**Proposition 23:** Given an angle and a point on a given line, we can create an angle, equal to the given angle, with vertex at the given point, and one side along the given line.

**Proof:** Let  $\angle$ A be given,  $\mathcal U$  the given line and B the given point. Let C be the vertex of  $\angle$ A, and pick points D,E on the two rays which are trhe sides of  $\angle$ A. Draw DE, by Postulate 1. By Proposition 22, construct a triangle BFG, with B as one vertex, with BF=CD, BG=CE, and FG=DE, and one side on  $\mathcal U$ , say BF. Then, by Proposition 8,  $\triangle$ BGF $\cong$  $\triangle$ CED, so  $\angle$ A= $\angle$ DCE= $\angle$ FBG. Thus, we have constructed an angle with vertex B, along line  $\mathcal U$ , which is equal to  $\angle$ A. **QEF** 

