Purdue university \cdot MA 16200 Calculus II

Quiz 12

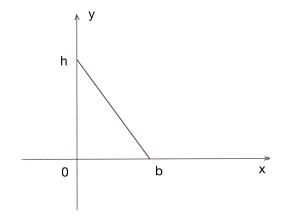
Please answer the following questions in complete sentences in a clearly prepared manuscript. (No credits for the answer without nessary explaination.)

Problem 0: Quiz checklist

Please write the section number, your name and special number on the **back**.

Problem 1: Moments and centers of Mass

Consider the triangular lamina with density $\rho = 1$ shown below.



Use calculus to find the following: (7 points)(a) The moment M_y of the lamina about the y-axis.

Hint: $M_y = \rho \int_a^b x f(x) dx$

solution:

Based on the figure, we know

$$f(x) = -\frac{h}{h}x + h.$$

Then, following the hint,

$$M_y = \rho \int_a^b x f(x) dx$$

=
$$\int_0^b x (-\frac{h}{b}x + h) dx = \int_0^b (-\frac{h}{b}x^2 + hx) dx$$

=
$$-\frac{h}{3b}b^3 + \frac{h}{2}b^2$$

=
$$\frac{hb^2}{6}$$

(7 points)(b) The moment M_x of the lamina about the $x-{\rm axis.}$ Hint: $M_x=\rho\int_a^b\frac{1}{2}[f(x)]^2dx$

$$M_x = \rho \int_a^b \frac{1}{2} [f(x)]^2 dx$$

= $\int_0^b \frac{1}{2} (-\frac{h}{b}x + h)^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^b (\frac{h}{b}x - h)^2 dx$
= $\frac{1}{2} \frac{h^2}{b^2} \int_0^b (x - b)^2 dx = \frac{1}{2} \frac{h^2}{b^2} \frac{1}{3} (x - b)^3 |_0^b$
= $\frac{1}{6} \frac{h^2}{b^2} (0 - (-b)^3)$
= $\frac{h^2 b}{6}$

(6 points)(c) The center of mass (\bar{x}, \bar{y}) of the lamina.

$$M = \rho A = 1 * \frac{1}{2}hb = \frac{1}{2}hb$$

We have $(\bar{x}, \bar{y}) = (\frac{M_y}{M}, \frac{M_x}{M}) = (\frac{b}{3}, \frac{h}{3})$