

Lecture 14: Related rates

e.g. ① Suppose x and y are functions of t
 $7x^9y = 14$; $\frac{dx}{dt} = 2$. Find $\frac{dy}{dt}$ at $x=1$.

$$x = g(t) \quad y = h(t)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [7x^9y] = \frac{d}{dt} [14]$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [7x^9] \cdot y + 7x^9 \frac{d}{dt} [y] = 0$$

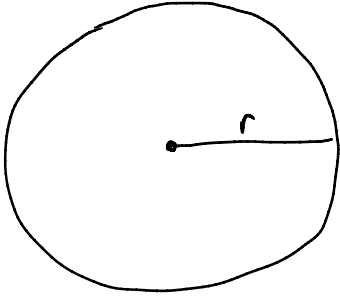
$$63x^8 \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} \cdot y + 7x^9 \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{-63x^8 \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} \cdot y}{7x^9}$$

$$7x^9y = 14 \quad @ \quad x=1 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} 7(1)^9y = 14 \\ y = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\left. \frac{dy}{dt} \right|_{x=1} = \frac{-63(1)^8 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}{7(1)^9} = -36 \quad \checkmark$$

② A circle with radius, r , which is increasing at a rate of 9 cm/min. Find the R.o.C. of the circumference of the circle w.r.t time t in min when $r = 5$ cm.



$$\frac{dr}{dt} = +9$$

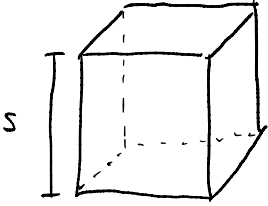
$$\left. \frac{dc}{dt} \right|_{r=5} = ?$$

$$C = 2\pi r \leftarrow \text{circumference}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dc}{dt} &= \frac{d}{dt} [2\pi r] \\ &= 2\pi \frac{d}{dt} [r] \\ &= 2\pi \frac{dr}{dt} \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \frac{dc}{dt} \right|_{r=5} = 2\pi (9) = 18\pi \text{ cm/min}$$

③ Suppose all the edges of a cube are shrinking at a rate of 35 cm/sec.
How fast is surface area of the cube decreasing
wrt. to time t in sec when the edge
length is 11 cm?



A : surface area $A = 6s^2$
 s : length of an edge

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = -35$$

$$\left. \frac{dA}{dt} \right|_{s=11} = ?$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} [6s^2] = 12s \cdot \frac{ds}{dt}$$

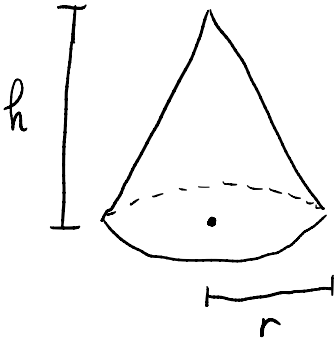
$$\left. \frac{dA}{dt} \right|_{s=11} = 12(11) \cdot (-35) = -4620 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$$

Surface area is decreasing at $4620 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$ when $s = 11$.

④ Sand is being poured into a conical pile at a rate of $11 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$

• length of the diameter of base = altitude

How fast is alt. changing wrt. time when pile is 3 cm high.



$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h \quad \text{volume}$$

$$2r = h$$
$$r = h/2$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} \Big|_{h=3} = ??$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = +11$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{h}{2}\right)^2 h$$

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and $7x^9y = 14$, $\frac{dx}{dt} = 2$. Find $\frac{dy}{dt}$ at $x=1$.

$$x = g(t) \quad y = h(t)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [7x^9 \cdot y] = \frac{d}{dt} [14]$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [7x^9] \cdot y + 7x^9 \frac{d}{dt} [y] = 0$$

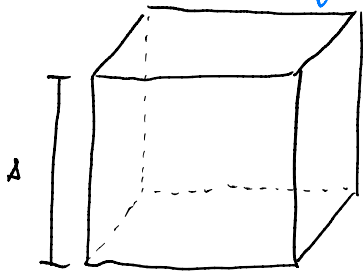
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$$7x^9y = 14 \quad @ \quad x=1 \Rightarrow \quad \begin{array}{l} 7(1)^9 y = 14 \\ y = 2 \end{array}$$

$$\left. \frac{dy}{dt} \right|_{x=1} = \frac{-63(1)^8 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}{7(1)^9} = -36 \quad \checkmark$$

② Suppose all the edges of a cube are shrinking at a rate of 35 cm/sec. How fast is the surface area of the cube decreasing when the edge length is 11 cm?



$$A = 6s^2 \quad \leftarrow \text{surface area}$$

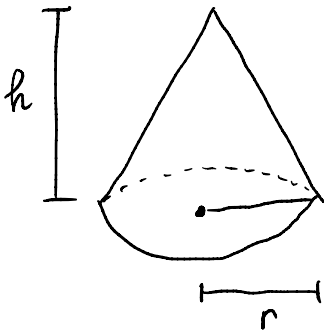
$$\frac{ds}{dt} = -35 \quad \frac{dA}{dt} \Big|_{s=11} = ??$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} [6s^2] = 12s \cdot \frac{ds}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dA}{dt} \Big|_{s=11} = 12(11)(-35) = -4620 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$$

The surface area is decreasing at a rate of $4620 \text{ cm}^2/\text{sec}$ when $s = 11$.

④ Sand is being poured into a conical pile at a rate of $11 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$. Length of the diameter of the pile is equal to the altitude of the pile. How fast is the altitude changing w.r.t. time t in seconds when the pile is 3 cm tall.



$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi r^2 h \leftarrow \text{volume}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = +11$$

$$2r = h$$

$$r = h/2$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} \Big|_{h=3} = ??$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} \pi \left(\frac{h}{2}\right)^2 \cdot h$$

$$V = \frac{\pi}{12} h^3$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{\pi}{12} h^3 \right] = \frac{3\pi}{12} h^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$11 = \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot h^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt}$$

Solve for $\frac{dh}{dt}$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{44}{\pi h^2}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} \Big|_{h=3} = \frac{44}{9\pi} \text{ cm/sec}$$