Please show **all** your work! Answers without supporting work will not be given credit. Write answers in spaces provided.

Name:\_

1. Determine if the following integral is proper or improper.

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \frac{\sin x}{1 - \cos x} \, dx$$

- (A) It is improper because of a discontinuity at  $x = \pi/6$
- (B) It is improper because of a discontinuity at  $x = \pi/4$
- (C) It is improper because of a discontinuity at  $x = \pi/3$
- (D) It is improper because of a discontinuity at x = 0
- (E) It is improper because of a discontinuity at  $x = \pi/2$
- (F) It is proper since it is defined on the interval  $[0, \pi/2]$ .
- 2. Determine if the following integral is proper or improper.

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \tan(x) \, dx$$

- (A) It is improper because of a discontinuity at  $x = \pi/6$
- (B) It is improper because of a discontinuity at  $x = \pi/4$
- (C) It is improper because of a discontinuity at  $x = \pi/3$
- (D) It is improper because of a discontinuity at x = 0
- (E) It is improper because of a discontinuity at  $x = \pi/2$
- (F) It is proper since it is defined on the interval  $[0, \pi/2]$ .
- 3. Evaluate the following integral;

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-3x} dx$$

$$\int_{-3x}^{\infty} e^{-3x} dx =$$

4. Evaluate the following integral;

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{5}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

 $\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{3}{x^2} dx$ 



5. Evaluate the following integral;



6. Evaluate the following integral;

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{10}{x} dx$$

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{10}{x} dx = -$$

- 7. Set up the integral that computes the **AREA** 7  $y = -x^2 + 6$ shown to the right with respect to x. 6 DON'T COMPUTE IT!!! 54 3  $\mathbf{2}$ 1  $y = x^2 + 2x + 2$  $^{-1}$  $\frac{1}{2}$ -21 3 Area =8. Set up the integral that computes the **AREA** shown to the right with respect to y. 8 DON'T COMPUTE IT!!! 6 y = -2x + 84 6 y = $\overline{x}$ 2  $\dot{2}$  $\mathbf{3}$ 1 4 Area = \_
- 9. Set up the integral that computes the **AREA** with respect to x of the region bounded by

$$y = \frac{2}{x}$$
 and  $y = -x + 3$ 

10. Calculate the  ${\bf AREA}$  of the region bounded by the following curves.

 $x = 100 - y^2$  and  $x = 2y^2 - 8$ 

Area = \_\_\_\_\_

11. Calculate the  ${\bf AREA}$  of the region bounded by the following curves.

 $y = x^3$  and  $y = x^2$ 

Area = \_\_\_\_

12. After t hours studying, one student is working  $Q_1(t) = 25 + 9t - t^2$  problems per hour, and a second student is working on  $Q_2(t) = 5 - t + t^2$  problems per hour. How many more problems will the first student have done than the second student after 10 hours?

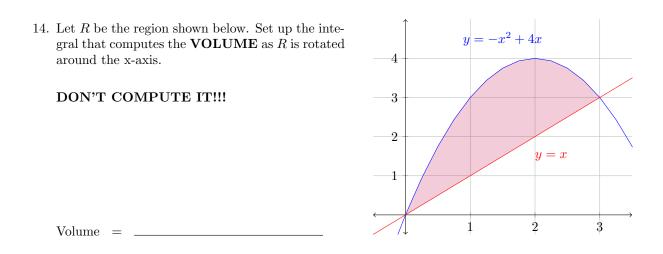
Answer:\_\_\_

13. Set up the integral that computes the **VOLUME** of the region bounded by

y = x + 8, and  $y = (x - 4)^2$ 

about the x-axis

Volume = \_



15. Set up the integral that computes the **VOLUME** of the region bounded by

$$y = \sqrt{16 - x}, y = 0$$
 and  $x = 0$ 

about the y-axis

Volume = \_\_\_\_

16. Find the **VOLUME** of the region bounded by

$$y = 7x$$
,  $y = 0$   $x = 1$  and  $x = 3$ 

around the x-axis

Volume = \_\_\_\_\_

17. Set up the integral that computes the **VOLUME** of the region bounded by

 $y = x^2$ , and  $y = \sqrt{x}$ 

about the y-axis

Volume = \_\_\_\_\_

18. Find the **VOLUME** of the region bounded by

$$y = x - x^2$$
, and  $y = 0$ 

around the x-axis

Volume = \_\_\_\_\_

19. Find the **VOLUME** of the region bounded by

 $y = 10x, \quad x = 0, \quad y = 10$ 

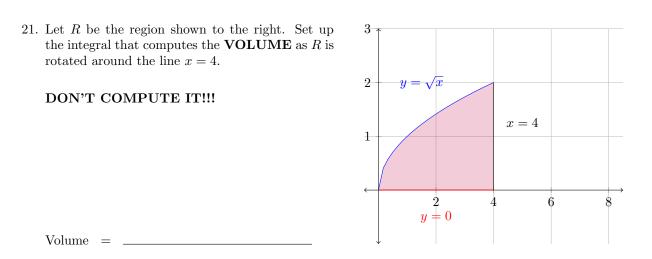
around the y-axis

Volume = \_\_\_\_\_

20. Find the **VOLUME** of the region bounded by

$$x + 3y = 9, \quad x = 0, \quad y = 0$$

around the y-axis



## Volume = \_\_\_\_

22. Set up the integral needed to find the volume of the solid obtained when the region bounded by

$$y = 2 - x^2$$
 and  $y = x^2$ 

is rotated about the line y = 3.

Volume = \_\_\_\_\_

23. Find the **VOLUME** of the region bounded by

$$y = 3x^2, \quad x = 0, \quad y = 27$$

around the line y = 27

24. Find the general solution to the differential equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3x^2}{y}$$

25. Find the general solution to the differential equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 5y$$

*y* = \_\_\_\_\_

y = -

26. Find the general solution to the differential equation:

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-x}{y}$$

27. Let y denote the mass of a radioactive substance at time t. Suppose this substance obeys the equation

y' = -18y

y = -

Assume that initially, the mass of the substance is y(0) = 20 grams. At what time t in hours does half the original mass remain? Round your answer to 3 decimal places.

t =