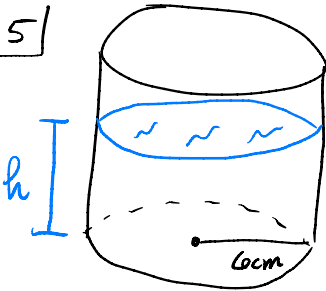


Lecture 15: Related rates

HW 14 #5



water is drained at $26 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$

$$V = \pi r^2 h \quad \begin{array}{l} r: \text{radius} \quad r = 6 \\ h: \text{height} \end{array}$$

R.o.C. of the water level?

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = -26 \quad \frac{dh}{dt} = ?$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} [\pi (6)^2 \cdot h]$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 36\pi \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$-26 = 36\pi \frac{dh}{dt}$$

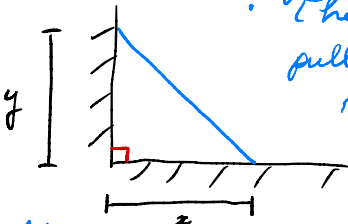
$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{-26}{36\pi} \text{ cm/sec}$$

The water level is decreasing at a rate of $\frac{26}{36\pi} \text{ cm/sec}$

e.g

①

- We have ladder of length $\sqrt{8}$ m
- The base of the ladder is being pulled away from the wall at a rate of $\frac{3}{10}$ m/s



How fast is the head of the ladder moving down when the base is 2 m from the wall.

$$x^2 + y^2 = (\sqrt{8})^2$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 8$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{3}{10}$$

$$\left. \frac{dy}{dt} \right|_{x=2} = ??$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [x^2 + y^2] = \frac{d}{dt} [8]$$

$$2(x) \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + 2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

Note if $x=2$, then

$$\begin{aligned} (2)^2 + y^2 &= 8 \\ y^2 &= 4 \\ y &= +2 \end{aligned}$$

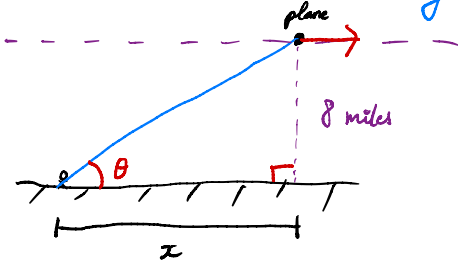
$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{3}{10} + 2 \cdot 2 \left. \frac{dy}{dt} \right|_{x=2} = 0$$

$$\left. \frac{dy}{dt} \right|_{x=2} = -\frac{3}{10} \text{ m/s}$$

the ladder is moving down at a rate of $\frac{3}{10}$ m/s.

② A plane is flying away from you at 350 mph at an altitude of 8 miles.

Find the rate at which the angle of elevation is decreasing when the angle is $\pi/6$.



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 350 \quad \frac{d\theta}{dt} \Big|_{\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}} = ?$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{8}{x}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [\tan \theta] = \frac{d}{dt} [8x^{-1}]$$

$$\sec^2(\theta) \cdot \frac{d\theta}{dt} = -8(x)^{-2} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{if } \theta = \pi/6, \text{ then } \tan(\pi/6) = \frac{8}{x} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{8}{x} \\ x = 8\sqrt{3} \end{array} \right.$$

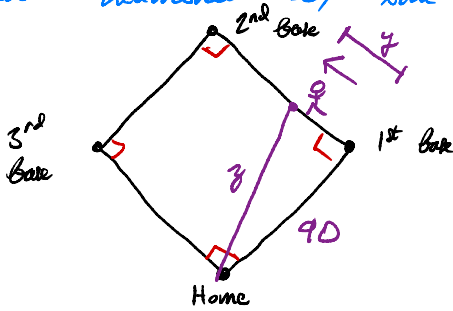
$$\sec^2\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \cdot \frac{d\theta}{dt} \Big|_{\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}} = -8(8\sqrt{3})^{-2} \cdot 350$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} \Big|_{\theta = \frac{\pi}{6}} = -\frac{175}{16} \text{ rad/hr}$$

θ is decreasing at a rate of $\frac{175}{16}$ rad/hr

③ • Baseball diamond w/ side length 90 ft

Square
→



player is running to 2nd Base at 12 ft/s

At what rate is the distance between the player and home increasing when the player is half way between 1st and 2nd.

$$90^2 + y^2 = z^2 \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 12 \quad \frac{dz}{dt} \Big|_{y=45} = ??$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [90^2 + y^2] = \frac{d}{dt} [z^2]$$

$$2y \frac{dy}{dt} = 2z \frac{dz}{dt}$$

$$5 \sqrt{405}$$

$$15 \sqrt{5}$$

$$\left[\text{if } y = 45, \quad 90^2 + 45^2 = z^2 \right.$$

$$z = \sqrt{10125}$$

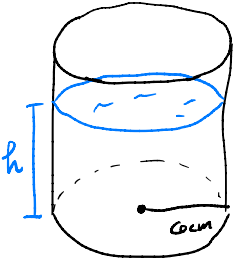
$$= 45\sqrt{5}$$

$$2 \cdot 45 \cdot 12 = 2 \cdot 45\sqrt{5} \frac{dz}{dt} \Big|_{y=45}$$

$$\frac{dz}{dt} \Big|_{y=45} = \frac{12}{\sqrt{5}} \text{ feet/sec.}$$

Lecture 15: Related rates

HW 14 # 5



Water is drained out at a rate of $26 \text{ cm}^3/\text{sec}$

How fast does the water level of the tank drop?

r : radius
 h : height

$$V = \pi r^2 h$$

$$V = 36\pi h$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = -26$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = ??$$

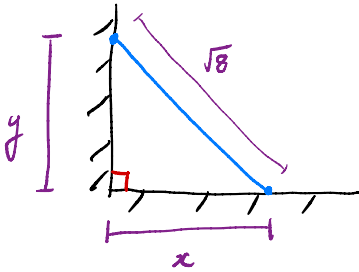
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 36\pi \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$-26 = 36\pi \cdot \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = -\frac{26}{36\pi} \text{ cm/sec}$$

The water level is decreasing at $\frac{26}{36\pi} \text{ cm/sec}$.

e.g. ①



We have a ladder of length $\sqrt{8}$ m. The base of the ladder is being pulled away from the wall at a rate of $\frac{3}{10}$ m/s. How fast is the head of the ladder moving down when the base is 2 m from the wall.

$$x^2 + y^2 = (\sqrt{8})^2 = 8 \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{3}{10} \quad \frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{x=2} = ??$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [x^2 + y^2] = \frac{d}{dt} [8]$$

$$2(x) \cdot \frac{dx}{dt} + 2(y) \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} = 0$$

$$x^2 = g(h(t))$$

$$g(u) = u^2$$

$$h(t) = x$$

$$x^2 = [h(t)]^2$$

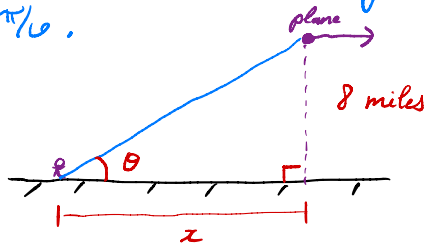
$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{if } x=2, \text{ then} \\ (2)^2 + y^2 = 8 \\ y^2 = 4 \\ y = +2 \end{array} \right.$$

$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{3}{10} + 2 \cdot 2 \cdot \frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{x=2} = 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} \Big|_{x=2} = -\frac{3}{10} \text{ m/s}$$

the head of the ladder is moving down at $\frac{3}{10}$ m/s

② A plane is flying away from you at 350 mph at an altitude of 8 miles. Find the rate at which the angle of elevation is decreasing when the angle is $\pi/6$.



$$\tan \theta = \frac{8}{x} \quad \frac{dx}{dt} = 350 \quad \frac{d\theta}{dt} \Big|_{\theta = \pi/6} = ??$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} [\tan \theta] = \frac{d}{dt} [8x^{-1}]$$

$$\sec^2 \theta \cdot \frac{d\theta}{dt} = -8(x)^{-2} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{if } \theta = \pi/6, \text{ then} \\ \tan(\pi/6) = \frac{8}{x} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{8}{x} \\ x = 8\sqrt{3} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\sec^2(\pi/6) \frac{d\theta}{dt} \Big|_{\theta = \pi/6} = -8(8\sqrt{3})^{-2} \cdot 350$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} \Big|_{\theta = \pi/6} = -\frac{175}{16}$$

θ decreases at $175/16$ rad/hr