

Homework 1

Due February 12th by the beginning of class.

Problem: Let $u: C_c^\infty((0, \infty)) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ be defined by

$$\langle u, \phi \rangle = \int_0^\infty e^{1/x} \phi(x) dx.$$

- (1) Prove that $u \in \mathcal{D}'((0, \infty))$
- (2) Prove that there is no $v \in \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R})$ whose restriction to $(0, \infty)$ is u .

Hint: The first part has a very short solution. For the second, show that the estimate [FrJo, (1.3.1)] in the definition of a distribution leads to a contradiction by considering a suitable family of test functions ϕ_ϵ , parametrized by $\epsilon \in (0, 1)$. One possible choice is $\phi_\epsilon(x) = \phi(x/\epsilon)$, for some $\phi \in C_c^\infty((0, \infty))$ nonnegative and not identically zero.

L^AT_EX

Solution:

REFERENCES

[FrJo] G. Friedlander and M. Joshi. The Theory of Distributions, second edition, Cambridge University Press, 1998.