MA 16010 LESSONS 24+25+26: OPTIMIZATION

Optimization Problems: Often this includes finding the maximum or minimum value of some function.

- e.g. The minimum time to make a certain journey,
- e.g. The minimum cost for constructing some object,
- e.g. The maximum profit to gain for a business, and so on.

How do we solve an optimization problem?

- Determine a function (**known as objective function**) that we need to maximize or minimize.
- Determine if there are some constraints on the variables. (The equations that describe the constraints are called **the constraint equations**.)
 - o If there are constraint equations, rewrite the **objective function** as a function of only one variable.
- Then we can solve for absolute maximum or minimum like we did before. o Using either the First Derivative Test or Second Derivative Test.

Recipe for Solving an Optimization Problem

- Step 1: Identify what quantity you are trying to optimize.
- **Step 2:** Draw a picture (if applicable), corresponding to the problem, and label it with your variables.
- Step 3: Express the variable to be optimized as a function of the variables you used in Step 2.
- **Step 4:** Find relations among the variables from Step 2 and express the variable to be optimized a function of just one of the variables from Step 2.
- **Step 5:** Identify the domain for the function you found in Step 4.
- Step 6: Find the absolute extrema of the variable to be optimized on this domain.
- Step 7: Reread the question and be sure you have answered exactly what was asked.

Let x and y be such #s.

Example 1: Of all the numbers whose sum is 50, find the two that have the maximum product.

Step 1: Identify what quantity you are trying to optimize. ______

Step 2: Draw a picture (if applicable), corresponding to the problem, and label it with your variables.

None

Step 3: Express the variable to be optimized as a function of the variables you used in Step 2.

p=xy

Step 4: Find relations among the variables from Step 2 and express the variable to be optimized a function of just one of the variables from Step 2.

X + Y = 50

Step 5: Identify the domain for the function you found in Step 4.

All numbers \rightarrow (- ∞ , ∞) Domain X & y: (- 20,00)

Step 6: Find the absolute extrema of the variable to be optimized on this domain.

Solve (1) for y. Find P and set = 0. Check x=25 gives ubs y=50-x P'=50-2x=0 max. By 2^h Derivative Flug y into (3) 50=2x Test, x=25 P''=-2 $P = \times (50 - x)$ P"(25)=-2 (0 $= 50 \times - \times^2$ =) abs max

Step 7: Reread the question and be sure you have answered exactly what was asked.

x=25 => y=50-x

Example 2: A carpenter is building a rectangular room with a fixed perimeter of 54 feet. What are the dimensions of the largest room that can be built? What is its area?

Step 1: Identify what quantity you are trying to optimize.

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Step 3: Express the variable to be optimized as a function of the variables you used in Step 2.

Step 4: Find relations among the variables from Step 2 and express the variable to be optimized a function of just one of the variables from Step 2.

A=×y

$$54 = P = 2x + 2y \iff 27 = x + y$$

Step 5: Identify the domain for the function you found in Step 4.

no length $\Rightarrow X=0, Y=0$] Domain: no width $\Rightarrow X=27, Y=27$ } X & Y (0,27)

Step 6: Find the absolute extrema of the variable to be optimized on this domain.

Solve (1) for y	Find A' and set = 0.	Check x=27/2 gives ubs
$y = 27 - \times$	A'=27-2x=0	max. By 2nd Derivative
Plug y into 3	27 72X	Test,
	X= 27	A "=-2
$A = \times (27 - x)$		A"(쫠)=-२<०
= 27 × - × *		=) abs max

Step 7: Reread the question and be sure you have answered exactly what was asked $X = \frac{27}{2} \Rightarrow y = 27 - X$ $y = \frac{27}{2} \Rightarrow 4rea = \frac{27}{2} \times \frac{27}{2} = \frac{749}{4} = 4$ **Example 3:** An open-top box with a square base is to have a volume of 8 cubic feet. Find the dimensions of the box that can be made with the least amount of material.

Step 1: Identify what quantity you are trying to optimize. Surface Area, A

Step 2: Draw a picture (if applicable), corresponding to the problem, and label it with your variables.

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Step 4: Find relations among the variables from Step 2 and express the variable to be optimized a function of just one of the variables from Step 2.

 $\mathcal{G} = V = x^2 y$

 $A = x^2 + 4xy$

Step 5: Identify the domain for the function you found in Step 4.

ho length $\Rightarrow x = 0, y = 0$ ho width $\Rightarrow 3 = 0^{2} \cdot y$ $8 = 0 \Rightarrow \infty 1y \text{ big}$ Domain: (0, ∞) $x \neq y$

Step 6: Find the absolute extrema of the variable to be optimized on this domain.

Solve (1) for y	Find A' and set = 0.	Check x= 316 gives ubs
$y = \frac{x}{x^2}$	$A' = 2x - 32x^{-2} = 0$	min. By 2nd Derivative
~	$2 \times - \frac{32}{x^2} = 0$	
Plug y into 3 A = x ² +4x($\frac{8}{x^{2}}$)		$A = 2 - 32(-2) \times^{-3}$
	$\frac{\partial x}{\partial x} = \frac{32}{x^2}$	$= 2 + \frac{64}{x^3}$
$= \chi^2 + \frac{32}{x}$	$2x^3 = 32$	
$= x^{a} + 32 x^{-1}$	$x^{3} = 16$	$A''(3\pi) = 2 + \frac{64}{16} > 0$
	x=316	=>abs min
Stop 7. Dorod the	quarties and he sure you have another	

Step 7: Reread the question and be sure you have answered exactly what was asked. $315 \implies y = 8 = 8$ **Example 4:** From a thin piece of cardboard 20 in by 20 in, square corners are cut out so that the sides can be folded up to make a box. What dimensions will yield a box of maximum volume? What is the maximum volume?

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Example 5: A company's marketing department has determined that if their product is sold at the price of *p* dollars per unit, they can sell q = 2400 - 200p units. Each unit costs \$5 to make.

1. What price, p, should the company charge to maximize their revenue?

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Step 7: Reread the question and be sure you have answered exactly what was asked.

Example 5: A company's marketing department has determined that if their product is sold at the price of *p* dollars per unit, they can sell q = 2400 - 200p units. Each unit costs \$5 to make.

2. What price, p, should the company charge to maximize their profit?

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Example 6: A Norman window is constructed by adjoining a semicircle to the top of an ordinary rectangular window. Find the dimensions of a Norman window of maximum area if the total perimeter is 10 feet.

Example 7: A rectangular box is to have a square base and a volume of 800 ft^3 . If the material for the base costs \$2 per square foot, the material for the sides costs \$4 per square foot, and the material for the top costs \$1 per square foot, determine the minimum cost for constructing such a box.

Example 8: Find the point on the graph of f(x) = 2x + 4 that is the closest to the point (1,3).