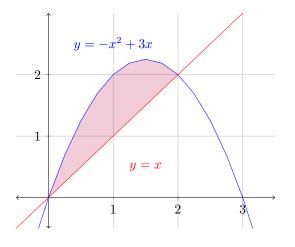
Please show **all** your work! Answers without supporting work will not be given credit. Write answers in spaces provided.

Name:_

1. [5 pts] Let R be the region shown below. Set up the integral that computes the **VOLUME** as R is rotated around the x-axis.

DON'T COMPUTE IT!!!



Solution: Using the graph, we can see both lines intersect at x = 0, 2 which will be our bounds. [1 pt].

We can also this is a WASHER PROBLEM. So the top function is $y = -x^2 + 3x$ and the bottom function is y = x. [2 pts].

Hence if we put it all together

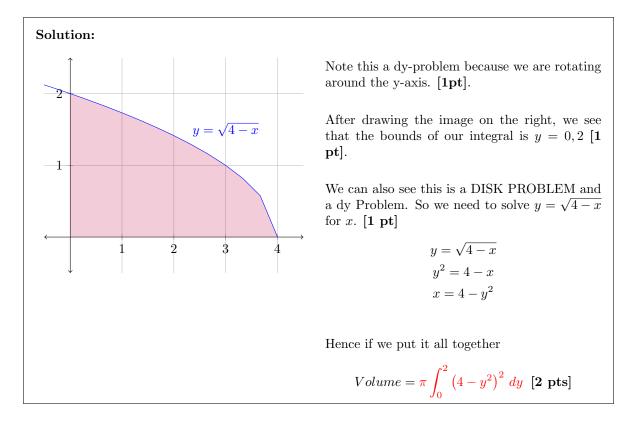
Volume =
$$\pi \int_0^2 (-x^2 + 3x)^2 - (x)^2 dx$$
 [2 pts]

2. [5 pts] Set up the integral that computes the VOLUME of the region bounded by

$$y = \sqrt{4-x}, \quad y = 0, \quad x = 0$$

around the y-axis.

DON'T COMPUTE IT!!!

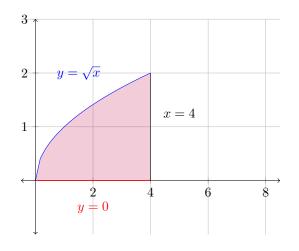


Please show **all** your work! Answers without supporting work will not be given credit. Write answers in spaces provided.

Name:_

1. [5 pts] Let R be the region shown below. Set up the integral that computes the **VOLUME** as R is rotated around the x = 4.

DON'T COMPUTE IT!!!



Solution: If we reflect the region given in the graph across the line x = 4, we can see that this problem is a DISK PROBLEM. So, we need to solve $y = \sqrt{x}$ for x. [1 pt]

$$y = \sqrt{x} \iff y^2 = x$$

Since we are rotating around x = 4, our integral will be a dy-problem. [1 pt]

Using the graph, we can see our bounds will be 0 to 2. [1 pt].

Hence if we put it all together

Volume =
$$\pi \int_0^2 \left(y^2 - 4\right)^2 dy$$
 [2 pts]

2. **[5 pts]** Using the **SHELL METHOD**, set up the integral that computes the **VOLUME** of the region bounded by

$$x = y^2 - 2y - 8$$
, and $x = 0$

around the x-axis.

DON'T COMPUTE IT!!!

Solution: By the Shell Method, this a dy-problem because we are rotating around the x-axis. **[1pt]**

Next let's find the bounds of the integral by setting the equations equal. [2 pts]

$$0 = x = y^{2} - 2y - 8$$

$$0 = (y + 2)(y - 4)$$

$$y = -2, 4$$

Hence if we put it all together

$$Volume = \int_{-2}^{4} 2\pi y \left(y^2 - 2y - 8\right) \, dy \, \left[\mathbf{2 \, pts}
ight]$$