

**STAT 479**  
**Spring 2022**  
**Quiz 1**  
 January 25, 2022

1. You are given  $F(x) = \frac{x^2}{100}$  for  $0 < x < 10$ .

Calculate  $e(5)$ . This is  $E[(X - 5 | X > 5)]$ .

**Solution:**

$$F(x) = \frac{x^2}{100} \implies f(x) = F'(x) = \frac{2x}{100} = \frac{x}{50}$$

$$e(5) = \frac{\int_5^{10} (x-5)f(x)dx}{1-F(5)} = \frac{\int_5^{10} (x-5)\left(\frac{x}{50}\right)dx}{1-\frac{5^2}{100}} = \frac{\left[\frac{x^3}{150} - \frac{5x^2}{100}\right]_5^{10}}{0.75} = \frac{\frac{10^3}{150} - \frac{5(10)^2}{100} - \left\{\frac{5^3}{150} - \frac{5(5)^2}{100}\right\}}{0.75} = 2.778$$

Or

$$e(5) = \frac{E[X] - E[X \wedge 5]}{1 - F(5)} = \frac{6.66666667 - 4.58333333}{0.75} = 2.778$$

$$E[X] = \int_0^{10} (x)f(x)dx = \int_0^{10} (x)\left(\frac{x}{50}\right)dx = \left[\frac{x^3}{150}\right]_0^{10} = 6.66666667$$

$$E[X \wedge 5] = \int_0^5 (x)f(x)dx + \int_5^{10} (5)f(x)dx = \int_0^5 (x)f(x)dx + (5)(1 - F(5))$$

$$= \int_0^5 (x)\left(\frac{x}{50}\right)dx + (5)(0.75) = \left[\frac{x^3}{150}\right]_0^5 + 3.75 = 4.58333333$$



2. Losses represented by the random variable of  $X$  are uniformly distributed from 0 to the maximum loss. You are given that  $Var[X] = 62,208$ .

Calculate  $TVaR_{0.75}(X)$ .

**Solution:**

$$Var[X] = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12} = 62,208 \implies (b-0)^2 = (12)(62,208) \implies b = 864$$

$$TVaR_{0.75} = \frac{b+a+0.75(b-a)}{2} = \frac{864+0+0.75(864)}{2} = 756$$