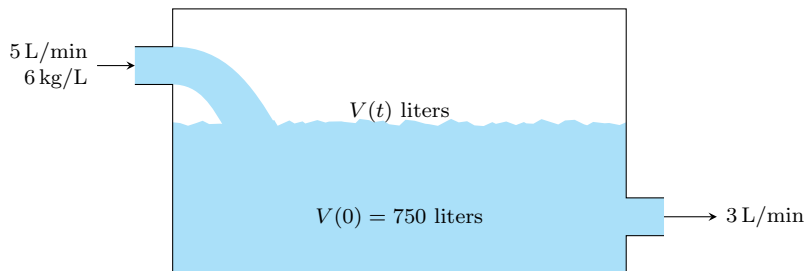
$$9x^2y' = y' + 9xe^{-y}$$

Solution.

$$\begin{aligned} 9x^2y' &= y' + 9xe^{-y} \\ 9x^2y' - y' &= 9xe^{-y} \\ (9x^2 - 1)y' &= 9xe^{-y} \\ y' &= 9xe^{-y} & y' &= \frac{dy}{dx} \\ e^y dy &= \frac{9x}{9x^2 - 1} dx \\ \int e^y dy &= \int \frac{9x}{9x^2 - 1} dx \\ & & u &= 9x^2 - 1 \\ & & du &= 18x dx \\ & & \frac{1}{2} du &= 9x dx \\ e^y &= \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{du}{u} \\ e^y &= \frac{1}{2} \ln |u| + C \\ e^y &= \frac{1}{2} \ln |9x^2 - 1| + C \\ y &= \ln \left(\frac{1}{2} \ln |9x^2 - 1| + C \right) \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2. (5 points) A 1000-liter tank initially contains 750 liters of brine containing 50 kilograms of dissolved salt. Brine containing 6 kilograms of salt per liter flows into the tank at the rate of 5 liters per minute, and the well-stirred mixture flows out of the tank at a rate of 3 liters per minute. **Draw a picture that illustrates this scenario and set up a differential equation for the amount of salt in the tank at time t .**

Solution. The picture below represents the situation we're after.



To determine the differential equation, we let $A(t)$ represent the amount of salt in the tank at time t . Then

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{dA}{dt} &= (\text{Rate in}) - (\text{Rate out}) \\ &= \frac{5 \text{ L}}{\text{min}} \cdot \frac{6 \text{ kg}}{\text{L}} - \frac{3 \text{ L}}{\text{min}} \cdot \frac{A(t) \text{ kg}}{V(t) \text{ L}} \\ &= \left(30 - \frac{3A(t)}{V(t)}\right) \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{min}}.\end{aligned}$$

So we just need to figure out $V(t)$. But $dV/dt = 5 - 3 = 2$. So $V(t) = 2t + V(0) = 2t + 750$. So the differential equation is

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = 30 - \frac{3A}{2t + 750}. \quad \square$$